

TOWN OF APPLE VALLEY, CALIFORNIA ANNUAL COMPREHENSIVE FINANCIAL REPORT FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

Prepared by Finance Department

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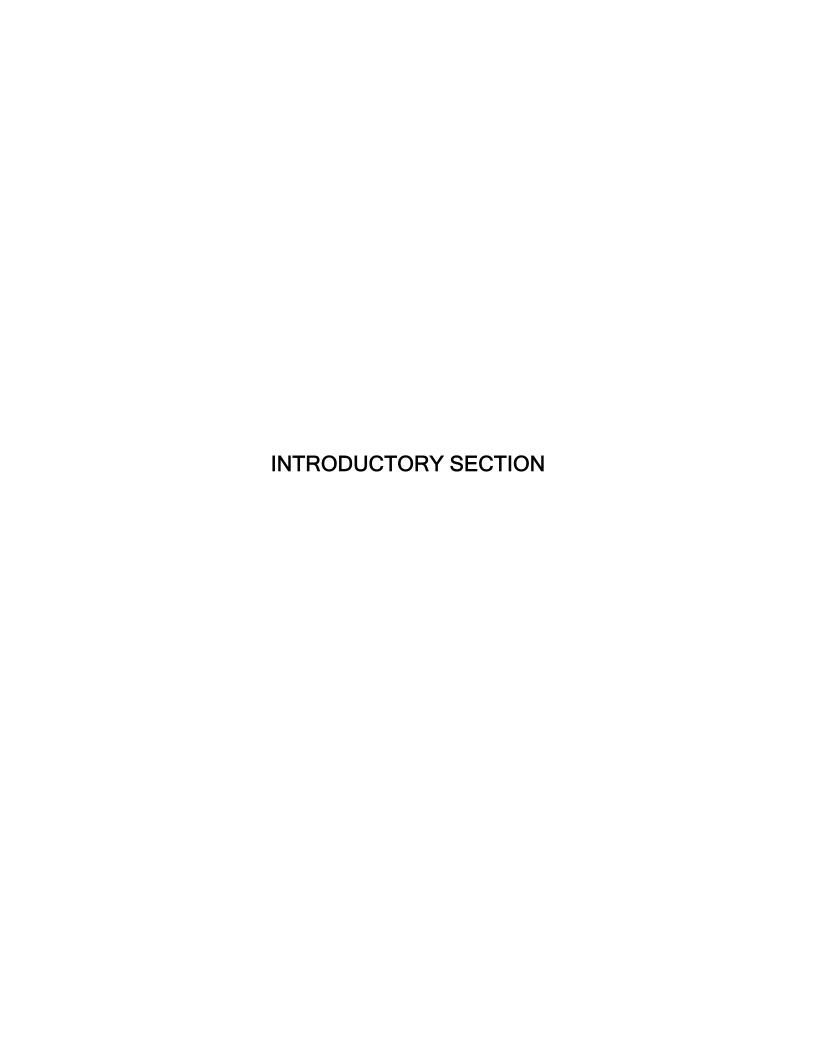
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May 25, 2022

A Better Way of Life

For the Citizens of the Town of Apple Valley,

Honorable Mayor and Town Council Town of Apple Valley

State law requires that all general-purpose local governments publish each fiscal year a complete set of financial statements presented in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP) and audited in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards by a firm of licensed certified public accountants. Pursuant to that requirement, we hereby issue the Annual Comprehensive Financial Report of the Town of Apple Valley for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2021.

This report consists of management's representations concerning the finances of the Town of Apple Valley. Consequently, management assumes full responsibility for the completeness and reliability of all of the information presented in this report.

Management of the Town of Apple Valley has established a comprehensive internal control framework that is designed to compile sufficient reliable information for the preparation of the Town's financial statements in conformity with GAAP. Because the cost of internal controls should not exceed anticipated benefits, the Town's comprehensive framework of internal controls has been designed to provide reasonable, rather than, absolute assurance that the financial statements will be free from material misstatement.

The Town of Apple Valley's financial statements have been audited by Harshwal & Company, LLP, a firm of licensed certified public accountants. The independent auditors concluded that the Town's financial statements for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2021, are fairly presented in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles. The independent auditor's report is presented as the first component of the financial section of this report.

GAAP requires that management provide a narrative introduction, overview, and analysis to accompany the basic financial statements in the form of Management's Discussion and Analysis (MD&A). This letter of transmittal is designed to complement the MD&A and should be read in conjunction with it. The Town of Apple Valley's MD&A can be found immediately following the report of the independent auditors.

PROFILE OF THE TOWN

The Reporting Entity

This report combines the financial statements of the Town of Apple Valley, the Apple Valley Public Financing Authority and the Apple Valley Community Resource Foundation to constitute a single reporting entity. This combined presentation better represents the financial activities of the Town of Apple Valley.

The Town directly provides a limited range of services and contracts for several other services. The Town's significant reliance on contracted services has the benefit of reducing expenses to the citizens of Apple Valley while simultaneously providing the Town with a high degree of flexibility in responding to changing economic conditions. Contracted services include police protection, building and safety, engineering, street maintenance, capital improvements, waste management, local transit, attorney services, and golf course management. Staff provided services include customer service and community relations, community development (which includes planning, economic development, housing and grant administration activities as well as overall department administration), public works oversight and inspection, animal control, financial management and administrative management. All of these activities are included in this report.

Fire protection is provided by a separate, independent service district which existed prior to Town incorporation. A majority of the Town is served by private water companies. Additionally, the Apple Valley Unified School District is a separate entity. Accordingly, none of these entities are included in this report.

History of the Town

The Town of Apple Valley is a General Law Council/Manager municipality located approximately 90 miles northeast of Los Angeles, approximately 40 miles north of San Bernardino and entirely within the County of San Bernardino. Apple Valley, along with three other cities, geographically makes up the Victor Valley. The Town boundary encompasses approximately 78 square miles making it one of the largest incorporated California jurisdictions. The Town incorporated in November 1988, following local voter approval.

The Town's modern history begins in the 1940's when the Apple Valley Building and Development Company (also known as Apple Valley Ranchos) began developing the area. The Company's founders, Newton Bass and Bud Westlund, planned and developed the area and sold property they had developed. They also made Apple Valley their home and continued to guide Apple Valley's growth for the rest of their lives.

Apple Valley incorporation was initiated locally due to a general dissatisfaction with uncontrolled growth. County development codes and land use control issues were perceived as being inadequate to maintain the Apple Valley image desired by locals.

Additional factors contributing to incorporation were inadequate law enforcement and poor road maintenance. A 1986-87 feasibility study concluded that incorporation would increase law enforcement protection, improve the roads and transportation needs and provide greater local control over the future growth of the area while maintaining the same level of services in other areas. Just prior to incorporation, typical response times for a crime in progress call was in excess of one hour. Currently, the average response time is 3-5 minutes. Similarly, far more annual road maintenance has been accomplished since incorporation than was done prior to incorporation. Of the approximately 411 miles of roads in Apple Valley an estimated 382 miles (93 percent) have been resurfaced in some form or another since incorporation.

Today, the view of Apple Valley is an upscale community with a rural atmosphere. Town leaders seek to avoid typical urban problems while keeping a quality community approach. A prevailing philosophy recognizes the basic need to be responsive to the community so the citizens know that their choice in forming the Town of Apple Valley was correct.

These views are reflected in the Town of Apple Valley Mission Statement:

Recognizing the decisions we make today will forever affect the lives of those who live here today and those who will follow us, the mission of the Town of Apple Valley is, in simple words, to maintain "A Better Way of Life."

The Annual Operating Budget

The Town of Apple Valley maintains budgetary controls. The objective of these budgetary controls is to ensure compliance with legal provisions embodied in the annual appropriated budget approved by the Town's governing body. Activities of the general fund, special revenue funds, enterprise funds, debt service fund and capital projects funds are included in the annual appropriated budget. The level of budgetary control (that is, the level at which expenditures cannot legally exceed the appropriated amount) is established at the individual fund level. Appropriations lapse at year end. However, appropriations generally are re-appropriated as part of the following fiscal year's operating budget.

ECONOMIC CONDITION AND OUTLOOK

From a historical perspective, growth in the area which became known as the Town of Apple Valley proceeded at a fairly slow, but steady pace. Early development consisted primarily of custom-built single family homes on one acre lots. In the latter half of the 1980s, however, the pace quickened as residents of the Inland Empire and Greater East Los Angeles area became aware of the moderate cost of housing, amenities and quality of life offered by the area. Tract development began to occur. Various types of businesses began to locate in the Town to serve the basic needs of the new residents. Apple Valley's population grew from approximately 16,000 in 1980 to 73,077 in 2017. The three major industries within Apple Valley became building and construction (primarily of single family homes), real estate and the medical industry.

With the downturn in the Southern California economy in the early 1990s, growth declined significantly. The recession hit just as Apple Valley's commercial development was getting underway. As a result, financing for commercial development became scarce and property values plummeted. Residential and commercial development, as measured by the number of construction permits issued, remained at a rate well below the pre-recession 1989-90 peaks. Although 1993-94 residential construction showed a decrease from the prior year, the number of construction starts in 1999-00 reflected an increase but remained far below the 1989-90 level.

Despite the recession and the downturn in development, Apple Valley's retail sales remained stable. Beginning in 2001-02, the Town experienced tremendous growth, both in residential and commercial/industrial development. Recently opened national and local commercial retail development further improved, and now drives Apple Valley's retail sales revenues.

Apple Valley did experience a marketing challenge in the area of commercial development. The consumer market trends in the late 90s encouraged consumers to patronize larger discount chains rather than smaller retail outlets. Until recently, the larger discount chains chose to meet the greater Victor Valley market and generally located along major freeway access in neighboring cities. As a result, retail sales per capita in Apple Valley were well below those of a neighboring city with significant freeway access. This trend began to change in 2005. One factor that contributed to this change was due to Apple Valley's continued population growth and significantly increased demand created by a large consumer population ready to spend its dollars in Apple Valley. A commercial market study conducted at that time indicated that 75 percent of the lost sales revenue could be recaptured by the addition of specific commercial retailers. Another contributing growth factor in retail sales was the increasing traffic congestion along major routes to the freeway which encouraged Apple Valley consumers to look within Apple Valley for their needs.

In October 2006 the Town Council approved the North Apple Valley Industrial Specific Plan (NAVISP) to drive industrial development opportunities. The NAVISP market is exemplified by a 1.32 million square foot Walmart Distribution Center and a 140,000 square feet Fresenius Medical Care TruBlu Logistics Center. Major industrial developers, including Watson Land Company are actively marketing large acre parcels for development. This activity continues to be a major revenue source and has been instrumental in pioneering infrastructure development to north Apple Valley. In 2011, the Town Council earmarked \$1.6 million for future infrastructure development in this area, of which a portion was pledged as part of an attraction of a 1.3 million square foot. Big Lots distribution center that opened for business in the early fall of 2020.

The same attractions which brought people into Apple Valley in the 1980s - moderate housing costs, recreation amenities and rural character offered by the area - continue as a driving force in the Town's economic growth and maintenance of the quality of life offered to its residents.

Major Initiatives

Economic Development

Economic Development is one of the primary goals of the Town's Vision 2021 master plan. The Town Council has directed implementation of a highly customer service oriented approach to its economic development efforts. These efforts include a highly proactive approach towards redevelopment, economic development and various housing functions.

As retail development continues to expand into the Apple Valley market, the Town has implemented a targeted marketing and industrial business attraction program. These efforts will provide a strong foundation for business attraction and retention programs well into the future.

81 Retailers opened a store in Apple Valley within the last 12 months including but not limited to, 18 Tapps Tavern!, A.V. Smoke Shop, Anna's Pet Grooming, Apple Valley Auto Spa, Aromatherapy Relaxation, Beyond Apple Valley, CDS Professional Services, Daggett Motorsports, Dollar Deal Thrift, ecoATM, LLC, EMK Smog & Repair, Fashion Trendz, Heart Driven, Inc., High End Smokeshop, J's Tees, Larsen Liquidations, Limitless Consulting, Inc., Loui Smoke & Vape Shop, MG Arts Signs, Paradise Water, Premier Auto Sales, and Sprint Connect, LP.

With sustainable economic development as a top Council priority, and a bright vision of the Town's future, Apple Valley Choice Energy (AVCE) launched as a new electric utility service in April 2017. AVCE has been providing electrical service to Apple Valley residents for the past twenty months and currently serves more than 28,000 customers with a 90% participation rate.

Southern California Edison (SCE) continues to provide the Town's customers with electricity delivery, power line maintenance, and billing services; however, AVCE provides the electricity itself. AVCE offers competitive and affordable rates for a greener renewable energy.

Moving energy in-house provides the community with a twofold opportunity: the first - to orient electricity provision to meet the needs of residents and businesses; the second - to meet the Town's goal of increasing local energy efficiency. AVCE offers customers the ability to choose between two products with varying levels of renewable energy content. The Core Choice option (in which all customers are automatically enrolled) includes a 35% renewable energy content, while the More Choice option includes 50% renewable energy for a nominal flat rate cost of \$2 per month added to the residential customer billing.

AVCE serves as a long-term, sustainable revenue source which benefits not only AVCE customers, but the Apple Valley community as a whole. AVCE enables the Town to create an energy generation portfolio, giving Apple Valley the ability to determine the amount of renewable energy sources that will be used in its service area. This provides an opportunity to harness local sustainable resources, such as solar and wind power. As a result, the Town will not only meet the State of California's requirement of using 33% renewable energy by 2021, but will surpass this goal.

Additional benefits with AVCE are personalized customer service and enhanced Town relationships with residents and businesses. Apple Valley's Town Council sets the energy rates, enabling AVCE customers to have greater influence than previously. Customers with rate or other concerns can interact directly with the Town Council, as opposed to the California Public Utilities Commission.

Economic Development efforts continue to target other industries as well, including the automobile sector, general merchandise, hotel services, medical and professional office users, full-service restaurants and apparel retailers.

The Town's goals for the next 12 months include focusing on attracting logistics based industrial development, including solar energy, manufacturing and distribution facilities that can take advantage of the North Apple Valley Industrial Specific Plan's streamlined entitlement process, inexpensive land and operating costs, and strategic market location and accessibility. The NAVISP area, projected to site 30 million square feet and provide 38,000 jobs at build out, will be a major logistics and manufacturing hub and influence subsidiary services, including housing and commercial markets.

Capital Improvement Program

The Capital Improvement Program is an on-going proactive effort to stimulate incentives primarily in the commercial market but with secondary benefit for the residential market. The goal is to encourage retail and job-producing industries.

The Town recently funded major road improvements to the Apple Valley Road corridor, including widening, installation of landscaped medians, signal light installations, infrastructure extensions, and surface improvements. In anticipation of Apple Valley's northerly growth trend, Apple Valley Road, a major south/north arterial, was extended northward to connect Apple Valley's eastern perimeter to Interstate 15. This \$1.2 million road improvement project was funded by tax measure revenues. Recent improvements to this corridor include rehabilitation of Apple Valley Road from Bear Valley Road to Town Center.

With the \$43 million Yucca Loma Bridge project finally completed and open to the public, Apple Valley residents can now enjoy the connection of, Yates Road, Green Tree Boulevard Extension, and Yucca Loma Road Corridor to Victorville with the additional crossing over the Mojave River, and ultimately gain additional access to Interstate 15. The Town is ready to move forward and focus on another significant project that was getting underway during this time frame. The final engineering designs needed to reengineer and re-align the intersection of Apple Valley Road and Highway 18 is a joint project between the California Department of Transportation (Caltrans) and the Town to improve the functional efficiency of this very heavily traveled intersection, to relieve congestion, and improve safety.

The Town recently completed the update of the General Plan, to make recommendations to update land use patterns. With the General Plan update completed, the Town will initiate an update to the Sewer Master Plan to address specific changes subsequently adopted by the General Plan Update. The Sewer Master Plan provides the technical detail necessary to allow developers and civil design consultants to properly design and build sewer system improvements that will provide capacity, not only for their specific project, but capacities necessary for a regional development area at build-out based on the land use designations. This document allows staff to provide developers with sufficient information necessary to evaluate and prepare detailed cost projection and estimate for system improvements associated with their respective development needs.

Future Capital Improvement projects are being planned, or are under consideration. The projects are expected to fall within one of three time frames: 1-2 years, 2-5 years and 5+ years.

- 1-2 years: Improvements for the Bear Valley Road Bridge rehabilitation project will be constructed in phases. The Engineering Department has retained a consultant for structural engineering services to help analyze and rehab the existing bridge. The consultant will also perform engineering design work to prepare for the widening of the bridge to address the deficient deck conditions. The completed bridge will consist of six east/west travel lanes, a center median, shoulders and a class 1 bike path. The Engineering Department has successfully applied for federal funds under the Highway Bridge Program (HBP) which will fund a majority of the project costs.
- 2-5 years: A joint Highway 18 corridor study between the Town and Caltrans will evaluate redesign alternatives for the outer highways to improve access to businesses and reduce traffic safety conflicts. The intersection re-alignment and traffic signal improvements at Apple Valley Road and Highway 18 will be under construction during this time frame.
- 5+ years: The High Desert Corridor Interchange with Interstate 15 will commence construction during this time frame. This project in Apple Valley is part of a coordinated effort with 13 stakeholder agencies including the County of Los Angeles, County of San Bernardino, SCAG, SBCTA, LA Metro, Caltrans, and all affected municipalities within the Victor Valley, and the Antelope Valley, to construct infrastructure for the development of a new 63 mile long Multi-modal Transportation Corridor. The new High Desert Corridor extends from SR-18 in eastern Apple Valley, to SR-14 in Palmdale, and will provide direct access to the former George Air Force Base, now Southern California Logistics Airport. Environmental Studies and Preliminary Engineering is in progress to design the new Corridor, including a new freeway interchange which will create Apple Valley's first direct access to Interstate 15.

Quality of Life Issues

Several initiatives are focused on maintaining a high quality of life for Apple Valley residents.

A high priority has been placed on positively influencing the young citizens of the community and significant resources have been committed to this endeavor.

As in every other Southern California community, public safety is a major priority in Apple Valley, although the Town has not experienced the dramatic increase in violence experienced by many more urban Southland communities.

The contractual relationship by which the San Bernardino County Sheriff's Department provides law enforcement services for the Town of Apple Valley to maintain local control of its distinctive "Police Department". At the same time, the Town maintains the availability and depth of resources of the much larger Sheriff's Department, all the while sharing the cost of liability insurance with the County and twelve other "contract" cities in a financially advantageous arrangement.

For several years now, the Town has had two law enforcement programs, the POP (Problem Oriented Policing) Program and the TRU (Telephone Reporting Unit) program. The POP program releases two officers to work in conjunction with code enforcement officers of the Town. The officers focus their efforts towards crime prevention and code enforcement in target areas within the Town. The TRU program has recently been replaced by adding an additional Sheriff's Service Specialist who can respond to calls from citizens that are not in progress, thus freeing police officers to handle the priority calls along with proactive patrol. The Town can add two Specialist positions for about the same cost as one full time officer, leaving the officers available for crimes that are in progress.

AWARDS AND ACKNOWLEDGEMENTS

Awards

The Town's Annual Comprehensive Financial Report for the year ended, June 30, 2021, was awarded the Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting by the Government Finance Officers Association of the United States and Canada (GFOA). This was the fifteenth year that the Town has received this prestigious award. The Certificate of Achievement is the highest form of recognition for excellence in state and local government financial reporting. In order to be awarded a Certificate of Achievement, a government must publish an easily readable and efficiently organized Annual Comprehensive Financial Report. This report must satisfy both generally accepted accounting principles and applicable legal requirements. A Certificate of Achievement is valid for a period of one year only. We believe that our current Annual Comprehensive Financial Report for the year ended, June 30, 2021, continues to meet the Certificate of Achievement Program's requirements and we are submitting it to the GFOA to determine its eligibility for another certificate.

The Town also received the GFOA's Distinguished Budget Presentation Award for its 2020-21 annual budget document. This was the seventh year that the Town has received this award. The Town has previously received the Award for Distinguished Budget Presentation from the GFOA for six years. To qualify for the Distinguished Budget Presentation Award, the Town's budget had to be judged proficient as a policy document, a financial plan, an operating guide, and a communication device.

Acknowledgments

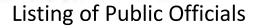
In closing, this report was made possible by the leadership and support of the governing body of the Town of Apple Valley.

The preparation of this report on a timely basis is a team effort, requiring the dedication and cooperation of the entire Finance Department staff and continued support of the Town Manager's Office and Town Council. The guidance and suggestions from the accounting firm of Harshwal & Company, LLP, were also invaluable in completion of this report.

Sincerely,

Sydnie Harris, MSA Director of Finance

Town of Apple Valley





Town Council



Larry Cusack
Council Member
District 1



Art Bishop

Mayor Pro-Tem
District 2



Mayor

Kari Leon



Curt Emick
Council Member
District TBD
11/2022

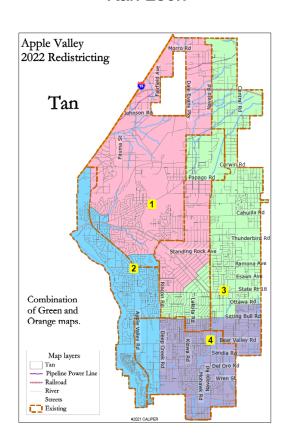


Scott Nassif
Council Member
District TBD
11/2022

Town Staff



Douglas B. Robertson Town Manager



LaVonda Pearson, CMC

Town Clerk/Director of Government Services

Capt. Jason Cunningham, San Bernardino County Sheriff

Sydnie Harris,
Director of Finance

Brad Miller, Town Engineer

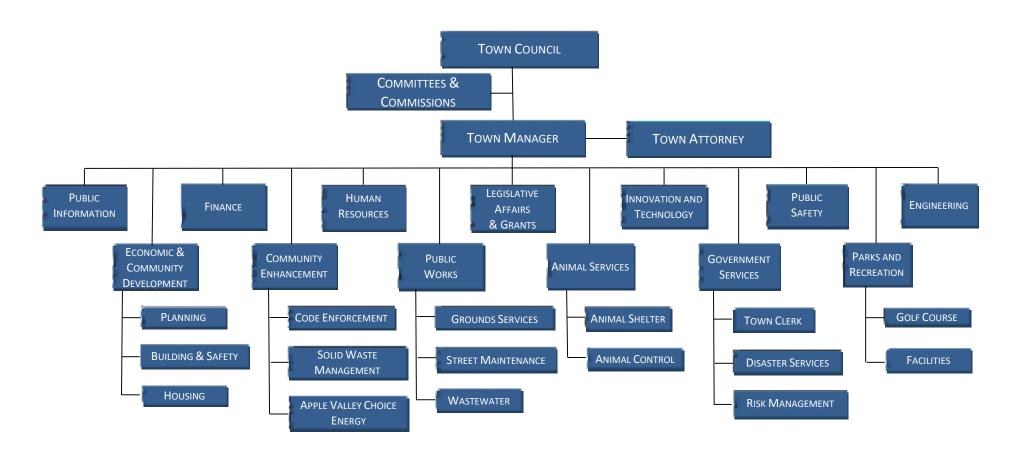
Gina Whiteside,
Director of Animal Services

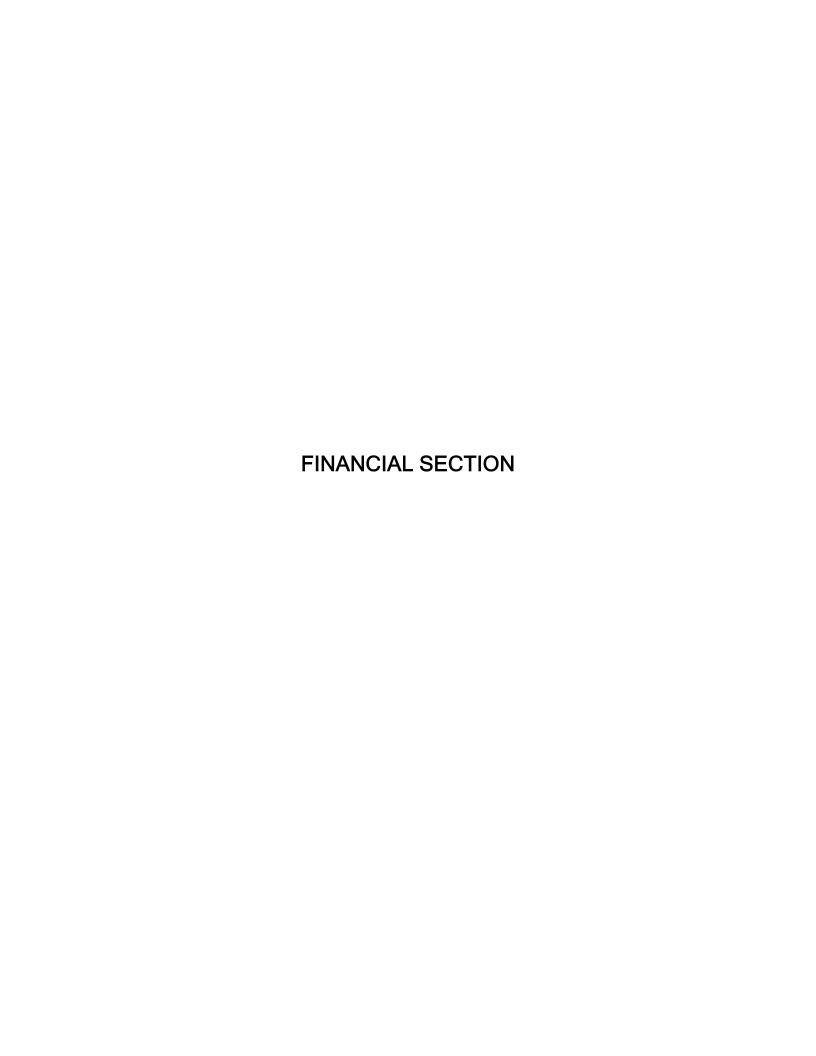
Orlando Acevedo, Assistant Town Manager

Town of Apple Valley

ORGANIZATIONAL CHART

Fiscal Year 2021/22







INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

The Honorable Town Council Town of Apple Valley Apple Valley, California

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Town of Apple Valley (the Town), as of and for the year ended June 30, 2021, and the related notes to the financial statements which collectively comprise the Town's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Opinions

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Town of Apple Valley, as of June 30, 2021, and the respective changes in financial position, and, where applicable, cash flows thereof for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Emphasis of Matter

Financial Condition

As discussed in Note 4-F, the Town of Apple Valley Golf Course Fund has a deficit net position of \$1,898,650. The deficit in the Apple Valley Golf Course Fund has resulted in cash advances from the General Fund of \$3,722,173. These issues raise uncertainties regarding future operations. Management's plans in regard to these matters are also described in Note 2, 3-B, and 4-F. The financial statements do not include any adjustments that might result from the outcome of these uncertainties.

Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis required supplementary information and budgetary comparison information as listed in the table of contents be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the management's discussion and analysis and required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Other Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming an opinion on the financial statements that collectively comprise the Town's basic financial statements. The introductory section, the schedules listed in the supplementary information section of the table of contents, and statistical section, are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements.

The schedules listed in the supplementary information section of the table of contents are the responsibility of management and were derived from and relate directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the schedules listed in the supplementary information section of the table of contents are fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

The introductory and statistical sections have not been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and, accordingly, we do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on them.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated May 25, 2022, on our consideration of the Town's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the Town's internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the Town's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Harshwal & Company LLP

Oakland, California May 25, 2022



As management of the Town of Apple Valley (the "Town"), we offer readers of the Town's financial statements this narrative overview and analysis of the financial activities of the Town for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2021. We encourage readers to consider the information presented here in conjunction with the additional information that we have furnished in our letter of transmittal, which can be found on pages 1 - 7 of this report.

FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

- The assets of the Town exceeded its liabilities at the close of the Fiscal Year 2020-21 by \$410,701,482 (net position). Of this amount, \$8,850,480 (unrestricted net position) may be used to meet the Town's ongoing obligations to citizens and creditors.
- The Town's total net position decreased by \$5,255,060 from the prior fiscal year total of \$415,956,542. This includes change in net position of \$171,259, and restatement of \$(5,426,319).
- As of FY 2020-21 year end, the Town's governmental funds reported combined ending fund balances of \$31,927,153, a decrease of \$2,465,667 in comparison with the prior fiscal year. The decrease includes a change in fund balance of \$2,960,652, and restatement of \$(5,426,319).
- At the end of fiscal year 2020-21, unassigned fund balance for the general fund was \$6,081,206, or 16.73 percent of total general fund expenditures.
- The Town of Apple Valley's total outstanding long-term liabilities for Government Activities and Business-type Activities increased by \$572,185 or 1.76 percent, during fiscal year 2021. The increase was mainly due to changes in the Town's Net Pension Liability.

OVERVIEW OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

This discussion and analysis is intended to serve as an introduction to the Town's basic financial statements. The Town's basic financial statements are comprised of three components: 1) government-wide financial statements, 2) fund financial statements, and 3) notes to the basic financial statements. This report also contains other required supplementary information in addition to the basic financial statements themselves.

Government-Wide Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements are designed to provide readers with a broad overview of the Town's finances, in a manner similar to a private-sector business.

The statement of net position presents information on all the Town's assets and liabilities, and deferred inflows/outflows of resources, with the difference between the two reported as net position. Over time, increases or decreases in net position may serve as a useful indicator of whether the financial position of the Town is improving or deteriorating.

The statement of activities presents information showing how the government's net position changed during the most recent fiscal year. All changes in net position are reported as soon as the underlying event giving rise to the change occurs, regardless of the timing of related cash flows.

OVERVIEW OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - CONT'D

Government-Wide Financial Statements - Cont'd

Thus, revenues and expenses are reported in this statement for some items that will only result in cash flows in future fiscal periods (e.g., uncollected taxes and earned but unused vacation leave). Both of these government-wide financial statements distinguish functions of the Town that are principally supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues (governmental activities) from other functions that are intended to recover all or a significant portion of their costs through user fees and charges (business-type activities). The governmental activities of the Town include general government, public safety, transportation, culture and recreation, and community development. The business-type activities of the Town include sewer services, solid waste management, leisure golf at the Apple Valley Golf Course, and Community Choice Aggregation (CCA) through Apple Valley Choice Energy (AVCE).

The Apple Valley Public Financing Authority is a legally separate authority for which the Town is financially accountable. It functions for all practical purposes as a department of the Town of Apple Valley, and therefore has been included in the governmental activities of the Town.

The government-wide financial statements can be found on pages 31 - 33 of this report.

Fund Financial Statements

A fund is a grouping of related accounts that is used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. The Town, like other state and local governments, uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements. All funds of the Town can be divided into three categories: governmental funds, proprietary funds, and fiduciary funds.

Governmental funds are used to account for essentially the same functions reported as governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. However, unlike the government-wide financial statements, governmental fund financial statements focus on near-term inflows and outflows of spendable resources, as well as on balances of spendable resources available at the end of the fiscal year. Such information may be useful in determining what financial resources are available in the near future to finance the Town's programs.

Because the focus of governmental funds is narrower than that of the government-wide financial statements, it is useful to compare the information presented for governmental funds with similar information presented for governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. By doing so, readers may better understand the long-term impact of the government's near-term financing decisions. Both the governmental fund balance sheet and the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures and changes in fund balances provide a reconciliation to facilitate this comparison between governmental funds and governmental activities.

The Town maintains 23 individual governmental funds. Information is presented separately in the governmental fund balance sheet and in the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances for the General fund, Transportation Development Act, Measure I fund, and Capital Projects fund, all of which are considered to be major funds. Data from the other Nineteen governmental funds are combined into a single, aggregated presentation. Individual fund data for each of these nonmajor governmental funds is provided in the form of combining statements elsewhere in this report.

OVERVIEW OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - CONT'D

Fund Financial Statements - Cont'd

The basic governmental fund financial statements can be found on pages 36 - 41 of this report.

Proprietary funds

The Town maintains one type of proprietary funds. Enterprise funds are used to report the same functions presented as business-type activities in the government-wide financial statements. The Town uses enterprise funds to account for its sewer services, waste management operations, leisure golf at the Apple Valley Golf Course, and CCA through AVCE.

Proprietary funds provide the same type of information as the government-wide financial statements, only in more detail. The proprietary fund financial statements provide separate information for the Sewer, Waste Management, Golf Course and AVCE funds. All the Proprietary funds are considered major funds of the Town.

The basic proprietary fund financial statements can be found on pages 42 - 46 of this report.

Fiduciary funds.

Fiduciary funds are used to account for resources held for the benefit of parties outside the government. Fiduciary funds are not reflected in the government-wide financial statement because the resources of those funds are not available to support the Town's own programs.

The basic fiduciary fund financial statements can be found on pages 47 - 48.

Notes to the financial statements

The notes provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements. The notes to the financial statements can be found on pages 49 - 87 of this report.

Other information

In addition to the basic financial statements and accompanying notes, this report also presents certain required supplementary information related to Pension and OPEB, as well as providing budgetary comparison schedules for the General Fund, Transportation Development Act Fund, Measure I Fund, and Capital Project Fund. The combining statements referred to earlier in connection with nonmajor governmental funds are presented immediately following the required supplementary information.

GOVERNMENT- WIDE FINANCIAL ANALYSIS

As noted earlier, net position may serve over time as a useful indicator of a government's financial position. In the case of the Town, assets exceeded liabilities by \$410,701,482 at the close of the most recent fiscal year.

GOVERNMENT- WIDE FINANCIAL ANALYSIS - CONT'D

Town of Apple Valley's Net Position

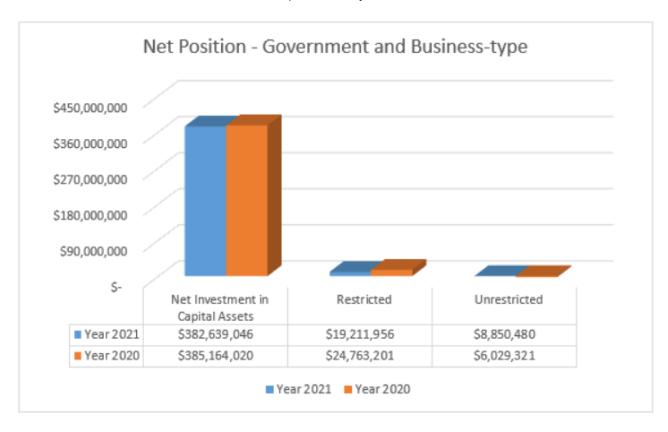
		Activi						
	Govern	nmental	Busine	ess-type	Total			
	2021	2020	2021 2020		2021	2020		
ASSETS Current and Other assets Capital assets Deferred outflows of	\$ 40,409,140 360,177,238	\$ 40,898,330 362,226,379	\$ 17,609,988 29,939,244	\$ 19,503,950 30,338,620	\$ 58,019,128 390,116,482	\$ 60,402,280 392,564,999		
resources	3,150,656	3,248,434	238,540	277,605	3,389,196	3,526,039		
Total assets and deferred outflows of resources	403,737,034	406,373,143	47,787,772	50,120,175	451,524,806	456,493,318		
LIABILITIES								
Other current liabilities	4,070,214	3,638,048	1,996,087	2,335,919	6,066,301	5,973,967		
Long-term liabilities	31,528,690	30,894,207	1,579,442	1,641,740	33,108,132	32,535,947		
Deferred inflows of resources	1,565,161	1,918,025	83,730	108,837	1,648,891	2,026,862		
Total liabilities and deferred inflows of resources	37,164,065	36,450,280	3,659,259	4,086,496	40,823,324	40,536,776		
NET POSITION								
Net investment in capital assets	352,957,973	355,236,379	29,681,073	29,927,641	382,639,046	385,164,020		
Restricted	15,104,873	20,720,231	4,107,083	4,042,970	19,211,956	24,763,201		
Unrestricted	(1,489,877)	(6,033,747)	10,340,357	12,063,068	8,850,480	6,029,321		
Total net position	\$ 366,572,969	\$ 369,922,863	\$ 44,128,513	\$ 46,033,679	\$ 410,701,482	\$ 415,956,542		

GOVERNMENT- WIDE FINANCIAL ANALYSIS - CONT'D

The largest portion of the Town's net position (93.16 percent) reflects its investment in capital assets (e.g. Land, Construction in progress, structures and improvements, furniture and equipment, trucks and automobiles, collector lines, and infrastructure); less any related debt used to acquire those assets that is still outstanding. The Town uses these capital assets to provide services to citizens; consequently, these assets are not available for future spending. Although the Town's investment in its capital assets is reported net of related debt, it should be noted that the resources needed to repay this debt must be provided from other sources, since the capital assets themselves cannot be used to liquidate these liabilities.

An additional portion of the Town's net position (4.68 percent) represents resources that are subject to re-categorization. The remaining balance of unrestricted net position (2.15 percent) may be used to meet the government's ongoing obligations to citizens and creditors.

At the end of the current fiscal year, the Town reports positive balances in all reported categories of net position, both for the government as a whole, as well as its separate governmental and business-type activities. The same situation held true for the prior fiscal year.



GOVERNMENT- WIDE FINANCIAL ANALYSIS - CONT'D

The government's net position decreased by \$5,255,060 during the current fiscal year.

Governmental activities

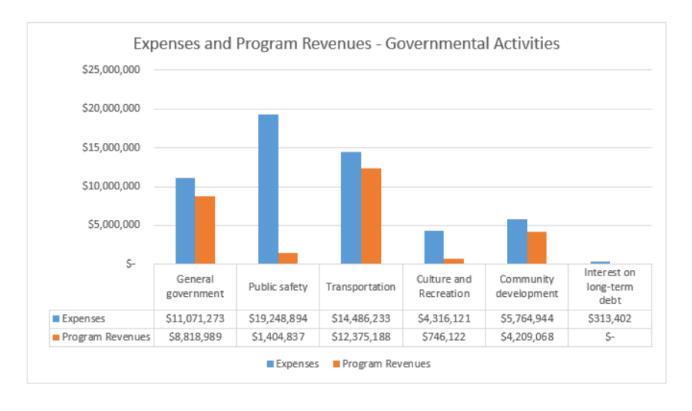
Governmental activities decreased the Town's net position by \$3,349,894 (0.91 percent). This includes a change in net position of \$2,076,425, and the restatement of the beginning net position by \$(5,426,319). The key element of this decrease is the restatement of loans receivable and allowance for doubtful debts.

GOVERNMENT- WIDE FINANCIAL ANALYSIS - CONT'D

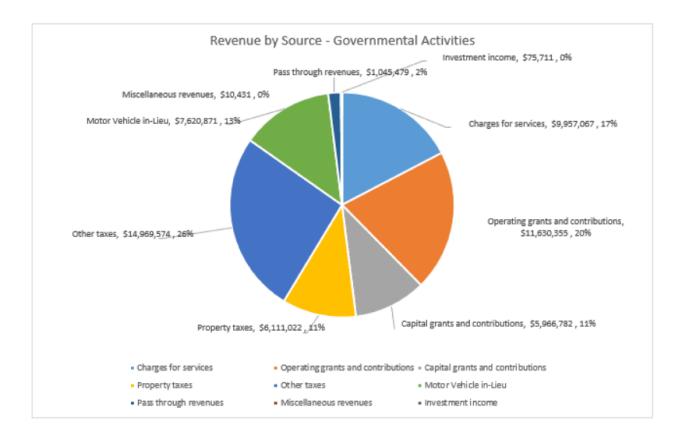
Town of Apple Valley's Changes in Net Position

Covering Revenues: Charges for services 9,957,067 6,637,410 37,156,220 37,073,788 47,113,287 43,711,198 Capital grants & contributions 11,630,355 6,251,078 10,121 64,708 11,640,476 6,315,786 Capital grants & contributions 5,966,782 1,507,615 677,340 245,197 6,644,122 1,752,812 Capital Revenue: Property taxes 6,111,022 5,584,526 6,251,078 6,644,122 1,752,812 Capital grants & contributions 1,045,479 747,535 6,251,078
REVENUES Program Revenues: Charges for services \$ 9,957,067 \$ 6,637,410 \$ 37,156,220 \$ 37,073,788 \$ 47,113,287 \$ 43,711,198 Operating grants & contributions 11,630,355 6,251,078 10,121 64,708 11,640,476 6,315,786 Capital grants & contributions 5,966,782 1,507,615 677,340 245,197 6,644,122 1,752,812 General Revenue: Property taxes Other taxes 6,111,022 5,584,526 - - 6,111,022 5,584,526 Other taxes 14,969,574 10,949,409 - - 14,969,574 10,949,409 Motor Vehicle in-Lieu Pass Through Revenues 1,045,479 747,535 - - 1,045,479 747,535
Program Revenues: Charges for services \$ 9,957,067 \$ 6,637,410 \$ 37,156,220 \$ 37,073,788 \$ 47,113,287 \$ 43,711,198 Operating grants & contributions 11,630,355 6,251,078 10,121 64,708 11,640,476 6,315,786 Capital grants & contributions 5,966,782 1,507,615 677,340 245,197 6,644,122 1,752,812 General Revenue: Property taxes Other taxes 6,111,022 5,584,526 - - 6,111,022 5,584,526 Other taxes 14,969,574 10,949,409 - - 14,969,574 10,949,409 Motor Vehicle in-Lieu Pass Through Revenues 1,045,479 747,535 - - 1,045,479 747,535
Operating grants & contributions 11,630,355 6,251,078 10,121 64,708 11,640,476 6,315,786 Capital grants & contributions 5,966,782 1,507,615 677,340 245,197 6,644,122 1,752,812 General Revenue: Property taxes Other taxes 6,111,022 5,584,526 - - 6,111,022 5,584,526 Other taxes 14,969,574 10,949,409 - - 14,969,574 10,949,409 Motor Vehicle in-Lieu 7,620,871 7,222,011 - - 7,620,871 7,222,011 Pass Through Revenues 1,045,479 747,535 - - 1,045,479 747,535
contributions 11,630,355 6,251,078 10,121 64,708 11,640,476 6,315,786 Capital grants & contributions 5,966,782 1,507,615 677,340 245,197 6,644,122 1,752,812 General Revenue: Property taxes 6,111,022 5,584,526 - - 6,111,022 5,584,526 Other taxes 14,969,574 10,949,409 - - 14,969,574 10,949,409 Motor Vehicle in-Lieu 7,620,871 7,222,011 - - 7,620,871 7,222,011 Pass Through Revenues 1,045,479 747,535 - - 1,045,479 747,535
General Revenue: Property taxes 6,111,022 5,584,526 - - 6,111,022 5,584,526 Other taxes 14,969,574 10,949,409 - - 14,969,574 10,949,409 Motor Vehicle in-Lieu 7,620,871 7,222,011 - - 7,620,871 7,222,011 Pass Through Revenues 1,045,479 747,535 - - 1,045,479 747,535
Property taxes 6,111,022 5,584,526 - - 6,111,022 5,584,526 Other taxes 14,969,574 10,949,409 - - 14,969,574 10,949,409 Motor Vehicle in-Lieu 7,620,871 7,222,011 - - 7,620,871 7,222,011 Pass Through Revenues 1,045,479 747,535 - - 1,045,479 747,535
Miscellaneous Revenues 10,431 259,404 1,190,024 - 1,200,455 259,404 Investment Income 75,711 672,142 67,914 255,882 143,625 928,024
Total Revenues 57,387,292 39,831,130 39,101,619 37,639,575 96,488,911 77,470,705
EXPENDITURES
General government 11,071,273 5,990,194 11,071,273 5,990,194
Public safety 19,248,894 17,431,096 - 19,248,894 17,431,096
Transportation 14,486,233 22,910,278 14,486,233 22,910,278
Culture and recreation 4,316,121 4,406,022 4,316,121 4,406,022
Community Development 5,764,944 6,119,964 - 5,764,944 6,119,964
Interest on long term debts 313,402 402,362 313,402 402,362
Apple Valley Choice Energy 18,553,925 13,987,428 18,553,925 13,987,428
Golf Course - 1,024,501 1,016,062 1,024,501 1,016,062
Sewer - 7,271,126 6,237,316 7,271,126 6,237,316
Waste Management
Total Expenses <u>55,200,867</u> <u>57,259,916</u> <u>41,116,785</u> <u>34,857,826</u> <u>96,317,652</u> <u>92,117,742</u>
Change in Net Position before Transfers 2,186,425 (17,428,786) (2,015,166) 2,781,749 171,259 (14,647,037)
Transfers (110,000) (300,000) 110,000 300,000
Transfer from Successor Agency (402,505) (402,505)
Change in net position 2,076,425 (18,131,291) (1,905,166) 3,081,749 171,259 (15,049,542)
Net position - beginning 369,922,863 388,054,154 46,033,679 42,951,930 415,956,542 431,006,084
Restatement (5,426,319) (5,426,319) -
Net position - beginning, restated 364,496,544 388,054,154 46,033,679 42,951,930 410,530,223 431,006,084
Net position, ending \$\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\

GOVERNMENT- WIDE FINANCIAL ANALYSIS - CONT'D



GOVERNMENT- WIDE FINANCIAL ANALYSIS - CONT'D

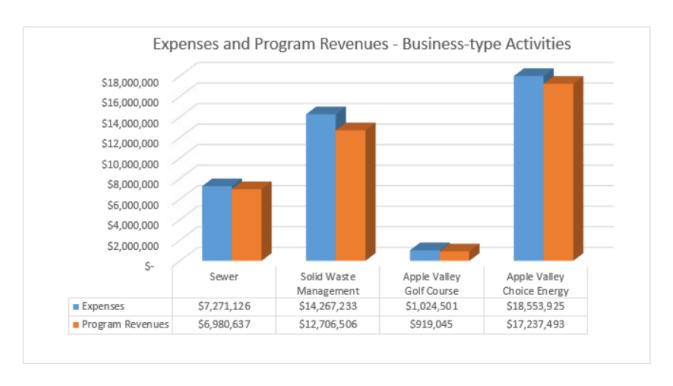


GOVERNMENT - WIDE FINANCIAL ANALYSIS - CONT'D

Business-type activities

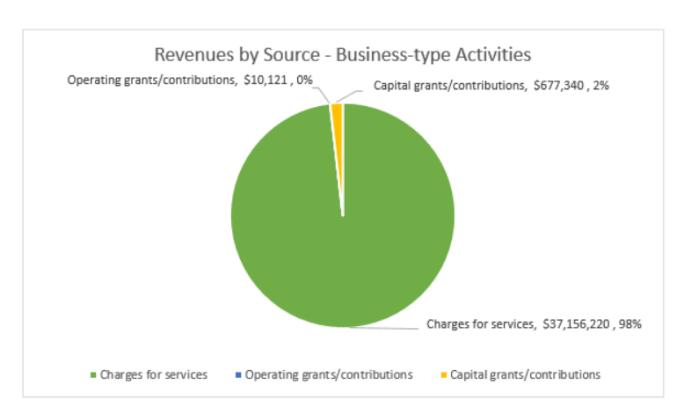
Business-type activities decreased the Town's net position by \$1,905,166. Key elements of this decrease are as follows:

- The Sewer fund's net position increased by \$533,864 (1.36 percent) this fiscal year. This was mainly due to an increase in operating revenues.
- The Waste Management fund's net position decreased by \$1,556,657 (50.57 percent). This was mainly due to operating expenses.
- The Apple Valley Golf Course fund's net position increased by \$4,544 (0.24 percent). This was mainly due to an increase in operating revenues.
- The Apple Valley Choice Energy fund's net position decreased by \$886,917. This was mainly due to an increase in the cost of power procurement.



GOVERNMENT - WIDE FINANCIAL ANALYSIS - CONT'D

Business-type activities - Cont'd



FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE TOWN'S FUNDS

As noted earlier, the Town uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance - related legal requirements.

Governmental funds

The focus of the Town's governmental funds is to provide information on near-term inflows, outflows, and balances of spendable resources. Such information is useful in assessing the Town's financing requirements. In particular, unrestricted fund balance may serve as a useful measure of a government's net resources available for spending at the end of the fiscal year.

As of the end of the current fiscal year, the Town's governmental funds reported combined ending fund balances of \$31,927,153, a decrease of \$2,465,667 in comparison with the prior fiscal year. Approximately 40.70 percent of this total amount - \$12,995,658 - constitutes *Unassigned and assigned fund balance*, which is available for spending at the government's discretion. The remainder of the fund balance - \$18,931,495 is either *restricted* or *nonspendable*.

The general fund is the chief operating fund of the Town. At the end of the current fiscal year, the General Fund balance amounted to \$9,907,828. Of this amount, \$6,081,206 was unassigned at the end of the fiscal year. As a measure of the general fund's liquidity, it may be useful to compare the unassigned fund balance to total fund expenditures. Unassigned fund balance represents 16.73 percent of total general fund expenditures. The fund balance of the Town's General Fund increased by \$1,026,750 during the current fiscal year.

FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE TOWN'S FUNDS - CONT'D

This increase is due to federal financial assistance and an increase in taxes collected during the year.

The Transportation Development Act fund has a fund balance of \$850,891 at year end, all of which is reported as restricted. The net decrease during the current year was \$639,091. This decrease was mainly due to capital outlay expenditures in excess of revenues.

The Measure I fund has a fund balance of \$4,133,532 at year end, all of which is reported as restricted. The net increase in the fund balance during the current year for the Measure I fund was \$323,593. This increase is primarily due to the nature of capital projects in progress in conjunction with the receipt of special revenue funds throughout the course of the fiscal year.

The Capital Projects fund has a fund balance of \$4,675,655 at year end, which is all reported as assigned. This fund represents transportation impact fees collected by the Town and will be used for capacity enhancing street projects in the Town. During the 2020-21 fiscal year, expenditures decreased significantly in comparison to the prior fiscal year due to construction projects which were completed during the prior year.

Proprietary funds

The Town's proprietary funds provide the same type of information found in the government-wide financial statements, but in more detail.

At the end of the fiscal year, unrestricted net position of the Sewer fund was \$9,124,182. The total increase in net position for the fiscal year in the Sewer fund was \$533,864. For the Solid Waste Management fund, unrestricted net position totaled \$343,080 at year end. The total decrease in net position for the Solid Waste Management fund for the fiscal year was \$1,556,657. Correspondingly, unrestricted net position for the Apple Valley Golf Course fund as of June 30, 2021 amounted to \$(3,802,390). Apple Valley Choice Energy's unrestricted net position as of the end of the fiscal year was \$4,675,485.

GENERAL FUND BUDGETARY HIGHLIGHTS

The original budget as approved by the Town Council projected an appropriation from fund balance of \$(3,529,187) for the year. The final adopted budget, as amended, projected a utilization of \$(1,478,811) from fund balance.

At year end, actual budgetary performance resulted in a net increase in fund balance of \$1,026,750. Tax revenues increased from budgetary projections this fiscal year by \$1,461,542 but increased \$3,085,154 over the prior year levels. The increase from budgetary projections for tax revenues was mainly due to Property tax, Sales tax and Franchise fee revenues (the General Fund's three major revenue sources) coming in at \$1,461,542 (6 percent) more than the projections. Overall, General Fund actual revenues exceeded the budgetary projections by 13 percent. Actual expenditures in the General Fund ended the fiscal year exceeding the amended budget by \$195,301.

CAPITAL ASSET AND DEBT ADMINISTRATION

Capital assets

The Town's investment in capital assets for its governmental and business type activities as of June 30, 2021, amounts to \$390,116,482 (net of accumulated depreciation). This investment in capital assets includes land, buildings and system, improvements, machinery and equipment, park facilities, roads, highways, and bridges. The total decrease in the Town's investment in capital assets for the current fiscal year was \$2,448,517 (a \$2,049,141 decrease for governmental activities and a \$399,376 decrease for business-type activities).

Town of Apple Valley's Capital Assets (net of depreciation)

		Activ								
	Govern	nmental	Business-type				Total			
	2021	2020		2021		2020	2021	2020		
Asset Category										
Land	\$100,447,189	\$100,447,189	\$	1,819,012	\$	1,819,012	\$102,266,201	\$102,266,201		
Water Rights	-	-		3,650,000		3,650,000	3,650,000	3,650,000		
Construction in progress	13,297,698	8,459,158		-		4,030,382	13,297,698	12,489,540		
Furniture and Equipment	1,054,827	369,878		58,204		70,136	1,113,031	440,014		
Trucks and Automobiles	326,700	308,404		388,684		488,491	715,384	796,895		
Structures and										
Improvements	45,532,173	48,334,749		1,690,208		1,371,344	47,222,381	49,706,093		
Infrastructure	199,518,651	204,307,001		-		-	199,518,651	204,307,001		
Collector Lines			_	22,333,136	_	18,909,255	22,333,136	18,909,255		
Total Capital Assets	\$360,177,238	\$362,226,379	\$	29,939,244	\$ 3	30,338,620	\$390,116,482	\$392,564,999		

Additional information on the Town of Apple Valley's capital assets can be found in Note 3-E on pages 67 - 68 of this report.

CAPITAL ASSET AND DEBT ADMINISTRATION - CONT'D

Long-term Debt

At the end of the current fiscal year, the Town had no bonded debt outstanding.

The Government Code of the State of California provides for a legal debt limit of 15% of gross assessed valuation. However, this provision was enacted when assessed valuation was based upon 25% of market value. Effective with the 1981-82 fiscal year, each parcel is now assessed at 100% of market value. The computation of the legal debt limit reflects a conversion of assessed valuation data from the current full valuation perspective to the 25% level. The current debt limitation for the Town is \$247,126,270.

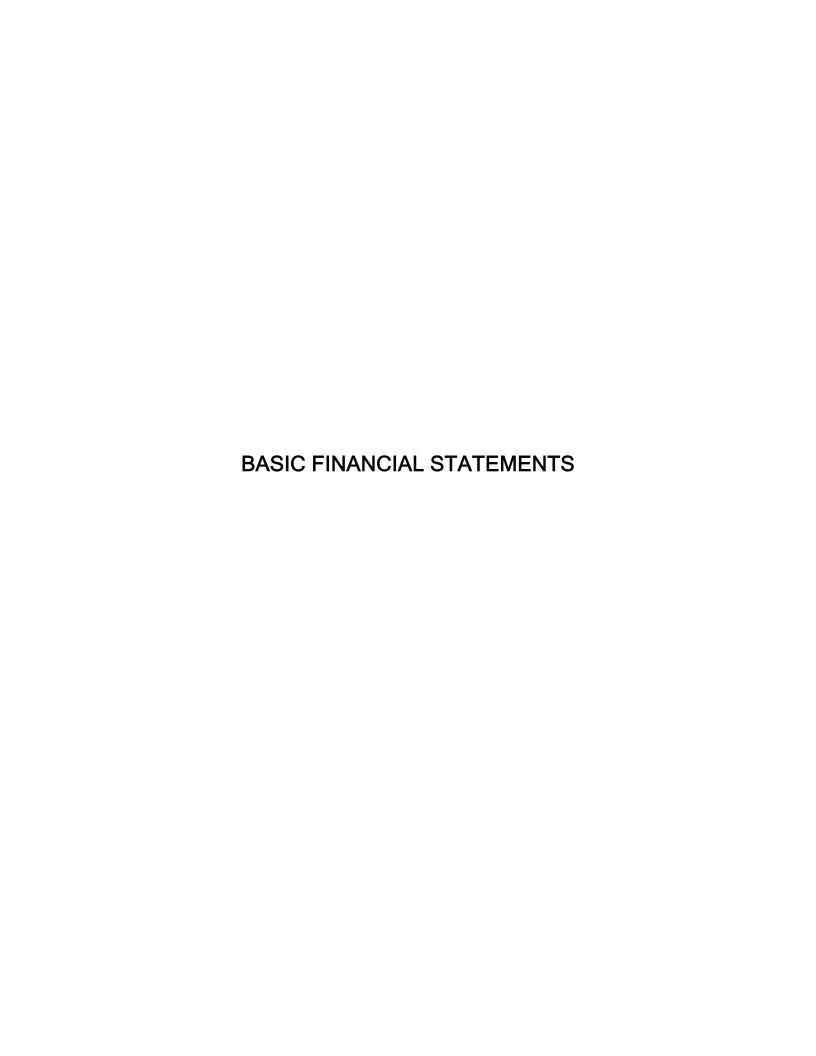
Town of Apple Valley's Outstanding Debt

	Activities										
	Governmental				Business-type			Total			
	2021		2020		2021	_	2020		2021		2020
Vehicle Lease Liability	\$ -	\$	_	\$	258,171	\$	410,979	\$	258,171	\$	410,979
Revolving Line of Credit	6,000,000		6,000,000		-		-		6,000,000		6,000,000
2017 Loan Payable	6,205,000		6,990,000		-		-		6,205,000		6,990,000
Claims Payable	54,243		237,951		-		-		54,243		237,951
Net Pension Liability	14,214,015		13,300,683		1,408,590	•	1,318,080		15,622,605		14,618,763
Compensated Absences	1,014,265		869,428		-		-		1,014,265		869,428
Total OPEB Liability	5,246,735		4,498,502	_				_	5,246,735		4,498,502
Total	\$ 32,734,258	\$	31,896,564	\$	1,666,761	\$	1,729,059	\$	34,401,019	\$	33,625,623

Additional information on the Town of Apple Valley's long-term debt can be found in Note 3-F on page 69 - 70 of this report.

REQUEST FOR INFORMATION

This financial report is designed to provide a general overview of the Town of Apple Valley's finances for all those with an interest in the government's finances. Questions concerning any of the information provided in this report or requests for additional financial information should be addressed to the office of the Director of Finance, Town of Apple Valley, 14955 Dale Evans Parkway, Apple Valley, CA 92307.





TOWN OF APPLE VALLEY, CALIFORNIA STATEMENT OF NET POSITION JUNE 30, 2021

	Primary Government					
	Governmental Activities	Business-type Activities	Total			
ASSETS						
Current assets Cash and investments Accounts receivable Interest receivable Due from other governments, net Internal balances Prepaid items	\$ 32,183,476 818,137 14,364 2,579,491 4,709,223 104,449	\$ 14,701,834 3,363,294 - (4,709,223)	\$ 46,885,310 4,181,431 14,364 2,579,491 - 104,449			
Total current assets	40,409,140	13,355,905	53,765,045			
Noncurrent assets						
Restricted assets Cash and investments with fiscal agent Cash and investments	<u>-</u>	1,146,315 3,107,768	1,146,315 3,107,768			
Total restricted assets		4,254,083	4,254,083			
Capital assets, not being depreciated Land Water rights Construction in progress	100,447,189 - 13,297,698	1,819,012 3,650,000	102,266,201 3,650,000 13,297,698			
Capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation Structures and improvements Furniture and equipment Trucks and automobiles Collector lines Infrastructure	45,532,173 1,054,827 326,700 - 199,518,651	1,690,208 58,204 388,684 22,333,136	47,222,381 1,113,031 715,384 22,333,136 199,518,651			
Total capital assets, net	360,177,238	29,939,244	390,116,482			
Total noncurrent assets	360,177,238	34,193,327	394,370,565			
Total assets	400,586,378	47,549,232	448,135,610			
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES Deferred outflows of resources - Pension Deferred outflows of resources - OPEB	2,407,097 743,559	238,540	2,645,637 743,559			
Total deferred outflows of resources	3,150,656	238,540	3,389,196			
Total assets and deferred outflows of resources	403,737,034	47,787,772	451,524,806			

TOWN OF APPLE VALLEY, CALIFORNIA STATEMENT OF NET POSITION JUNE 30, 2021

	Primary Government				
	Governmental Activities	Business-type Activities	Total		
LIABILITIES Current liabilities					
Accounts payable Accrued liabilities Interest payable	2,215,708 104,981 99,204	1,277,626 30,379	3,493,334 135,360 99,204		
Other liabilities Payables to external parties Unearned revenue	444,753 - -	397,015 128,014 75,735	841,768 128,014 75,735		
Long-term obligations -current portion	1,205,568	<u>87,318</u>	1,292,886		
Total current liabilities	4,070,214	1,996,087	6,066,301		
Noncurrent liabilities Long-term obligations - noncurrent portion	31,528,690	1,579,442	33,108,132		
Total noncurrent liabilities	31,528,690	1,579,442	33,108,132		
Total liabilities	35,598,904	3,575,529	39,174,433		
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES					
Deferred inflows of resources - OPEB Deferred inflows of resources - Pension	720,251 844,910	83,730	720,251 928,640		
Total deferred inflows of resources	1,565,161	83,730	1,648,891		
Total liabilities and deferred inflows of resources	37,164,065	3,659,259	40,823,324		
NET POSITION					
Net investment in capital assets Restricted for	352,957,973	29,681,073	382,639,046		
Street and transportation	6,577,238	-	6,577,238		
Culture and recreation	1,674,800	-	1,674,800		
Community development	2,173,901	- 1,146,315	2,173,901 5,825,249		
Capital projects Assessment district improvements	4,678,934	2,960,768	2,960,768		
Unrestricted	(1,489,877)	10,340,357	8,850,480		
Total net position	366,572,969	44,128,513	410,701,482		
Total liabilities, deferred inflows of resources and net position	\$ 403,737,034	<u>\$ 47,787,772</u>	<u>\$451,524,806</u>		

TOWN OF APPLE VALLEY, CALIFORNIA STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

		Program Revenues			
			Operating	Capital Grants	
		Charges for	Grants and	and	
Functions/Programs	Expenses	Services	Contributions	Contributions	
Governmental Activities:					
General government	\$ 11,071,273	\$ 5,036,383	\$ 3,782,606	\$ -	
Public safety	19,248,894	1,139,427	265,410	-	
Transportation	14,486,233	610,507	6,147,717	5,616,964	
Culture and recreation	4,316,121	407,162	43,253	295,707	
Community development	5,764,944	2,763,588	1,391,369	54,111	
Interest on long-term debt	313,402				
Total governmental activities	55,200,867	9,957,067	11,630,355	5,966,782	
Business-type Activities:					
Sewer	7,271,126	6,303,297	-	677,340	
Solid waste management	14,267,233	12,696,385	10,121	-	
Apple Valley Golf Course	1,024,501	919,045	-	-	
Apple Valley Choice Energy	<u>18,553,925</u>	<u>17,237,493</u>			
Total business-type activities	41,116,785	37,156,220	10,121	677,340	
Total primary government	\$ 96,317,652	\$ 47,113,287	<u>\$ 11,640,476</u>	\$ 6,644,122	

General Revenues:

Taxes:

Property taxes Franchise taxes

Sales taxes

Transient occupancy taxes

Motor vehicle in-lieu (intergovernmental,

unrestricted)

Pass through tax increment revenues

Miscellaneous revenues

Investment income

Transfers

Total general revenues

Change in net position

Net position - beginning

Restatement

Net position - beginning, restated

Net position - ending

TOWN OF APPLE VALLEY, CALIFORNIA STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

Net (Expense) Revenues and Changes in Net Position

Position				
Government Activities	Business Type Activities	Total		
(17,844,057) (2,111,045) (3,569,999) (1,555,876) (313,402)	\$ - - - - -	\$ (2,252,284) (17,844,057) (2,111,045) (3,569,999) (1,555,876) (313,402)		
(27,646,663)		(27,646,663)		
- - - -	(290,489) (1,560,727) (105,456) (1,316,432)	(290,489) (1,560,727) (105,456) (1,316,432)		
	(3,273,104)	(3,273,104)		
(27,646,663)	(3,273,104)	(30,919,767)		
6,111,022 3,703,286 11,226,296 39,992 7,620,871 1,045,479 10,431 75,711 (110,000)	- - - - 1,190,024 67,914 110,000	6,111,022 3,703,286 11,226,296 39,992 7,620,871 1,045,479 1,200,455 143,625		
29,723,088	1,367,938	31,091,026		
2,076,425	(1,905,166)	171,259		
369,922,863	46,033,679	415,956,542		
(5,426,319)		(5,426,319)		
364,496,544	46,033,679	410,530,223		
\$ 366,572,969	\$ 44,128,513	\$ 410,701,482		
	\$ (2,252,284) (17,844,057) (2,111,045) (3,569,999) (1,555,876) (313,402) (27,646,663) 6,111,022 3,703,286 11,226,296 39,992 7,620,871 1,045,479 10,431 75,711 (110,000) 29,723,088 2,076,425 369,922,863 (5,426,319) 364,496,544	Government Activities Business Type Activities \$ (2,252,284) \$ - (17,844,057) - (2,111,045) - (3,569,999) - (1,555,876) - (27,646,663) - - (290,489) - - (1,560,727) - - (105,456) - - (1,316,432) - - (3,273,104) (27,646,663) (3,273,104) 6,111,022 - 3,703,286 - 11,226,296 - 39,992 - 7,620,871 - 10,431 1,190,024 75,711 67,914 (110,000) 110,000 29,723,088 1,367,938 2,076,425 (1,905,166) 369,922,863 46,033,679 (5,426,319) - 364,496,544 46,033,679		



TOWN OF APPLE VALLEY, CALIFORNIA **BALANCE SHEET - GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS** JUNE 30, 2021

			Special Revenue Funds			<u>Pr</u>	Capital ojects Fund	
		neral Inds		nsportation velopment Act		Measure I		Capital Projects
ASSETS Cash and investments Accounts receivable Interest receivable Due from other governments Advances to other funds Prepaid items	1,8 4,7	677,651 265,192 14,364 673,456 709,223 04,449	\$	853,777 - - - - -	\$	4,381,900 203,471 - 518,732 -	\$	4,449,547 253,089 - - - -
Total assets	16,8	<u>44,335</u>		853,777		5,104,103		4,702,636
LIABILITIES Accounts payable Accrued liabilities Unearned revenue Due to other governments		910,009 9,940 994,736 21,822		2,886 - - -		970,571 - - -		13,671 13,310 - -
Total liabilities	6,9	<u>36,507</u>		2,886		970,571		26,981
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES Unavailable revenue		<u>-</u>						
Total deferred inflows of resources		-						
FUND BALANCES (DEFICITS) Nonspendable Restricted Assigned Unassigned	·	326,622 - - 981,206		- 850,891 - -		- 4,133,532 - -		- - 4,675,655 -
Total fund balances	9,9	07,828		850,891		4,133,532		4,675,655
Total liabilities, deferred inflows of resources and fund balances	<u>\$ 16,8</u>	344,33 <u>5</u>	\$	853,777	\$	5,104,103	\$	4,702,636

TOWN OF APPLE VALLEY, CALIFORNIA **BALANCE SHEET - GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS** JUNE 30, 2021

	G	Other Nonmajor Governmental Funds		Total overnmental Funds
ASSETS Cash and investments Accounts receivable Interest receivable Due from other governments Advances to other funds Prepaid items	\$	12,620,601 96,385 - 209,125 -	\$	32,183,476 818,137 14,364 2,601,313 4,709,223 104,449
Total assets		12,926,111		40,430,962
LIABILITIES Accounts payable Accrued liabilities Unearned revenue Due to other governments		318,571 81,731 -		2,215,708 104,981 5,994,736 21,822
Total liabilities		400,302		8,337,247
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES Unavailable revenue		166,562		166,562
Total deferred inflows of resources		166,562		166,562
FUND BALANCES (DEFICITS) Nonspendable Restricted Assigned Unassigned	_	- 10,120,450 2,238,797 -	_	3,826,622 15,104,873 6,914,452 6,081,206
Total fund balances		12,359,247		31,927,153
Total liabilities, deferred inflows of resources and fund balances	<u>\$</u>	12,926,111	\$	40,430,962

TOWN OF APPLE VALLEY, CALIFORNIA RECONCILIATION OF THE BALANCE SHEET OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF NET POSITION JUNE 30, 2021

Fund balances of the governmental funds	\$ 31,927,153
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the Statement of Net Position are different because:	
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and, therefore, are not reported in the funds.	360,177,238
Other long-term assets (unearned and unavailable revenue) are not available to pay for current period expenditures and, therefore, are not reported as available revenues in the funds.	6,161,298
Certain lease liabilities are not due and payable in the current period and are not reported in the funds.	(444,753)
Long term liabilities are not due and payable in the current period and are not reported in the funds.	(6 20E 000)
2017 loan payable Compensated absences Claims payable	(6,205,000) (1,014,265) (54,243)
Revolving line of credit Net Pension liability Total OPEB liability	(6,000,000) (14,214,015) (5,246,735)
Amounts for deferred inflows and deferred outflows related to the Town's net Pension liability and OPEB liability are not reported in the funds.	
Deferred outflows of resources - Pension	2,407,097
Deferred inflows of resources - Pension	(844,910)
Deferred outflows of resources - OPEB Deferred inflows of resources - OPEB	743,559 (720,251)
Accrued interest payable is not due and payable in the current period and,	(720,201)
therefore, is not reported in the funds.	 (99,204)
Net position of governmental activities	\$ 366,572,969

TOWN OF APPLE VALLEY, CALIFORNIA STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

		Special Rev	Capital <u>Projects Fund</u>	
	General Funds	Transportation Development Act	Measure I	Capital Projects
REVENUES				
Taxes	\$ 25,206,081	\$ -	\$ 2,730,333	\$ -
Licenses & permits Fines & forfeitures	1,168,238 625,807	-	-	610,507
Investment income (loss)	(25,379)	4,528	15,719	20,253
Intergovernmental	3,966,859	350,807	5,057,898	208,259
Charges for services	6,482,886	-	-	-
Donations Other revenue	67,323	-	3,054,422	-
Total revenues	<u>37,491,815</u>	355,335	10,858,372	839,019
EXPENDITURES				
Current:	9,663,672			
General government Public safety	18,894,151	-	-	-
Transportation	-	-	697,804	-
Culture and recreation	2,673,761	-	-	-
Community development	4,024,565	-	- 0000075	-
Capital outlay Debt service:	-	994,426	9,836,975	254,629
Principal	785,000	_	_	_
Interest & fiscal charges	313,402			
Total expenditures	36,354,551	994,426	10,534,779	254,629
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures	1,137,264	(639,091)	323,593	584,390
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)				
Transfer in	-	-	-	-
Transfer out	(110,514)			
Total other financing sources (uses)	(110,514)			<u>-</u>
Net change in fund balances	1,026,750	(639,091)	323,593	584,390
Fund balances, beginning	8,881,078	1,489,982	3,809,939	4,091,265
Restatement				<u>-</u>
Fund balance - beginning, restated	8,881,078	1,489,982	3,809,939	4,091,265
Fund balances, ending	\$ 9,907,828	<u>\$ 850,891</u>	\$ 4,133,532	<u>\$ 4,675,655</u>

TOWN OF APPLE VALLEY, CALIFORNIA STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES -**GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS** FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

	Other Nonmajor Governmental Funds	Total Governmental Funds
REVENUES Taxes Licenses & permits Fines & forfeitures Investment income (loss) Intergovernmental Charges for services Donations Other revenue	\$ 345,618 590,442 - 60,590 4,131,696 - 77,135 444,996	\$ 28,282,032 2,369,187 625,807 75,711 13,715,519 6,482,886 77,135 3,566,741
Total revenues	5,650,477	55,195,018
Current: General government Public safety Transportation Culture and recreation Community development Capital outlay Debt service: Principal Interest & fiscal charges Total expenditures Excess (deficiency) of revenues	59,897 25,614 1,651,475 37,650 1,369,610 841,735	9,723,569 18,919,765 2,349,279 2,711,411 5,394,175 11,927,765 785,000 313,402 52,124,366
over expenditures	1,664,496	3,070,652
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Transfer in Transfer out	515 (1)	515 (110,515)
Total other financing sources		
(uses)	<u>514</u>	(110,000)
Net change in fund balances	1,665,010	2,960,652
Fund balances, beginning	16,120,556	34,392,820
Restatement	(5,426,319)	(5,426,319)
Fund balance - beginning, restated	10,694,237	28,966,501
Fund balances, ending	<u>\$ 12,359,247</u>	<u>\$ 31,927,153</u>

The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of these financial statements. $\ensuremath{40}$

TOWN OF APPLE VALLEY, CALIFORNIA

RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

Net change in fund balances for governmental funds	\$ 2,960,652
Amount reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different because:	
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the Statement of Activities the cost of these assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives as depreciation expense.	
Capital outlays Depreciation expenses	12,186,306 (14,235,447)
Revenues in the Statement of Activities that do not provide current financial resources are not reported as revenues in the funds.	2,192,275
The issuance of long-term debt (e.g., bonds, leases) provides current financial resources to governmental funds, while the repayment of the principal of long-term debt consumes the current financial resources of governmental funds. Neither transaction, however, has any effect on net position. Also, governmental funds report the effect of premiums, discounts, and similar items when debt is first issued, whereas these amounts are deferred and amortized in the Statement of Activities. Principal payment on long-term debt	785,000
Some expenses and revenues are reported in the statement of activities do not require the use of current financial resources and therefore are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds:	
Net change in compensated absences Net change in claims payable Pension expenses Net OPEB expenses Issuance of vehicle lease liability	 (144,837) 183,708 (1,054,181) (352,298) (444,753)
Change in net position of governmental activities	\$ 2,076,425

TOWN OF APPLE VALLEY, CALIFORNIA STATEMENT OF NET POSITION - PROPRIETARY FUNDS JUNE 30, 2021

	Sewer	Solid Waste Management	Apple Valley Golf Course	Apple Valley Choice Energy	Total
ASSETS					
Current assets Cash and investments Accounts receivable	\$ 10,923,580 144,088	\$ - 1,900,029	\$ - 154	\$ 3,778,254 1,319,023	\$ 14,701,834 3,363,294
Total current assets	11,067,668	1,900,029	154	5,097,277	18,065,128
Noncurrent assets					
Restricted assets Cash and investments Cash and investments with	2,960,768	-	-	147,000	3,107,768
fiscal agent	1,146,315	-	-	-	1,146,315
Capital assets					
Nondepreciable Land Water rights Construction in progress Depreciable, net	379,012 3,650,000 - 22,827,876	- - - 1,178,616	1,440,000 - - 463,740	- - -	1,819,012 3,650,000 - 24,470,232
Total noncurrent assets	30,963,971	1,178,616	1,903,740	147,000	34,193,327
Total assets Deferred outflows of resources	42,031,639	3,078,645	1,903,894	5,244,277	52,258,455
Deferred outflows of resources - Pension	209,131	29,409			238,540
Total assets and deferred outflows of resources	42,240,770	3,108,054	1,903,894	5,244,277	52,496,995

TOWN OF APPLE VALLEY, CALIFORNIA STATEMENT OF NET POSITION - PROPRIETARY FUNDS JUNE 30, 2021

	Sewer	Solid Waste Management	Apple Valley Golf Course	Apple Valley Choice Energy	Total
LIABILITIES					
Current liabilities Accounts payable Accrued liabilities	620,988	415,323 -	68,879 -	172,436 30,379	1,277,626 30,379
Due to other funds Other liabilities Due to other governments	- 45,546 128,014	987,050 - -	11,492 -	339,977 -	987,050 397,015 128,014
Unearned revenue Current portion of long-term	49,735	-	-	26,000	75,735
debt	87,318				87,318
Total current liabilities	931,601	1,402,373	80,371	568,792	2,983,137
Noncurrent liabilities Advances from other funds Noncurrent portion of long-	-	-	3,722,173	-	3,722,173
term debt	1,405,780	173,662			1,579,442
Total noncurrent liabilities	1,405,780	173,662	3,722,173		5,301,615
Total liabilities	2,337,381	1,576,035	3,802,544	568,792	8,284,752
Deferred inflows of resources Deferred inflows of resources - pension	73,407	10,323			83,730
Total liabilities and deferred inflows of resources	2,410,788	1,586,358	3,802,544	568,792	8,368,482
NET POSITION Net investment in capital					
assets Restricted for capital projects Restricted for assessment	26,598,717 1,146,315	1,178,616 -	1,903,740 -	-	29,681,073 1,146,315
district improvements Unrestricted	2,960,768 9,124,182	343,080	(3,802,390)	4,675,485	2,960,768 10,340,357
Total net position	\$ 39,829,982	<u>\$ 1,521,696</u>	<u>\$ (1,898,650</u>)	<u>\$ 4,675,485</u>	<u>\$ 44,128,513</u>

TOWN OF APPLE VALLEY, CALIFORNIA STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES, AND CHANGES IN NET POSITION -PROPRIETARY FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

	Sewer	Solid Waste Management	Apple Valley Golf Course	Apple Valley Choice Energy	Total
OPERATING REVENUES Charges for services	\$ 6,303,297	<u>\$ 12,696,385</u>	\$ 919,04 <u>5</u>	\$ 17,237,493	\$ 37,156,220
Total operating revenues	6,303,297	12,696,385	919,045	17,237,493	37,156,220
OPERATING EXPENSES Salaries and benefits Contract services Maintenance and treatment Power purchases General administration Depreciation Other	825,164 106,007 2,720,486 - 1,435,753 1,942,739 229,891	806,539 11,026,736 - - 2,366,397 67,561	14,821 395,462 153,492 - 231,217 129,712 99,797	572,287 - 16,971,006 1,009,647 -	1,646,524 12,100,492 2,873,978 16,971,006 5,043,014 2,140,012 329,688
Total operating expenses	7,260,040	14,267,233	1,024,501	18,552,940	\$ 41,104,714
Operating income (loss)	(956,743)	(1,570,848)	(105,456)	(1,315,447)	(3,948,494)
NONOPERATING REVENUES (EXPENSES) Investment income (loss) Grant revenue Other revenue Interest & fiscal charges	63,844 - 434,415 (11,086)	4,070 10,121 - -	- - - -	- - 429,515 (985)	67,914 10,121 863,930 (12,071)
Total nonoperating revenues (expenses)	487,173	14,191		428,530	929,894
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Capital contributions Other Transfer in	677,340 326,094	- - -	- - 110,000	- - -	677,340 326,094 110,000
Total other financing sources (uses)	1,003,434		110,000		1,113,434
Change in net position	533,864	(1,556,657)	4,544	(886,917)	(1,905,166)
Net position, beginning	39,296,118	3,078,353	(1,903,194)	5,562,402	46,033,679
Net position (deficit), ending	<u>\$39,829,982</u>	<u>\$ 1,521,696</u>	<u>\$(1,898,650</u>)	<u>\$ 4,675,485</u>	<u>\$ 44,128,513</u>

TOWN OF APPLE VALLEY, CALIFORNIA STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS - PROPRIETARY FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

	Sewer	Solid Waste Management	Apple Valley Golf Course	Apple Valley Choice Energy	Total
Cash Flows from Operating Activities Cash received from customers Cash paid to suppliers Cash paid to employees for services	\$ 6,499,515 (4,819,383) (906,538)	\$ 12,433,355 (12,261,939) (806,125)	\$ 1,067,834 (887,620) (110,852)	\$ 17,812,236 (18,583,301) <u>29,676</u>	\$ 37,812,940 (36,552,243) (1,793,839)
Net cash provided (used) by operating activities	773,594	(634,709)	69,362	(741,389)	(533,142)
Cash Flows from Noncapital Financing Activities Cash collected on behalf of other					
governments Grant revenue Other revenue	212,963 - 434,415	- 10,121	-	- - 429,515	212,963 10,121 863,930
Advances paid (to) from other funds Cash paid (to) from other funds Interest paid on debt	93,389 (11,086)	- - -	321,486 110,000	429,515 - - (985)	321,486 203,389 (12,071)
Net cash provided (used) by noncapital financing activities	729,681	10,121	431,486	428,530	1,599,818
Cash Flows from Capital and Related Financing Activities Acquisition of capital assets Capital grants received	(1,239,788) <u>677,340</u>		(500,848)		(1,740,636) 677,340
Net cash provided (used) by capital and related financing activities	(562,448)		(500,848)		(1,063,296)
Cash Flows from Investing Activities Interest on investments	63,844	4,070			67,914
Net cash provided (used) by investing activities	63,844	4,070			67,914
Change in cash and cash equivalents	1,004,671	(620,518)		(312,859)	71,294
Cash and cash equivalents, beginning	14,025,992	620,518		4,238,113	18,884,623
Cash and cash equivalents, ending	\$15,030,663	<u>\$</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	\$ 3,925,254	\$ 18,955,917

TOWN OF APPLE VALLEY, CALIFORNIA STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS - PROPRIETARY FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

	Sewer	Solid Waste Management	Apple Valley Golf Course	Apple Valley Choice Energy	Total
Cash Flows from Operating Activities					
Operating income (loss)	\$ (956,743)	\$ (1,570,848)	\$ (105,456)	\$ (1,315,447)	\$ (3,948,494)
Adjustments to reconcile operating income (loss) to net cash provided (used) by operating activities Depreciation	1,942,739	67,561	129,712		2,140,012
•	1,342,733	07,301	129,712	_	2,140,012
Change in operating assets and liabilities					
Accounts receivable	196,218	(263,030)	148,789	574,743	656,720
Deferred outflows of resources -					
Pensions	34,249	4,816	-	-	39,065
Accounts payable	(200,021)	144,144	(1,654)	(28,101)	(85,632)
Other liabilities	(82,630)	-	(5,998)	(2,260)	(90,888)
Due to other funds	-	987,050	-	-	987,050
Accrued liabilities	(20,154)	(12,466)	(96,031)	29,676	(98,975)
Net pension liability	(73,457)	11,159	-	-	(62,298)
Deferred inflows of resources -	, ,				, ,
Pension	(22,012)	(3,095)	-	-	(25,107)
Amounts due bondholders	(44,595 <u>)</u>				(44,595)
Net cash provided (used) by operating					
activities	<u>\$ 773,594</u>	<u>\$ (634,709)</u>	\$ 69,362	<u>\$ (741,389)</u>	\$ (533,142)

TOWN OF APPLE VALLEY, CALIFORNIA STATEMENT OF NET POSITION -FIDUCIARY FUNDS JUNE 30, 2021

ACCETO		cessor Agency ivate Purpose		Custodial Funds
ASSETS Cash and investments	\$	1,147,222	\$	16,957,879
Cash with fiscal agent	*	2	Ψ	238,276
Accounts receivable		_		757,496
Due from other governments		_		673,067
Prepaid items		318,667		
Total assets		1,465,891	_	18,626,718
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES				
Deferred outflows of resources - Defeasance of Debt		721,730	_	
Total deferred outflows of resources		721,730		<u>-</u> _
Total assets and deferred outflows of resources		2,187,621		18,626,718
LIABILITIES				
Accounts payable		-		64,891
Accrued liabilities		-		1,765,573
Deposits		-		674,253
Due to other governments		-		26,133
Interest payable		101,283		-
Bonds payable - due beyond one year		36,534,326		-
Amounts due bondholders			_	349,516
Total liabilities		36,635,609		2,880,366
NET POSITION				
Net position held in trust for successor agency		(34,447,988)		-
Restricted				15,746,352
Total net position	\$	(34,447,988)	\$	15,746,352

TOWN OF APPLE VALLEY, CALIFORNIA STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN NET POSITION - FIDUCIARY FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

	Successor Agency Private Purpose		Custodial Funds	
ADDITIONS				
Taxes	\$	3,353,100	\$	12,833,297
Investment income (loss)		9,070		33,615
Other revenue		755,738		571,511
Charges for services				4,383,856
Total additions		4,117,908		17,822,279
DEDUCTIONS				
Administrative costs		147,026		27,628,677
Interest on bonds		1,419,260		42,705
Bond issue costs		380,492		
Total deductions		1,946,778		27,671,382
Change in net position		2,171,130		(9,849,103)
Net position, beginning		(36,619,118)		-
Change in accounting principle	_			25,595,455
Net position, beginning - restated		(36,619,118)		25,595,455
Net position, ending	\$	(34,447,988)	\$	15,746,352

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

A. <u>Description of Reporting Entity</u>

The Town of Apple Valley, California was incorporated on November 28, 1988 under the general laws of the State of California. The Town operates under a Council - Manager form of government and currently provides the following services as authorized by its charter: public safety (police protection), streets, planning and zoning, waste management, power, and general administrative services.

As required by generally accepted accounting principles, these financial statements present the Town and its component units, entities for which the Town is considered to be financially accountable. The Town is considered to be financially accountable for an organization if the Town appoints a voting majority of that organization's governing body and the Town is either able to impose its will on that organization, or there is a potential for that organization to provide specific financial benefits to or impose specific financial burdens on the Town. The Town is also considered to be financially accountable if the organization is fiscally dependent upon the Town (i.e., it is unable to adopt its budget, levy taxes, set rates or charges, or issue bonded debt without approval from the Town). In certain cases, other organizations are included as component units if the nature and significance of their relationship with the Town are such that their exclusion would cause the Town's financial statements to be misleading or incomplete.

All of the Town's component units are considered to be blended component units. Blended component units, although legally separate entities, are, in substance, part of the Town's operations. The following organizations are considered to be component units of the Town:

Apple Valley Public Financing Authority

The Apple Valley Public Financing Authority ("Authority") was established to provide financing to the Town of Apple Valley for specified capital improvement projects. The governing board of the Authority is composed of the same individuals that serve as council members for the Town of Apple Valley. Separate financial statements are not prepared for the Authority.

Apple Valley Community Resource Foundation (AVCRF)

The Apple Valley Community Resource Foundation ("Foundation") was established as a 501(C)(3) under the Internal Revenue Code and is exempt from federal income taxes. The Foundation is also exempt from California State income taxes, subject to compliance with applicable laws and regulations. The primary purpose of the Foundation is to lessen the burdens of the Town and to promote and support cultural, recreational, and human services needs in the Town of Apple Valley. The governing board of the Foundation is composed of the same individuals that serve as council members for the Town of Apple Valley. The compiled financial statements of the Foundation can be obtained by request from the Town of Apple Valley at 14955 Dale Evans Parkway, Apple Valley, California 92307.

B. Government-wide and Fund Financial Statements

The Town's basic financial statements are prepared in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board is the acknowledged standard setting body for establishing accounting and financial reporting standards followed by governmental entities in the United States of America.

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - CONT'D

B. Government-wide and Fund Financial Statements - Cont'd

Government-Wide Statements: The government-wide financial statements (i.e., the Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities) report information on all of the nonfiduciary activities of the primary government and its component units. For the most part, the effect of interfund activity has been removed from these statements. Governmental activities, which normally are supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues, are reported separately from business-type activities, which rely to a significant extent on fees and charges for support.

The Statement of Activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct expenses of a given function or segment are offset by program revenues. Direct expenses are expenses that are clearly identifiable with a specific program, project, function or segment. Program revenues of the Town include: 1) charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use, or directly benefit from goods, services, or privileges provided by a given function or segment and 2) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function or segment. Taxes and other items that are properly not included among program revenues are reported instead as general revenues.

<u>Fund Financial Statements:</u> Separate financial statements are provided for governmental funds, proprietary funds, and fiduciary funds, even though the latter are excluded from the government-wide financial statements. Major individual governmental funds are reported as separate columns in the fund financial statements.

C. Implementation of Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Pronouncements

The Town adopted the following new accounting pronouncements issued by the GASB during the current fiscal year ended June 30, 2021:

The GASB issued Statement No. 84, *Fiduciary Activities* in January 2017. This Statement establishes standards of accounting and financial reporting for fiduciary activities. The requirements of this Statement are effective for periods beginning after December 15, 2018 as originally established, however GASB Statement No. 95 allows governments to postpone implementation for one year.

The GASB issued Statement No. 90, *Majority Equity Interests* - an Amendment of GASB Statements No. 14 and No. 61 in August 2018. This Statement modifies previous guidance for reporting a government's majority equity interest in a legally separate organization. This Statement also provides guidance for reporting a component unit if a government acquires a 100 percent equity interest in that component unit. The requirements of this Statement are effective for periods beginning after December 15, 2018 as originally established, however GASB Statement No. 95 allows governments to postpone implementation for one year. Implementation of the statement does not have material impact on the Town's financial statement.

The GASB issued Statement No. 93, *Replacement of Interbank Offered Rates* in March 2020. This Statement will address accounting and financial reporting issues and implications that result from the replacement of an interbank offered rates. The requirements of the Statement, except for paragraph 11b, are effective for reporting periods beginning after June 15, 2020. Implementation of the statement does not have material impact on the Town's financial statement.

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - CONT'D

C. Implementation of Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Pronouncements - Cont'd

Implementation Guide No. 2019-1. Implementation Guide Update-2019. The requirements of this Implementation Guide will take effect for financial statements starting with the fiscal year that ends June 30, 2021.

The Town is currently reviewing its accounting practices to determine the potential impacts on the financial statements for the following GASB Statements:

The GASB issued Statement No. 87, *Leases* in June 2017. This Statement establishes standards of accounting and financial reporting for leases by lessees and lessors. The requirements of this Statement are effective for periods beginning after December 15, 2019 as originally established, however GASB Statement No. 95 allows governments to postpone implementation for 18 months.

The GASB issued Statement No. 89, *Accounting for Interest Cost Incurred before the End of a Construction Period* in June 2018. This Statement establishes accounting requirements for interest costs incurred before the end of a construction period. The requirements of this Statement are effective for periods beginning after December 15, 2019 as originally established, however GASB Statement No. 95 allows governments to postpone implementation for one year.

The GASB issued Statement No. 91, *Conduit Debt Obligations* in May 2019. This Statement establishes a single method of reporting conduit debt obligations by issuers to eliminate diversity in practice. The requirements of this Statement are effective for periods beginning after December 15, 2020 as originally established, however GASB Statement No. 95 allows governments to postpone implementation for one year.

The GASB issued Statement No. 92, *Omnibus 2020* in January 2020. This Statement addresses a variety of topics to enhance comparability in accounting and financial reporting and improve consistency of authoritative literature by addressing practice issues that have been identified during implementation and application of certain GASB Statements. The requirements of this Statement are effective for periods beginning after June 15, 2021 as originally established, however GASB Statement No. 95 allows governments to postpone implementation for one year.

The GASB issued Statement No. 93, *Replacement of Interbank Offered Rates* in March 2020. This Statement will address accounting and financial reporting issues and implications that result from the replacement of an interbank offered rates. The requirement in paragraph 11b is effective for reporting periods ending after December 31, 2021 and the requirements in paragraphs 13 and 14 are effective for fiscal years beginning after June 15, 2021, and all reporting periods thereafter, however GASB Statement No. 95 allows governments to postpone implementation for one year.

The GASB issued Statement No. 94, *Public-Private and Public-Public Partnerships and Availability Payment Arrangements* in March 2020. This Statement addresses issues related to public-private and public-public partnership arrangements (PPPs). The Statement also provides guidance for accounting and financial reporting for availability payment arrangements (APAs). The requirements of this Statement are effective for periods beginning after June 15, 2022.

The GASB issued Statement No. 96, *Subscription-Based Information Technology Arrangements* in May 2020. This Statement provides guidance on the accounting and financial reporting for subscription-based information technology arrangements. The requirements of this Statement are effective for periods beginning after June 15, 2022.

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - CONT'D

C. Implementation of Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Pronouncements - Cont'd

The GASB issued Statement No. 97, Certain Component Unit Criteria, and Accounting and Financial Reporting for Internal Revenue Code Section 457 Deferred Compensation Plans - An Amendment of GASB Statements No. 14 and No. 84, and a Supersession of GASB Statement No. 32 in June 2020. This Statement provides guidance regarding the financial reporting of defined contribution pension plans, defined contribution OPEB plans, and other employee benefit plans. The Statement will also enhance (1) information related to Section 457 plans that meet the definition of a pension plan and the benefits provided through those plans and (2) investment information for all Section 457 plans. Paragraphs 4 and 5 of the Statement were effective immediately whereas the remaining requirements of this Statement are effective for periods beginning after June 15, 2021.

Implementation Guide No. 2019-3. *Leases*. The requirements of this Implementation Guide will take effect for financial statements starting with the fiscal year that ends June 30, 2022.

D. Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting, and Financial Statement Presentation

The government-wide financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting, as are the proprietary fund and fiduciary fund financial statements. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Property taxes are recognized as revenues in the year for which they are levied. Grants and similar items are recognized as revenue as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the providers have been met.

Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized as soon as they are both measurable and available. Revenues are considered to be available when they are collected within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. For this purpose, the Town considers revenues to be available if they are collected within 60 days of the end of the current fiscal period.

Expenditures generally are recorded when a liability is incurred, as under accrual accounting. However, debt service expenditures, as well as expenditures related to compensated absences and claims and judgements, are recorded only when payment is due.

Taxes, intergovernmental revenues, licenses, and interest associated with the current fiscal period are all considered to be susceptible to accrual, and are therefore recognized as revenues of the current fiscal period. Only the portion of special assessments receivable due within the current fiscal period is considered to be susceptible to accrual as revenue of the current period. All other revenue items are considered to be measurable and available only when cash is received by the Town.

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - CONT'D

D. Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting, and Financial Statement Presentation - Cont'd

Major funds are defined as funds that have either assets, liabilities, revenues or expenditures/expenses equal to ten percent of their fund-type total and five percent of the grand total. The General Fund is always a major fund. The Town may also select other funds it believes should be presented as major funds.

The Town has elected to report the following funds as major governmental fund in the accompanying financial statements:

General Fund - This fund is the government's primary operating fund. It accounts for all financial resources of the general government, except those required to be accounted for and reported in another fund.

Transportation Development Act Fund - This fund accounts for the Town's share of Article 3 and 8 monies which are restricted in use for transit or street repair/construction projects/activities.

Measure I Fund - This fund accounts for local transportation projects funded with one half of one percent sales tax measure provided by Ordinance 04-01 of the San Bernardino County Transportation Authority.

Capital Projects Fund - This fund was established to account for construction projects that are not separately accounted for in other capital project funds. Financing is provided primarily through Transportation Impact Fees.

The Town has elected to report all of its proprietary funds as major proprietary fund in the accompanying financial statements:

Sewer Fund - This fund accounts for the costs of providing sewer services to the general public within the Town's service area and the user charges by which these costs are recovered.

Solid Waste Management Fund - This fund accounts for the costs of providing trash services to commercial and residential units and the user charges by which these costs are recovered.

Apple Valley Golf Course Fund - This fund accounts for the costs of providing golf to the general public and the user charges by which these costs are recovered.

Apple Valley Choice Energy Fund - This fund accounts for the costs of providing electric power to residents and businesses and the user charges by which these costs are recovered.

Additionally, the Town reports the following fund types:

Fiduciary Funds Fiduciary funds are accounted for using the flow of economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. Fiduciary funds are excluded from the government-wide financial statements because they do not represent resources of the Town.

The Custodial funds are used to account for money received by the Town as an agent for individuals, other governments and other entities. Specifically, the Town reports activities related to the Assessment District 98-1, Village PBID, Victor Valley Economic Development Authority, Mojave Desert and Mountain Integrated Waste Management Authority, Opportunity High Desert Trust Fund and certain deposits in custodial funds.

The Private-purpose Trust Fund is used to account for the balances and transactions of the Successor Agency to the Redevelopment Agency of the Town of Apple Valley.

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - CONT'D

D. Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting, and Financial Statement Presentation - Cont'd

As a general rule the effect of interfund activity has been eliminated from the government-wide financial statements. Interfund services provided and used are not eliminated in the process of consolidation.

Amounts reported as program revenues include 1) charges to customers or applicants for goods, services, or privileges provided, 2) operating grants and contributions, and 3) capital grants and contributions, including special assessments. Internally dedicated resources are reported as general revenues rather than as program revenues. Likewise, general revenues include all taxes.

Proprietary funds distinguish operating revenues and expenses from nonoperating items. Operating revenues and expenses generally result from providing services and producing and delivering goods in connection with a proprietary fund's principal ongoing operations. The principal operating revenues of the Town's enterprise funds are charges to customers for services provided. Operating expenses for enterprise funds include the cost of sales and services, administrative expenses, and depreciation on capital assets. All revenues and expenses not meeting this definition are reported as non-operating revenues and expenses.

E. Assets, Liabilities, and Net Position or Equity

1. Cash and Investments

For purposes of presentation in the statement of cash flows, cash equivalents are defined as short-term, highly liquid investments that are both readily convertible to known amounts of cash or so near their maturity that they present insignificant risk of change in value because of changes in interest rates. Investments purchased within three months of original maturity are considered to be cash equivalents.

Investments are reported at fair value. Changes in fair value that occur during the fiscal year are recognized as investment income reported for that fiscal year. Investment income includes interest earnings, changes in fair value, and any gains or losses realized upon the liquidation, maturity, or sale of investments.

The Town pools cash and investments of all funds, except for assets held by fiscal agents. Each fund's share in this pool is displayed in the accompanying financial statements as cash and investments. Investment income earned by the pooled investments is allocated to the various funds based on each fund's average cash and investment balance.

2. Receivables and Payables

Activity between funds that is representative of lending/borrowing arrangements outstanding at the end of the fiscal year is referred to as either "due to/from other funds" (i.e., the current portion of interfund loans) or "advances to/from other funds" (i.e., the noncurrent portion of interfund loans).

All other outstanding balances between funds are reported as "due to/from other funds." Any residual balances outstanding between the governmental activities and business-type activities are reported in the government-wide financial statements as "internal balances."

Advances between funds, as reported in the fund financial statements, are offset by nonspendable fund balance in applicable governmental funds to indicate that they are not available for appropriation and are not expendable available financial resources.

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - CONT'D

E. Assets, Liabilities, and Net Position or Equity - Cont'd

Property taxes are assessed and collected each fiscal year according to the following property tax calendar:

Lien Date March 1

Levy Year July 1 to June 30

Due Dates November 1 - 1st Installment; February 1 - 2nd Installment

Delinquent Dates December 10 - 1st Installment; April 10 - 2nd Installment

Under California law, property taxes are assessed and collected by counties up to 1% of assessed value, plus other increases approved by voters. Property tax revenues are pooled and then allocated to cities based on complex formulas prescribed by state statutes.

3. Restricted Assets

Certain proceeds of the Town's long-term debt, as well as certain resources set aside for their repayment, are classified as restricted assets on the Statement of Net Position because their use is limited by bond covenants.

4. Capital Assets

Capital assets, which include land, structures, equipment, and infrastructure assets, are reported in the government-wide financial statements. Capital assets are recorded at cost where historical records are available and at an estimated historical cost where no historical records exist. Assets purchased in excess of \$5,000 are capitalized if they have an expected useful life of 2 years or more. The cost of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset's lives are not capitalized.

Major capital outlay for capital assets and improvements are capitalized as projects are constructed. For debt-financed capital assets, interest incurred during the construction phase is reflected in the capitalization value of the asset constructed, net of interest earned on the invested proceeds over the same period. Capital assets acquired through lease obligations are valued at the present value of future lease payments at the date acquired.

In the case of the initial capitalization of general infrastructure assets (i.e., those reported by governmental activities), the Town chose to include all such items acquired in fiscal years ending after June 30, 1980. As the Town constructs or acquires additional capital assets each period, including infrastructure assets, they are capitalized and reported at historical cost.

The reported value excludes normal maintenance and repairs which are essentially amounts spent in relation to capital assets that do not increase the capacity or efficiency of the item or extend its useful life beyond the original estimate. Donated capital assets received prior to the implementation of GASB 72 were recorded at fair value on the date of donation. Donated capital assets received subsequent to the implementation of GASB 72 are recorded at acquisition value as of the date received.

Capital assets used in operations are depreciated over their estimated useful lives using the straight-line method in the government-wide financial statements and in the fund financial statements of the proprietary funds. Depreciation is charged as an expense against operations and accumulated depreciation is reported on the respective balance sheet.

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - CONT'D

E. Assets, Liabilities, and Net Position or Equity - Cont'd

The range of lives used for depreciation purposes for each capital asset class is as follows:

	Years
Infrastructure	20 to 50
Collector lines	40
Buildings	30
Machinery and equipment	5
Automobile and truck equipment	5
Computer equipment	5
Leasehold improvements	3

5. Use of Estimates

The financial statements have been prepared in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America and necessarily include amounts based on estimates and assumptions by management. Actual results could differ from those amounts.

6. Compensated Absences

Permanent Town employees earn from 10 to 20 vacation days a year, depending upon their length of employment, and 12 sick days a year. Employees can carry forward from 20 to 40 days in earned but unused vacation days depending on the number of years of continuous service. Sick leave hours may be converted to vacation hours at a rate of two sick leave hours to one vacation hour. Payment of converted sick leave hours in excess of 240 hours will occur only upon termination of employment.

Upon termination or retirement, permanent employees are entitled to receive compensation at their current base salary for all unused vacation leave, except for those employees that have not completed 6 months of continuous service.

All accumulated vacation leave is accrued when incurred in the government-wide and proprietary fund financial statements. A liability for these amounts is reported in governmental funds only if they have matured, for example, as a result of employee resignations and retirements. Leave benefits are generally liquidated by the general fund.

7. Claims and Judgments

The Town records a liability for litigation, judgements and claims when it is probable that an asset has been impaired or a liability has been incurred prior to year-end and the probable amount of loss (net of any insurance coverage) can be reasonably estimated. An estimate based upon historical data has been made for exposure to losses incurred but not yet reported. Expenditures related to claims and judgments are recorded in the General Fund.

8. Long-Term Obligations

In the government-wide financial statements, and proprietary fund types in the fund financial statements, long-term debt and other long-term obligations are reported as liabilities in the applicable governmental activities, business-type activities, or proprietary fund type statement of net position. Bond discounts and premiums are deferred and amortized on a straight-line basis over the terms of the bonds.

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - CONT'D

E. Assets, Liabilities, and Net Position or Equity - Cont'd

Unamortized refunding costs represent the difference between the reacquisition price of debt (outstanding principal of the debt, as well as the call premium) and its net carrying value (face value of the debt, adjusted for unamortized premiums or discounts). The difference is amortized over the shorter of 1) the life of the refunding debt or 2) the life of the refunded debt.

The amortization is treated as an adjustment to interest expense of the current period. In the fund financial statements, governmental fund types recognize bond premiums and discounts, as well as bond issuance costs, during the current period. The face amount of debt issued is reported as other financing sources. Premiums received on debt issuances are reported as other financing sources while discounts on debt issuances are reported as other financing uses. Issuance costs, whether or not withheld from the actual debt proceeds received, are reported as debt service expenditures.

9. Transfers

Transfers are reported as other financing sources and uses in the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances for the governmental funds and in the Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Net Position for the proprietary funds.

10. Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources

In addition to assets, the statement of financial position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred outflows of resources, represents consumption of net position that applies to future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense) until then. The Town reports deferred outflows relating to pensions and OPEB, in accordance with GASB Statements No. 68 and 75. The Town also reports deferred outflows relating to defeasance of debt, in accordance with GASB Statement No. 65.

In addition to liabilities, the statement of financial position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred inflows of resources, represents an acquisition of net position that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time.

The Town has certain items, which arise only under the modified accrual basis of accounting, which qualify for reporting in this category. Accordingly, the item, unavailable revenue, is reported in the governmental funds balance sheet. The governmental funds report unavailable revenues from property taxes, special assessments, grant receivables, and other miscellaneous receivables. These amounts are deferred and recognized as an inflow of resources in the period that the amounts become available. In addition, the Town reports deferred inflows relating to pensions and OPEB, in accordance with GASB Statements No. 68 and 75.

11. Net Position

In the Government-wide financial statements; net position is classified in the following categories:

Net Investment in Capital Assets

This category groups all capital assets, including infrastructure, into one component of net position. Accumulated depreciation and the outstanding balances of debt that are attributable to the acquisition, construction or improvement of these assets reduce this category.

Restricted Net Position

This category presents external restrictions imposed by creditors, grantors, contributors, or laws and regulations of other governments and restrictions imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - CONT'D

E. Assets, Liabilities, and Net Position or Equity - Cont'd

Unrestricted Net Position

This category represents the net position of the Town that is not externally restricted for any project or other purpose.

12. Net Position Flow Assumption

Sometimes the Town will fund outlays for a particular purpose from both restricted (e.g. restricted bond or grant proceeds) and unrestricted resources. In order to calculate the amounts to report as restricted net position and unrestricted net position in the statement of net position, a flow assumption must be made about the order in which the resources are considered to be applied. It is the Town's policy to consider restricted net position to have been depleted before unrestricted net position, is applied.

13. Fund Balance

Fund balances in governmental funds are reported in classifications that comprise a hierarchy based primarily on the extent to which the Town is bound to honor constraints on the specific purposes for which amounts in those funds can be spent. Sometimes the Town will fund outlays for a particular purpose from both restricted and unrestricted resources (the total of committed, assigned, and unassigned fund balance). In order to calculate the amounts to report as restricted, committed, assigned, and unassigned fund balance in the governmental fund financial statements a flow assumption must be made about the order in which the resources are considered to be applied. It is the government's policy to consider restricted fund balance to have been depleted before using any of the components of unrestricted fund balance. Further, when the components of unrestricted fund balance can be used for the same purpose, committed fund balance is depleted first, followed by assigned fund balance. Unassigned fund balance is applied last.

The following classifications describe the relative strength of the spending constraints placed on the purposes for which resources can be used:

Nonspendable Fund Balance - Amounts that cannot be spent either because they are in nonspendable form or are required to be maintained intact.

<u>Restricted Fund Balance</u> - Amounts that are constrained to specific purposes by state or federal laws, or externally imposed conditions by grantors or creditors.

<u>Committed Fund Balance</u> - Amounts that may be specified by the Town Council by ordinance or resolution (these are of equal binding depending on the commitment being made) to formally commit part of the Town's fund balances or future revenues for a specific purpose(s) or program. To change or repeal any such commitment will require an additional formal Town Council's action utilizing the same type of action that was originally used.

<u>Assigned Fund Balance</u> - Amounts that are constrained by the Town's intent to use specified financial resources for specific purposes, but are neither restricted nor committed. The Town Council through a resolution, delegates the authority to assign amounts to be used for specific purposes to the Director of Finance.

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - CONT'D

E. Assets, Liabilities, and Net Position or Equity - Cont'd

<u>Unassigned Fund Balance</u> - These are either residual positive net resources of fund balance in excess of what can properly be classified in one of the other four categories, or negative balances. The General Fund is the only fund that reports a positive unassigned fund balance. It is not appropriate to report a positive unassigned fund balance amount in other governmental funds. However, if expenditures incurred for specific purposes exceed the amounts that are restricted, committed, or assigned to those purposes, it may be necessary to report a negative unassigned fund balances in governmental funds other than the General Fund.

14. Pensions

For purposes of measuring the net pension liability and deferred outflows/inflows of resources related to pensions, and pension expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the Town of Apple Valley's California Public Employees' Retirement System (CalPERS) plan (Plan) and additions to/deductions from the Plan's fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by CalPERS. For this purpose, benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

15. Other Postemployment Benefits (OPEB)

For purposes of measuring the net OPEB liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB, and OPEB expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the Town's plan (OPEB Plan) and additions to/deductions from the OPEB Plan's fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis. For this purpose, benefit payments are recognized when currently due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value. Generally accepted accounting principles require that the reported results must pertain to liability and asset information within curtained defined timeframes.

For this report, the following timeframes are used:

Valuation Date June 30, 2020 Measurement Date June 30, 2021

Measurement Period July 01, 2020 through June 30, 2021

16. Change in Accounting Principle

Effective July 1, 2020, the Town adopted GASB Statement No. 84, *Fiduciary Activities*. The objective of this Statement is to improve guidance regarding the identification of fiduciary activities for accounting and financial reporting purposes and how those activities should be reported.

This Statement establishes criteria for identifying fiduciary activities of all state and local governments. The focus of the criteria generally is on (1) whether a government is controlling the assets of the fiduciary activity and (2) the beneficiaries with whom a fiduciary relationship exists. Separate criteria are included to identify fiduciary component units and postemployment benefit arrangements that are fiduciary activities.

An activity meeting the criteria should be reported in a fiduciary fund in the basic financial statements. Governments with activities meeting the criteria should present a statement of fiduciary net position and a statement of changes in fiduciary net position. An exception to that requirement is provided for a business-type activity that normally expects to hold custodial assets for three months or less.

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - CONT'D

E. Assets, Liabilities, and Net Position or Equity - Cont'd

This Statement describes four fiduciary funds that should be reported, if applicable: (1) pension (and other employee benefit) trust funds, (2) investment trust funds, (3) private-purpose trust funds, and (4) custodial funds. Custodial funds generally should report fiduciary activities that are not held in a trust or equivalent arrangement that meets specific criteria.

Prior to GASB 84 implementation, the Town accounted for Fiduciary Activities within the Agency Funds, which are now called Custodial Funds. Beginning of year net position has been restated as follows:

Custodial Funds, Net position - beginning of year Change in accounting principle	\$ - 25,595,455
Custodial Funds, Net position - beginning of year, restated	\$ 25,595,455

NOTE 2 - STEWARDSHIP, COMPLIANCE, AND ACCOUNTABILITY

Deficit Fund Balances/Net Position

There were no governmental funds with deficit fund balances as of June 30, 2021.

The Apple Valley Golf Course proprietary fund has a deficit net position of \$1,898,650 as of June 30, 2021 (\$3,802,390 deficit in unrestricted net position), with a current year operating deficit \$105,456.

NOTE 3 - DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS

A. Cash and Investments

The Town pools all of its cash and investments except those funds required to be held by outside fiscal agents under the provisions of bond indentures. Interest income earned on pooled cash is allocated quarterly to the various funds based on the month-end cash balances. Interest income from cash investments held with fiscal agents is credited directly to the related funds.

NOTE 3 - DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS - CONT'D

A. Cash and Investments Cont'd

Cash and investments as of June 30, 2021 are as follows:

Statement of Net Position:

Governmental Activities Cash and Investments Business-type Activities Cash and Investments Cash and Investments with Fiscal Agent Restricted Cash and Investments	\$ 32,183,476 14,701,834 1,146,315 3,107,768
Statement of Fiduciary Net Position:	
Cash and Investments Cash and Investments with fiscal agent	 18,105,101 238,278
Total Cash and Investments	\$ 69,482,772
Petty Cash Deposits with Financial Institutions Local Agency Investment Fund Certificates of Deposit Held by Fiscal Agent: Money Market Mutual Funds	\$ 5,350 42,540,389 17,594,267 7,958,173 1,384,593
Total Cash and Investments	\$ 69,482,772

Investments Authorized by the California Government Code and the Town's Investment Policy

The table below identifies the investment types that are authorized for the Town by the California Government Code (or the Town's investment policy, where more restrictive). The table also identifies certain provisions of the California Government Code (or the Town's investment policy, where more restrictive) that address interest rate risk, credit risk, and concentration of credit risk.

NOTE 3 - DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS - CONT'D

A. Cash and Investments Cont'd

This table does not address investments of debt proceeds held by bond trustee that are governed by the provisions of debt agreements of the Town, rather than the general provisions of the California Government Code or the Town's investment policy.

Authorized Investment Type	Maximum Maturity	Maximum Percentage of Portfolio	Maximum Investment in One Issuer
Local Agency Bonds	5 years	None	None
U.S. Treasury Obligations	5 Years	None	None
U.S. Agency Securities	5 years	None	None
Banker's Acceptances	180 days	40%	30%
Commercial Paper	270 days	25%	10%
Negotiable Certificates of Deposit	5 years	30%	None
Repurchase Agreements	1 year	None	None
Reverse Repurchase Agreements	92 days	20% of base value	None
Medium-Term Notes	5 years	30%	None
Mutual Funds	N/A	20%	10%
Money Market Mutual Funds	N/A	15%	5%
Mortgage Pass-Through Securities	5 years	20%	None
County Pooled Investment Funds	N/A	None	None
Local Agency Investment Fund (LAIF)	N/A	None	None

NOTE 3 - DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS - CONT'D

A. Cash and Investments Cont'd

Investment Authorized by Debt Agreement:

Investments of debt proceeds held by bond trustee are governed by provisions of the debt agreements, rather than the general provisions of the California Government Code or the Town's investment policy. The table below identifies the investment types that are authorized for investments held by bond trustee. The table also identifies certain provisions of these debt agreements that address interest rate risk, credit risk, and concentration of credit risk.

Authorized Investment Type	Maximum Maturity	Maximum Percentage Allowed	Maximum Investment in One Issuer
U.S. Treasury Obligations	None	None	None
U.S. Agency Securities	None	None	None
Banker's Acceptance	None	None	None
Commercial Paper	None	None	None
Money Market Mutual Funds	None	None	None
Investment Contracts	None	None	None
Certificates of Deposits	None	None	None
Repurchase Agreements	None	None	None
Local Agency Investment Fund	N/A	None	None

Disclosures Relating to Interest Rate Risk:

Interest rate risk is the risk that changes in market interest rates will adversely affect the fair value of an investment. Generally, the longer the maturity of an investment, the greater the sensitivity of its fair value to changes in market interest rates.

As of June 30, 2021, the Town had the following investments:

		Remaining Maturity				
		12 Months or	One to Three			
Investment Type	Total	less	years	Years		
State Investment Pool - LAIF Certificates of Deposit Held by Bond Trustee:	\$17,594,267 7,958,173	\$17,594,267 764,975	\$ - 3,877,943	\$ - 3,315,255		
Money Market Mutual Funds	1,384,593	1,384,593				
Total Pooled Investments	\$26,937,033	\$19,743,835	\$ 3,877,943	\$ 3,315,255		

NOTE 3 - DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS - CONT'D

A. Cash and Investments Cont'd

Fair Value of Investments

The Town categorizes its fair value measurements within the fair value hierarchy established by generally accepted accounting principles. The hierarchy is based on the following valuation inputs used to measure the fair value of the asset:

Level 1 inputs are quoted prices in active markets for identical assets;

Level 2 inputs are significant other observable inputs;

Level 3 inputs are significant unobservable inputs. LAIF and money market mutual funds are not subject to level reporting.

Disclosure Relating to Credit Risk:

Generally, credit risk is the risk that an issuer of an investment will not fulfill its obligation to the holder of the investment. This is measured by the assignment of a rating by a nationally recognized statistical rating organization. Presented below is the minimum rating required by (where applicable) the California Government Code, the Town's investment policy, or debt agreements, and the actual rating as of yearend for each investment type.

			Ra	ting as of Yea	ar End
	Minimum Legal				
Investment Type	Rating	Total	AAA	Aa	Not Rated
State Investment Pool - LAIF	N/A	\$ 17,594,267	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 17,594,267
Certificates of Deposit	N/A	7,958,173	-	-	7,958,173
Held by Bond Trustee: Money Market Mutual Funds	Α	1,384,593	1,384,593		
Money Market Mutual Funds	A	1,364,393	1,304,393		
Total Pooled Investments		\$ 26,937,033	<u>\$1,384,593</u>	\$ -	<u>\$ 25,552,440</u>

Concentration of Credit Risk:

The investment policy of the Town contains no limitations on the amount that can be invested in any one issuer beyond that stipulated by the California Government Code. There were no investments in any one issuer (other than U.S. Treasury securities, mutual funds, and external investment pools) that represent 5% or more of total Town's investments.

NOTE 3 - DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS - CONT'D

A. Cash and Investments - Cont'd

Custodial Credit Risk:

Custodial credit risk for deposits is the risk that, in the event of the failure of a depository financial institution, a government will not be able to recover its deposits or will not be able to recover collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. The custodial risk for investments is the risk that, in the event of the failure of the counterparty to a transaction, a government will not be able to recover the value of its investment or collateral securities that are in the possession of another party. The California Government Code and the Town's investment policy do not contain legal or policy requirements that would limit the exposure to custodial credit risk for deposits, other than the following provision for deposits: The California Government Code requires that a financial institution secure deposits made by state or local government units by pledging securities in an undivided collateral pool held by a depository regulated under state law (unless so waived by the governmental unit). The market value of the pledged securities in the collateral pool must equal at least 110% of the total amount deposited by the public agencies. California law also allows financial institutions to secure Town deposits by pledging first trust deed mortgage notes having a value of 150% of the secured public deposits.

GASB Statement No. 40 requires that the following disclosure be made with respect to custodial credit risks relating to deposits and investments: The Town did not have any deposits with financial institutions in excess of federal depository insurance limits and held in uncollateralized accounts.

Investment in State Investment Pool

The Town is a voluntary participant in the Local Agency Investment Fund (LAIF) that is regulated by California Government Code Section 16429 under the oversight of the Treasurer of the State of California. The fair value of the Entity's investment in this pool is reported in the accompanying financial statements at amounts based upon the Town's pro-rata share of the fair value provided by LAIF for the entire LAIF portfolio (in relation to the amortized cost of that portfolio). The balance available for withdrawal is based on the accounting records maintained by LAIF, which are recorded on an amortized cost basis.

B. Interfund Receivables, Payables, and Transfers

Advances: The General Fund has advanced \$3,722,173 to the Apple Valley Golf Course Fund. This represents amounts advanced to the Golf Course Fund to cover operating deficits over a period of several years.

The General Fund has advanced \$987,050 to the Solid Waste Management Fund. This represents amounts advanced to the Solid Waste Management Fund to cover operating deficit for the current year. The Town is currently developing a plan to repay these advances to the General Fund. Additional information can be found in Note 4-F.

NOTE 3 - DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS - CONT'D

B. Interfund Receivables, Payables, and Transfers - Cont'd

Interfund transfers for the year ended June 30, 2021 are as follows:

Fund	Tra	Transfers In		ansfers Out	Purpose
Governmental Activities:					
General Fund	\$	-	\$	(110,514)	AVGC-fund certain expenditures and cover operating deficits; Nonmajor-clear residual balances from funds with ceased operations.
Nonmajor Funds		515		(1)	To clear residual balances from funds with ceased operations
Business-type Activities:					
Apple Valley Golf Course		110,000		<u>-</u>	To fund certain expenditures and cover operating deficits.
Total	\$	110,515	\$	(110,515)	

C. Receivables

As of June 30, 2021, the amount receivable from the various governmental agencies was \$2,579,491.

D. Loans Receivable

The Town administers a Residential Rehabilitation Loan Program and a down payment assistance program for low- to moderate-income families. The loans provided have a 30-year term, and bear no interest. The loans may be paid in full or in part by the borrower at any time without penalty. As of June 30, 2021, the outstanding loans receivable totaled \$0, net of allowance for doubtful accounts of \$807,338. The allowance was established for loans that are forgivable after a given period of time, assuming all conditions of the loan are met.

NOTE 3 - DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS - CONT'D

E. Capital Assets

Capital asset activity for the year ended June 30, 2021 was as follows:

Governmental Activities:	J	Balance une 30, 2020		Additions	Retirements	Balance June 30, 2021
Nondepreciable assets:		_				
Land	\$	100,447,189	\$	_	\$ -	\$ 100,447,189
Construction in progress		8,459,158	_	8,621,500	(3,782,960)	13,297,698
Total nondepreciable assets		108,906,347	_	8,621,500	(3,782,960)	113,744,887
Depreciable assets:						
Furniture and equipment		3,546,306		107,115	_	3,653,421
Computer equipment		1,860,238		795,119	_	2,655,357
Trucks and automobiles		1,455,706		93,878	(16,818)	1,532,766
Structures and improvements		92,317,389		278,507	-	92,595,896
Infrastructure		426,729,543		6,073,147		432,802,690
Total depreciable assets		525,909,182		7,347,766	(16,818)	533,240,130
Less accumulated depreciation:						
Furniture and equipment		(3,402,319)		(72,208)	-	(3,474,527)
Computer equipment		(1,634,347)		(145,077)	-	(1,779,424)
Trucks and automobiles		(1,147,302)		(75,582)	16,818	(1,206,066)
Structures and improvements		(43,982,640)		(3,081,083)	_	(47,063,723)
Infrastructure		(222,422,542)		(10,861,497)		(233,284,039)
Total accumulated depreciation		(272,589,150)		(14,235,447)	16,818	(286,807,779)
Depreciable assets, net		253,320,032		(6,887,681)		246,432,351
Governmental activities capital assets, net	\$	362,226,379	\$	1,733,819	<u>\$ (3,782,960</u>)	<u>\$ 360,177,238</u>

NOTE 3 - DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS - CONT'D

E. Capital Assets- Cont'd

Business-type Activities:	Balance June 30, 2020	Additions	Retirements	Balance June 30, 2021
Nondepreciable assets: Land Construction in progress	\$ 1,819,012 4,030,382	\$ -	\$ - (4,030,382)	\$ 1,819,012
Water rights	3,650,000	_		3,650,000
Total nondepreciable assets	9,499,394		(4,030,382)	5,469,012
Depreciable assets: Building and system	3,780,924	500,849	_	4,281,773
Machinery and equipment	783,653	29,820	-	813,473
Trucks and automobiles Collector lines	951,412 70,313,851	5,240,34 <u>9</u>	- -	951,412 75,554,200
Total depreciable assets	75,829,840	5,771,018		81,600,858
Less accumulated depreciation: Building and system Machinery and equipment	(2,409,580) (713,517)	(41,752)	-	(2,591,565) (755,269)
Trucks and automobiles Collector lines	(462,921) (51,404,59 <u>6)</u>	, ,	<u> </u>	(562,728) (53,221,064)
Total accumulated depreciation	(54,990,614)	(2,140,012)		<u>(57,130,626</u>)
Depreciable assets, net Business-type activities, capital assets,	20,839,226	3,631,006		24,470,232
net substitution of the su	<u>\$ 30,338,620</u>	<u>\$ 3,631,006</u>	<u>\$ (4,030,382</u>)	\$ 29,939,244

Depreciation expense was charged to functions/programs of the primary government as follows:

Governmental Activities:

General Government Public Safety Transportation Culture and Recreation Community Development	\$	355,888 423,007 11,120,877 1,964,906 370,769
Total depreciation expense	<u>\$</u>	14,235,447
Business-type Activities:		
Sewer Solid Waste Management	\$	1,942,739 67,561
Apple Valley Golf Course		129,712
Total depreciation expense	\$	2,140,012

NOTE 3 - DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS - CONT'D

F. Long-Term Debt

Long-term liabilities for the year ended June 30, 2021 were as follows:

	<u> </u>	Balance ine 30, 2020	A	additions	<u>_F</u>	Reductions	Balance June 30, 2021	_	ue within one year
Governmental Activities: 2017 Loan payable	\$	6,990,000	\$	-	\$	(785,000)	\$ 6,205,000	\$	815,000
Compensated absences Claims payable		869,428 237,951	•	1,278,774 -		(1,133,937) (183,708)	1,014,265 54,243		390,568
Revolving line of credit Net Pension liability Total OPEB liability		6,000,000 13,300,683 4,498,502		913,332 748,233		-	6,000,000 14,214,015 5,246,735		- - -
Long-term liabilities, governmental activities		31,896,564		2,940,339		(2,102,645)	32,734,258	_	1,205,568
Business-type Activities: Net Pension liability Vehicle lease liability		1,318,080 410,979		90,510		(152,808)	1,408,590 258,171		87,318
Long-term liabilities, business-type activities	\$	1,729,059	\$	90,510	\$	(152,808)	\$ 1,666,761	\$	87,318

Obligations for the Total OPEB Liability and Net Pension Liability are typically liquidated from the General Fund and applicable Enterprise Funds.

NOTE 3 - DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS - CONT'D

F. Long-Term Debt - Cont'd

2017 Loan Payable

In July 2017, the Apple Valley Public Financing Authority entered into a loan agreement with Public Property Financing Corporation for \$8,475,000. Proceeds of the loan were used for the purpose of advance refunding the 2007 Lease Revenue Bonds and to finance the acquisition of vehicles. The 2007 Lease Revenue Bonds were issued for the construction of an annex to the Town Hall. Interest on the Loan is 2.90% and is payable semi-annually on March 1 and September 1. Principal is payable on September 1 of each year until maturity on September 1, 2027.

The Authority advance refunded the 2007 Lease Revenue Bonds to increase total debt service payments by approximately \$988,000, and to obtain an economic gain (difference between the present values of the debt service payments on the old and new debt) of approximately \$650,000. Future debt service requirements are as follows:

Fiscal year ended June 30,	Principal		d June 30, P		Interest			Total
2022	\$	815,000	\$	168,128	\$	983,128		
2023		835,000		144,203	•	979,203		
2024		860,000		119,625		979,625		
2025		885,000		94,323		979,323		
2026		910,000		68,295		978,295		
2027		940,000		41,470		981,470		
2028		960,000		13,920		973,920		
Total	\$	6,205,000	\$	649,964	\$	6,854,964		

Revolving Line of Credit

The Town has a credit facility agreement with a JPMorgan bank, which provides for a revolving line of credit for \$10,000,000, bearing interest on drawn amounts of 1-month LIBOR + 1.675% (Taxable) and 79% of 1-month LIBOR + 1.325% (Tax-Exempt). The credit facility maturity date is October 1, 2021. At June 30, 2021, the Town utilized \$6,000,000 of the revolving line of credit.

2020 Lease Payable - Wastewater fund (Vehicle Lease Liability)

On March 10, 2020, the Town of Apple Valley entered into a loan agreement with Jules and Associates, Inc. (lessor) for \$436,592. Proceeds of the loan were used to finance the acquisition of vehicles. Interest on the Loan is payable monthly. The principal is payable monthly of each year until maturity on March 14, 2025.

Future debt service requirements are as follows:

Fiscal year ended June 30,	Principal		Interest		 Total
2022	\$	87,318	\$	11,086	\$ 98,404
2023		87,318		11,086	98,404
2024		83,535		10,497	94,032
Total	\$	258,171	\$	32,669	\$ 290,840

NOTE 3 - DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS - CONT'D

G. Fiduciary Fund Long-Term Debt

Fiduciary Fund long-term debt activity for the 2020-21 fiscal year is as follows:

Fiduciary Funds:	Balance June 30, 2020	Additions	Reductions	Balance June 30, 2021	Due within one year
2005 Tax Allocation Bonds Unamortized Premium	\$ 5,335,000 24,810	\$ - -	\$ (5,335,000) (24,810)	\$ - -	\$ - -
2007 Tax Allocation Bonds VVEDA Project Area Unamortized Discount	6,760,000 (160,652)		(6,760,000) 160,652	-	- -
2007 Tax Allocation Bonds Project Area 2 Unamortized Premium	26,970,000 69,703		(26,970,000) (69,703)	-	-
2020 Apple Valley - VVEDA Loan Unamortized Premium	-	9,295,000 1,866,194	(520,000) (83,978)	8,775,000 1,782,216	- -
2020 Project Area 2 Unamortized Premium		22,720,000 4,572,890	(1,110,000) (205,780)	21,610,000 4,367,110	<u> </u>
Long-term Liabilities, Fiduciary Funds	\$ 38,998,861	\$ 38,454,084	\$ (40,918,619)	\$ 36,534,326	\$ -

Tax Allocation Bonds

2005 VVEDA Tax Allocation Bonds

In May of 2005, the former Redevelopment Agency issued \$8,130,000 in Tax Allocation Bonds, which mature in amounts from \$130,000 to \$485,000 annually from 2006 to 2035 with interest payments of 3.00% to 4.750% payable semi-annually on June 1 and December 1. The purpose of the bonds is to finance certain public capital improvements benefiting the portion of the Victor Valley Economic Development Authority (VVEDA) Project Area that is within the Jurisdiction of the Town. The VVEDA is a joint exercise of powers authority established in 1989 of which the Town is a member. The bonds are special obligations of the Agency and are payable exclusively from Pledged Tax Revenues. The bonds are not a debt of the Town of Apple Valley, the VVEDA or its members, the State of California or any of its political subdivisions. In no event shall the bonds be payable out of any funds or properties other than those of the Agency. This bond obligation was refunded in September of 2020 with the issuance of the Apple Valley Public Financing Authority Tax Allocation Revenue Refunding Bonds, Series 2020A.

NOTE 3 - DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS - CONT'D

G. Fiduciary Fund Long-Term Debt - Cont'd

2007 VVEDA Tax Allocation Bonds

In June of 2007, the Agency issued \$8,985,000 in Tax Allocation Bonds, which mature in amounts from \$145,000 to \$1,010,000 annually from 2009 to 2037 with interest payments of 4.00% to 4.750% payable semi-annually on June 1 and December 1 of each year.

The purpose of the bonds is to finance certain redevelopment projects benefiting the portion of the Victor Valley Economic Development Authority (VVEDA) Project Area within the jurisdiction of the Town of Apple Valley. The bonds are special obligations of the Agency and are payable exclusively from Pledged Tax Revenues. The bonds are not a debt of the Town of Apple Valley, the VVEDA or its members, State of California, or any of its political subdivisions, other than the Agency, and neither the Town of Apple Valley, the VVEDA or its members, the State of California nor any of its political subdivisions, other than the Agency, is liable therefore. In no event shall the bonds be payable out of any funds or properties other than those of the Agency. This bond obligation was refunded in September of 2020 with the issuance of the Apple Valley Public Financing Authority Tax Allocation Revenue Refunding Bonds, Series 2020A.

2007 Tax Allocation Bonds Project Area 2

In July of 2007, the Redevelopment Agency of the Town of Apple Valley issued \$9,295,000 in Tax Allocation Bonds. Interest on the bonds ranges from 4.00% to 5.75% and is payable semi-annually on June 1 and December 1 of each year. Principal is payable on July 1 to maturity in 2037. Proceeds from the Bonds were to be used to finance certain redevelopment activities benefiting the Apple Valley Redevelopment Project Area 2. This bond obligation was refunded in September of 2020 with the issuance of the Apple Valley Public Financing Authority Tax Allocation Revenue Refunding Bonds, Series 2020A.

2020 Apple Valley - VVEDA Loan

In September of 2020, the Apple Valley Public Financing Authority of the Apple Valley issued \$9,295,000 in Tax Allocation Revenue Refunding Bonds to refund the 2005 VVEDA Project Area Bonds, the 2007 VVEDA Project Area Bonds, and 2007 Project Area 2 Bonds. The bonds are special obligations of the Successor Agency to the Redevelopment Agency of the Town of Apple Valley and are payable exclusively from Pledged Tax Revenues generated from the applicable Project Area. The bonds mature annually from 2021 to 2037 with interest payments of 3.00% to 4.00% payable semi-annually on June 1 and December 1 of each year.

Annual debt service requirements to maturity are as follows:

Year Ending	Principal	Total	
2022	\$ -	\$ 351,000	\$ 351,000
2023	-	351,000	351,000
2024	-	351,000	351,000
2025	-	351,000	351,000
2026	-	351,000	351,000
2027-2031	3,260,000	1,536,800	4,796,800
2032-2036	4,500,000	757,400	5,257,400
2037	1,015,000	40,600	1,055,600
Total	\$ 8,775,000	\$ 4,089,800	<u>\$ 12,864,800</u>

NOTE 3 - DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS - CONT'D

G. Fiduciary Fund Long-Term Debt - Cont'd

2020 Project Area 2

In September of 2020, the Apple Valley Public Financing Authority of the Apple Valley issued \$22,720,000 in Tax Allocation Revenue Refunding Bonds to refund the 2005 VVEDA Project Area Bonds, the 2007 VVEDA Project Area Bonds, and 2007 Project Area 2 Bonds. The bonds are special obligations of the Successor Agency to the Redevelopment Agency of the Town of Apple Valley and are payable exclusively from Pledged Tax Revenues generated from the applicable Project Area. The bonds mature annually from 2021 to 2037 with interest payments of 3.00% to 4.00% payable semi-annually on June 1 and December 1 of each year.

Annual debt service requirements to maturity are as follows:

Year Ending	Principal	 Interest	erest Tota		
2022	\$ -	\$ 864,400	\$	864,400	
2023	-	864,400		864,400	
2024	-	864,400		864,400	
2025	-	864,400		864,400	
2026	740,000	864,400		1,604,400	
2027-2031	8,380,000	3,530,000		11,910,000	
2032-2036	10,200,000	1,713,600		11,913,600	
2037	2,290,000	91,600		2,381,600	
Total	\$ 21,610,000	\$ 9,657,200	\$	31,267,200	

H. Debt Issued Without Governmental Commitment

The following issues of bonds and certificates of participation are not reflected in the Town's financial statements since they are obligations of private parties (with no government commitment) payable entirely from and secured by non-Town resources as described in the bond resolutions and statements of the various issues.

On September 10, 1991 the Town issued Hospital Revenue Certificates of Participation (St. Mary Desert Valley Hospital), 1991 Refunding Series A in the amount of \$9,485,000. The certificates were issued in order to advance refund the \$9,485,000 California Health Facilities Authority Hospital Revenue Bonds St. Mary Desert Valley Hospital, 1982 Series A issue. These certificates were issued in denominations of \$5,000 and mature October 1, 1992 through 2012 with interest rates ranging from 4.5% to 6.75%. These certificates are the obligation of a private party (St. Mary Desert Valley Hospital) payable entirely from and secured by non-Town resources.

The Apple Valley Water District issued Special Assessment District 98-1, 1915 Improvement Act Bonds. These bonds were issued to finance the construction and acquisition of sewer improvements within the area commonly known as Jess Ranch, located within the Assessment District. The Town is in no way liable for repayments of these bonds, but is only acting as an agent for the property owners in collecting the assessments, forwarding the collections to bondholders and initiating foreclosure proceedings, when necessary. The bonds mature on September 2, 1999 through 2023. As of June 30, 2021, the outstanding balance is \$635,000.

NOTE 3 - DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS - CONT'D

I. Fund Balance

The details of fund balances as of June 30, 2021 are as follows:

	General Fund	Transportation Development Act Fund	Measure I Fund	Capital Projects Fund	Other Governmental Funds	Total Governmental Funds
Nonspendable: Prepaid Items Long-term receivables	\$ 104,449 3,722,173	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ - -	\$ 104,449 3,722,173
Restricted for: Streets and Transportation Community Development Culture and Recreation Capital Projects/ Improvement	- - -	850,891 - - -	4,133,532 - -	- - -	1,592,815 2,173,901 1,674,800 4,678,934	6,577,238 2,173,901 1,674,800 4,678,934
Assigned for: Capital Projects Streets and Transportation	- -	- -	- -	4,675,655	764,954 1,473,843	5,440,609 1,473,843
Unassigned	6,081,206					6,081,206
Total Fund Balance	\$ 9,907,828	\$ 850,891	\$ 4,133,532	\$ 4,675,655	\$ 12,359,247	\$ 31,927,153

J. Unavailable Revenue

Total

Unavailable revenues as of year-end from the Balance Sheet - Governmental Funds are as follows: Other Nonmajor

Governmental General Fund Funds Total Unavailable Revenue Intergovernmental \$ 74,685 \$ 74,685 Accounts Receivable 91,877 91,877 166,562 166,562

K. Restricted Cash and Investments

The restricted cash and investments as of June 30, 2021 from proprietary funds are as follows:

	Sewer Fund	A p	pple Valley Choice Energy Fund	Total
Restricted cash Cash and investments Cash and investments with fiscal agent	\$ 2,960,768 1,146,315	\$	147,000	\$ 3,107,768 1,146,315
Total	\$ 4,107,083	\$	147,000	\$ 4,254,083

NOTE 3 - DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS - CONT'D

L. Operating Lease

The Town leases vehicles under operating leases. The rental cost for the year ended June 30, 2021, was \$100,202.

The future minimum rental payments required under the operating leases at June 30, 2021, are as follows:

Year ending June 30:	_	Amount
2022	\$	117,116
2023		117,116
2024		117,116
2025		74,298
2026		19,107
Total	\$	444,753

NOTE 4 - OTHER INFORMATION

A. Risk Management

A. Description of Self-Insurance Pool Pursuant to Joint Powers Agreement

The Town of Apple Valley is a member of the California Joint Powers Insurance Authority (Authority). The Authority is composed of 118 California public entities and is organized under a joint powers agreement pursuant to California Government Code §6500 et seq. The purpose of the Authority is to arrange and administer programs for the pooling of self insured losses, to purchase excess insurance or reinsurance, and to arrange for group purchased insurance for property and other lines of coverage. The California JPIA began covering claims of its members in 1978. Each member government has an elected official as its representative on the Board of Directors. The Board operates through a nine-member Executive Committee.

B. Primary Self-Insurance Programs of the Authority

Each member pays an annual contribution at the beginning of the coverage period. A retrospective adjustment is then conducted annually thereafter, for coverage years 2012-13 and prior. Coverage years 2013-14 and forward are not subject to routine annual retrospective adjustment. The total funding requirement for primary self-insurance programs is based on an actuarial analysis. Costs are allocated to individual agencies based on payroll and claims history, relative to other members of the risk-sharing pool.

<u>Primary Liability Program</u> - Claims are pooled separately between police and general government exposures. (1) The payroll of each member is evaluated relative to the payroll of other members. A variable credibility factor is determined for each member, which establishes the weight applied to payroll and the weight applied to losses within the formula. (2) The first layer of losses includes incurred costs up to \$30,000 for each occurrence and is evaluated as a percentage of the pool's total incurred costs within the first layer. (3) The second layer of losses includes incurred costs from \$30,000 to \$750,000 for each occurrence and is evaluated as a percentage of the pool's total incurred costs within the second layer. (4) Incurred costs from \$750,000 to \$50 million, are distributed based on the outcome of cost allocation within the first and second loss layers.

NOTE 4 - OTHER INFORMATION - CONT'D

A. Risk Management - Cont'd

The overall coverage limit for each member, including all layers of coverage, is \$50 million per occurrence. Subsidence losses have a sub-limit of \$40 million per occurrence. The coverage structure includes retained risk that is pooled among members, reinsurance, and excess insurance. More detailed information about the various layers of coverage is available on the following website: https://cjpia.org/coverage/risk-sharing-pools/.

Primary Workers' Compensation Program - Claims are pooled separately between public safety (police and fire) and general government exposures. (1) The payroll of each member is evaluated relative to the payroll of other members. A variable credibility factor is determined for each member, which establishes the weight applied to payroll and the weight applied to losses within the formula. (2) The first layer of losses includes incurred costs up to \$50,000 for each occurrence and is evaluated as a percentage of the pool's total incurred costs within the first layer. (3) The second layer of losses includes incurred costs from \$50,000 to \$100,000 for each occurrence and is evaluated as a percentage of the pool's total incurred costs within the second layer. (4) Incurred costs from \$100,000 to statutory limits are distributed based on the outcome of cost allocation within the first and second loss layers. For 2020-21 the Authority's pooled retention is \$1 million per occurrence, with reinsurance to statutory limits under California Workers' Compensation Law.

Employer's Liability losses are pooled among members to \$1 million. Coverage from \$1 million to \$5 million is purchased through reinsurance policies, and Employer's Liability losses from \$5 million to \$10 million are pooled among members.

C. Purchased Insurance

<u>Pollution Legal Liability Insurance</u> - The Town of Apple Valley participates in the pollution legal liability insurance program which is available through the Authority. The policy covers sudden and gradual pollution of scheduled property, streets, and storm drains owned by the Town of Apple Valley. Coverage is on a claims made basis. There is a \$250,000 deductible. The Authority has an aggregate limit of \$50 million for the one year period from July 1, 2020 through July 1, 2021. Each member of the Authority has a \$5 million sub-limit during the policy term.

<u>Property Insurance</u> - The Town of Apple Valley participates in the all-risk property protection program of the Authority. This insurance protection is underwritten by several insurance companies. Town of Apple Valley property is currently insured according to a schedule of covered property submitted by the Town of Apple Valley to the Authority. Town of Apple Valley property currently has all-risk property insurance protection in the amount of \$75,397,228. There is a \$10,000 deductible per occurrence except for non-emergency vehicle insurance which has a \$2,500 deductible.

<u>Earthquake and Flood Insurance</u> - The Town of Apple Valley purchases earthquake and flood insurance on a portion of its property. The earthquake insurance is part of the property protection insurance program of the Authority. Town of Apple Valley property currently has earthquake protection in the amount of \$336,192. There is a deductible of 5% per unit of value with a minimum deductible of \$100,000.

<u>Crime Insurance</u> - The Town of Apple Valley purchases crime insurance coverage in the amount of \$1,000,000 with a \$2,500 deductible. The fidelity coverage is provided through the Authority.

<u>Special Event Tenant User Liability Insurance</u> - The Town of Apple Valley further protects against liability damages by requiring tenant users of certain property to purchase low-cost tenant user liability insurance for certain activities on agency property. The insurance premium is paid by the tenant user and is paid to the Town of Apple Valley according to a schedule. The Town of Apple Valley then pays for the insurance. The insurance is facilitated by the Authority.

NOTE 4 - OTHER INFORMATION - CONT'D

A. Risk Management - Cont'd

D. Adequacy of Protection

During the past three fiscal years, none of the above programs of protection experienced settlements or judgments that exceeded pooled or insured coverage. There were also no significant reductions in pooled or insured liability coverage in 2020-21.

Claims expenditures and liabilities are reported when it is probable that a loss has occurred and the amount of that loss can be reasonably estimated. At June 30, 2021, the amount of these liabilities was \$54,243. This liability is the Town's best estimate based on available information.

Changes in Claims Payable were as follows:

	2	020-2021	2019-2020
Claims payable, beginning of fiscal year Claim payments and changes in estimates	\$	237,951 (183,708)	\$ 336,865 (98,914)
Claims payable, end of fiscal year	\$	54,243	\$ 237,951

NOTE 4 - OTHER INFORMATION - CONT'D

B. Participation in Joint Ventures

Victor Valley Wastewater Reclamation Authority

The Town of Apple Valley is a member of the Victor Valley Wastewater Reclamation Authority ("VVWRA"), a joint powers agreement between local governments and special districts for the purpose of construction, operation and maintenance of sewer collection transmission and treatment facilities within the high desert region. The governing body of VVWRA is made up of representatives from each significant participant in VVWRA. The Town of Apple Valley is joint owners of the Wastewater Reclamation Plan with the cities of Victorville, Adelanto, Hesperia and the County of San Bernardino. Budgeting and financing are the responsibility of the VVWRA. The Town makes monthly payments to VVWRA for sewer treatment and connection fee services. During the 2020-21 fiscal year, the Town remitted \$3,175,079 to VVWRA.

The audited financial statements of the VVWRA can be obtained by request from P.O. Box 1481, Victorville, California 92393.

Mojave Desert and Mountain Integrated Waste Management Authority

The Town of Apple Valley is a member of the Mojave Desert and Mountain Integrated Waste Management Authority ("Authority"), a joint powers agreement between local governments for the purpose of studying and planning ways and means to develop source reduction and recycling elements for their respective boundaries pursuant to Public Resources Code Section 40950 (A.B. 939). The governing body of the Authority is made up of representatives from each significant participants in the Authority. Budgeting and financing are the responsibility of the Authority. Contribution rates from member agencies are based on each member's current population as a percentage of the total population of the Authority. The Town of Apple Valley maintains a 50% interest in the Materials Recovery Facility (MRF). The Town's net investment in the Joint Venture at June 30, 2021, reported as a capital asset of the Solid Waste Management Fund, was \$1,178,616. The remaining 50% interest is maintained by the City of Victorville. All operations are maintained through the Town and reported as a Custodial Fund in the Town's financial statements.

The audited financial statements of the Authority can be obtained by request from the Town of Apple Valley at 14955 Dale Evans Parkway, Apple Valley, California 92307.

<u>Victor Valley Transit Authority</u> - The Town of Apple Valley is a member of the Victor Valley Transit Authority (VVTA), a joint powers agreement between the Town of Apple Valley, Town of Victorville, Hesperia, and the County of San Bernardino for the purpose of implementing a public transit system to serve the Victor Valley and to provide connecting services to all other areas. The governing body of VVTA is made up of representatives from each significant participant in VVTA. Budgeting and financing are the responsibility of VVTA. The Town has agreed to sell monthly bus passes issued by VVTA and to remit quarterly the previous quarter's sales receipts and proceeds. This activity is included in the Custodial Funds.

The audited financial statements of the VVTA can be obtained by request from P.O. Box 5001, Victorville, California 92393.

<u>Victor Valley Economic Development Authority</u> - The Town is a member of the Victor Valley Economic Development Authority (VVEDA), a joint powers authority along with the Town of Victorville, Hesperia and the County of San Bernardino. Its purpose is to coordinate the transition of George Air Force Base from military to civilian use. All operations are maintained through the Town and reported as a Custodial Fund in the Town's financial statements.

NOTE 4 - OTHER INFORMATION - CONT'D

C. Town Employees Retirement Plan (Defined Benefit Pension Plan)

General Information about the Defined Benefit Pension Plan

Plan Description

All qualified permanent and probationary employees are eligible to participate in the Public Agency Cost-Sharing Multiple-Employer Defined Benefit Pension Plan (Plan) administered by the California Public Employees' Retirement System (CalPERS).

The Plan consists of individual rate plans (benefit tiers) within a safety risk pool (police and fire) and a miscellaneous risk pool (all others.) Plan assets may be used to pay benefits for any employer rate plan of the safety and miscellaneous pools. Accordingly, rate plans within the safety or miscellaneous pools are not separate plans under GASB Statement No. 68. Individual employers may sponsor more than one rate plan in the miscellaneous or safety risk pools. The Town of Apple Valley sponsors 3 rate plans (all 3 are miscellaneous.) Benefit provisions under the Plan are established by State statute and Town resolution. CalPERS issues publicly available reports that include a full description of the pension plan regarding benefit provisions, assumptions and membership information that can be found on the CalPERS website.

Benefits Provided

The Plan is a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan administered by the California Public Employees' Retirement System (CalPERS). A full description of the pension plan regarding number of employees covered, benefit provisions, assumptions (for funding purposes but not accounting purposes), and membership information is listed in the June 30, 2020 Annual Actuarial Valuation Report (funding valuation). Details of the benefits provided can be obtained in Appendix B of the actuarial valuation report. This report is publicly available valuation report that can be obtained at CalPERS' website.

The rate plan provisions and benefits in effect at June 30, 2021, are summarized as follows:

	Missellenseus	Miscellaneous	Miscellaneous
	Miscellaneous	Tier II	<u>PEPRA</u>
		On or after	
	Prior to October 23,	October 23,	On or after
Hire date	2011	2011	January 1, 2013
Benefit formula	2.7% @ 55	2% @ 55	2% @ 62
Benefit vesting schedule	5 years' service	5 years' service	5 years' service
Benefit payments	monthly for life	monthly for life	monthly for life
Retirement age	55	55	62
Monthly benefits, as a % of eligible			
compensation	2.7%	2%	2%
Required employee contribution rates	8%	7%	6.75%
· · · · ·	14.194% +	10.484% +	
Required employer contribution rates	\$1,128,206	\$4,900	7.732% + \$9,792

Beginning in fiscal year 2017, CalPERS collects employer contributions for the Plan as a percentage of payroll for the normal cost portion as noted in the rates above and as a dollar amount for contributions toward the unfunded liability and side fund. The dollar amounts are billed on a monthly basis.

The Town's required contribution for the unfunded liability was \$1,142,898 in fiscal year 2021.

NOTE 4 - OTHER INFORMATION - CONT'D

C. Town Employees Retirement Plan (Defined Benefit Pension Plan) - Cont'd

Contributions

Section 20814(c) of the California Public Employees' Retirement Law requires that the employer contribution rates for all public employers are determined on an annual basis by the actuary and shall be effective on the July 1 following notice of a change in the rate. The actuarially determined rate is the estimated amount necessary to finance the costs of benefits earned by employees during the year, with an additional amount to finance any unfunded accrued liability.

The Town is required to contribute the difference between the actuarially determined rate and the contribution rate of employees.

The Town's contributions to the Plan for the year ended June 30, 2021 were \$1,161,605.

Pension Liabilities, Pension Expenses and Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

As of June 30, 2021, the Town reported a net pension liability for its proportionate shares of the net pension liability of the Plan of \$15,622,605.

The Town's net pension liability for the Plan is measured as the proportionate share of the net pension liability. The net pension liability of the Plan is measured as of June 30, 2021, and the total pension liability for the Plan used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2019 rolled forward to June 30, 2020 using standard update procedures. The Town's proportion of the net pension liability was based on a projection of the Town's long-term share of contributions to the pension plan relative to the projected contributions of all participating employers, actuarially determined.

The Town's proportionate share of the net pension liability as of June 30, 2020 and 2021 was as follows:

Proportion - June 30, 2020	0.36506 %
Proportion - June 30, 2021	0.37037 %
Change - Increase (Decrease)	0.00531 %

For the year ended June 30, 2021, the Town recognized pension expense of \$1,158,648. At June 30, 2021, the Town reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	eferred Outflows of Resources	De	eferred Inflows of Resources
Pension contributions subsequent to measurement date	\$ 1,161,605	\$	-
Differences between actual and expected experience Differences between Projected and Actual Investment	805,080		-
Earnings	464,094		-
Changes of assumptions	-		111,427
Change in employer's proportion Differences between the employer's contributions and the	207,948		96,063
employer's proportionate share of contributions	6,910		721,150
Total	\$ 2,645,637	\$	928,640

NOTE 4 - OTHER INFORMATION - CONT'D

C. Town Employees Retirement Plan (Defined Benefit Pension Plan) - Cont'd

\$1,161,605 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability for the year ended June 30, 2020. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized as pension expense as follows:

Voor Ending June 20	,	Deferred Outflows
Year Ending June 30,	$\overline{}$	Inflows) of Resources
2022	\$	(133,847)
2023		219,740
2024		246,907
2025		222,592
Thereafter		-
Total	\$	555,392

Actuarial Methods and Assumptions

The June 30, 2020 valuation was rolled forward to determine the June 30, 2021 total pension liability, based on the following actuarial methods and assumptions:

·	Plan
Valuation date	June 30, 2020
Measurement date	June 30, 2021
Actuarial cost method	Entry Age Normal
Actuarial assumptions:	
Discount rate	7.15%
Inflation	2.50%
Salary increases	Varies by Entry Age and Service
Investment rate of return	7.15%
Mortality rate table*	Derived using CalPERS' membership data for all funds
Post retirement benefit increase	**

^{*} The mortality table used was developed based on CalPERS-specific data. The table includes 15 years of mortality improvements using Society of Actuaries Scale 90% of scale MP 2016. For more details on this table, please refer to the December 2017 experience study report (based on CalPERS demographic data from 1997 to 2015) that can be found on the CalPERS website.

Discount Rate

The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 7.15%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that contributions from plan members will be made at the current member contribution rates and that contributions from employers will be made at statutorily required rates, actuarially determined. Based on those assumptions, the Plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

^{**} The lesser of contract COLA or 2.50% until Purchasing Power Protection Allowance floor on purchasing power applies, 2.50% thereafter

NOTE 4 - OTHER INFORMATION - CONT'D

C. Town Employees Retirement Plan (Defined Benefit Pension Plan) - Cont'd

Long-term Expected Rate of Return

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a building-block method in which future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. In determining the long-term expected rate of return, CalPERS took into account both short-term and long-term market return expectations as well as the expected pension fund cash flows. Using historical returns of all the funds' asset classes, expected compound (geometric) returns were calculated over the short-term (first 10 years) and the long-term (11+ years) using a building-block approach. Using the expected nominal returns for both short-term and long-term, the present value of benefits was calculated for each fund. The expected rate of return was set by calculating the single equivalent expected return that arrived at the same present value of benefits for cash flows as the one calculated using both short-term and long-term returns. The expected rate of return was then set equivalent to the single equivalent rate calculated above and adjusted to account for assumed administrative expenses.

The expected real rates of return by asset class are as follows:

Asset Class*	Assumed Asset Allocation	Real Return Years 10 -**	Real Return Years 11+ ***
Public Equity	50%	4.80%	5.98%
Fixed Income	28%	1.00%	2.62%
Inflation Assets	-	0.77%	1.81%
Private Equity	8%	6.30%	7.23%
Real Assets	13%	3.75%	4.93%
Liquidity	1%	-	-0.92%

^{*} Fixed Income is included in Global Debt Securities; Liquidity is included in Short-Term Investments; Inflation Assets are included in both Global Equity Securities and Global Debt Securities.

Sensitivity of the Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate

The following presents the collective net pension liability calculated using a discount rate of 7.15%, as well as what the collective net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower (6.15%) or 1-percentage-point higher (8.15%) than the current rate:

	 Plan
1% Decrease Net Pension Liability	\$ 6.15% 22,928,647
Current Discount Rate Net Pension Liability	\$ 7.15% 15,622,605
1% Increase Net Pension Liability	\$ 8.15% 9,583,853

<u>Pension Plan Fiduciary Net Position</u> - Detailed information about the pension plan's fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued CalPERS financial reports.

^{**} An expected inflation of 2.00% used for this period.

^{***} An expected inflation of 2.92% used for this period.

NOTE 4 - OTHER INFORMATION - CONT'D

C. Town Employees Retirement Plan (Defined Benefit Pension Plan) - Cont'd

At June 30, 2021, the Town reported a payable of \$0 for the outstanding amount of contributions to the pension plan required for the year ended June 30, 2021.

D. Other Post Employment Benefits

General Information About the OPEB Plan

Plan Descriptions

The Town provides medical benefits to retirees that retire with a minimum of 10 years of service with the Town and reach age 55. The plan is a single-employer defined contribution post-employment healthcare benefits plan.

Benefits Provided

The Town pays for the vested retiree monthly medical insurance premiums for retirees and spouses (spouses only if retired prior to June 22, 2015) up to age 65. After age 65, benefits are Parts B and D of Medicare. In any case, benefits are limited to 10 years. Vested benefits are 25% for service of 10 to 14 years, 50% for service of 15 to 19 years, 75% for service of 20 to 24 years and 100% for service of 25 years or more. For retirees and spouses that retired prior to June 22, 2015 (up to age 65) benefits are similar to actives.

Employees Covered by Benefit Terms

As of the June 30, 2021 actuarial valuation, the following current and former employees were covered by the benefit terms under the Plan:

Retirees or spouses of retirees currently receiving benefits	14
Active employees	110
	124

Contributions -

The Plan and its contribution requirements are established by Town policy and may be amended through Town Council. The annual contributions to the Plan are based on the costs to provide the benefits as described above on a pay as you go basis.

For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2021, the Town's pay-as-you-go costs were \$157,122.

Total OPEB Liability

The Town's total OPEB liability was measured as of June 30, 2021 and was determined by an actuarial valuation dated June 30, 2021, based on the following actuarial methods and assumptions:

Valuation Date June 30, 2020 Measurement Date June 30, 2021

Measurement Period July 01, 2020 to June 30, 2021

NOTE 4 - OTHER INFORMATION - CONT'D

D. Other Post Employment Benefits - Cont'd

Actuarial Cost Method Entry Age Actuarial Cost

Mortality Based on assumptions for Public Agency Miscellaneous

members published in the December 2017 CalPERS Experience Study. These tables include 15 years of static

mortality improvement using 90% of scale MP-2016.

Age at Retirement 57 with 10 years of service or age +1 if eligible to retire

Health Care Trend Rate 6.4% for FY 2020, gradually decreasing over several decades to

an ultimate rate of 4.0% in FY 2076 and later years.

Discount Rate 1.92% Inflation Rate 2.50% Long-term expected investment N/A

return

Medical CPI See "Benefits Provided" above

Discount Rate

The discount rate used to measure the total OPEB liability was 1.92 percent and is based on the Bond Buyer 20-Bond GO index.

Changes in the Total OPEB Liability

	Tota	I OPEB Liability (TOL)
Balance at June 30, 2020	\$	4,498,502
Changes during the year: Service cost Interest on the total OPEB liability Changes of assumptions Differences between expected and actual experience Benefit payments		357,809 117,610 383,602 977 (111,765)
Net changes		748,233
Balance at June 30, 2021	\$	5,246,735

NOTE 4 - OTHER INFORMATION - CONT'D

D. Other Post Employment Benefits - Cont'd

Sensitivity of the Total OPEB Liability to changes in the Discount Rate

The following presents the total OPEB liability of the Town if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower or 1-percentage-point higher than the current discount rate:

	 1% Decrease (0.92 %)	Discount Rate (1.92%)		1% Increase (2.92%)	
Total OPEB liability	\$ 6,091,749	\$	5,246,735	\$	4,554,461

Sensitivity of the Total OPEB Liability to changes in the Healthcare Cost Trend Rates

The following presents the total OPEB liability of the Town, as well as what the Town's total OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a healthcare cost trend rate that is 1-percentage-point lower or 1-percentage-point higher than the current healthcare cost trend rate:

	1	1% Decrease Current Rate 1% Increase		Current Rate		1% Increase
Total OPEB liability	\$	4,291,084	\$	5,246,735	\$	6,495,995

OPEB Expense and Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources Related to OPEB

For the year ended June 30, 2021, the Town recognized OPEB expense (income) of \$352,298. The Town reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB from the following sources:

	Deterred of Res	Outflows ources	Det	erred Inflows of Resources
Difference between expected and actual liability Changes of assumptions Net difference between projected and actual investment earnings Contributions between measurement date and	\$	390,732 352,827	\$	- 720,251 -
reporting date				
Total	\$	743,559	\$	720,251

NOTE 4 - OTHER INFORMATION - CONT'D

D. Other Post Employment Benefits - Cont'd

Amounts reported as deferred outflows and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB will be recognized as OPEB expense as follows:

	Deferred Outflows (Inflows) of
Year Ending June 30,	 Resources
2022	\$ (11,356)
2023	(11,356)
2024	(11,356)
2025	(11,356)
2026	(11,755)
Thereafter	 80,487
Total	\$ 23,308

E. Commitments and Contingent Liabilities

The Town is a defendant in several pending lawsuits of a nature common to many similar jurisdictions. Town management and legal counsel of the Town estimates that the potential claims against the Town not covered by insurance resulting from such litigation would not materially adversely affect the financial statements of the Town. The Town has received state and federal funds for specific purposes that are subject to review and audit by the grantor agencies. Although such audits could generate expenditure disallowances under terms of the grants, it is believed that any required reimbursements will not be material. At year-end, the estimated amount of construction and contractual obligations spanning multiple fiscal years is \$5,230,633.

F. Town's Financial Condition and Management's Plans

Apple Valley Golf Course Deficit Net Position

The Apple Valley Golf Course (AVGC) Fund has a deficit net position of \$1,898,650. This deficit includes an advance from the General Fund of \$3,722,173. The current year operating deficit, prior to transfer from the General Fund, was \$105,456.

Management's Plans

Management is reviewing the expenditures in the Apple Valley Golf Course Fund to reduce spending and improve the net position in this fund. Also, management plans to review the Town's current cost allocation plan to ensure costs from the General Fund are properly allocated to the funds supported.

NOTE 4 - OTHER INFORMATION - CONT'D

G. Prior Period Adjustment

During the fiscal year ended June 30, 2021, the Town found that the loans receivable and allowance for doubtful debts were not properly recorded in its previous year's financial statements. As a result, following the prior period adjustments have been made in the Town's financial statements to record the correct beginning fund balance - Governmental Funds and the net position for Governmental Activities:

	Net position	Fund balance
Beginning net position and fund balance as previously reported		
at June 30, 2020	\$ 369,922,863	\$ 34,392,820
Loans receivable, net of allowance	(5,426,319)	(5,426,319)
Net position and fund balance as restated, July 01, 2020	<u>\$ 364,496,544</u>	\$ 28,966,501

H. Subsequent Events

On September 1, 2022, the Town issued the Apple Valley Public Financing Authority 2021 Lease Revenue Bond for the principal amount not exceeding \$10,000,000 for the purpose of financing and refinancing the acquisition, construction and installation of certain capital improvements of the Town. The Bonds have a maturity date of September 1, 2041, including a fixed interest rate of 2.52% to be paid semi-annually each September 1 and March 1. The bond is subject to mandatory sinking fund redemption on or after September 1, 2022.

In preparing these financial statements, the Town has evaluated events and transactions for potential recognition or disclosure through May 25, 2022, the date the financial statements were available to be issued.



TOWN OF APPLE VALLEY, CALIFORNIA SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE BUDGET AND ACTUAL - GENERAL FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

	Original Budget	Final Budget	Actual	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)
REVENUES Taxes License and permits Fines and forfeitures Investment income Intergovernmental Charges for services Other revenue	\$22,070,200 1,177,901 302,000 170,000 230,180 3,761,348 71,300	\$23,744,539 1,203,674 351,500 170,000 1,926,153 5,716,473 38,100	\$25,206,081 1,168,238 625,807 (25,379) 3,966,859 6,482,886 67,323	\$ 1,461,542 (35,436) 274,307 (195,379) 2,040,706 766,413 29,223
Total revenues	27,782,929	33,150,439	37,491,815	4,341,376
EXPENDITURES Current: General government Public safety Culture and recreation Community development Debt service Principal Interest and fiscal charges	7,596,535 18,707,954 3,396,759 3,139,868	10,361,905 19,420,660 3,235,029 3,140,656	9,663,672 18,894,151 2,673,761 4,024,565 785,000 313,402	698,233 526,509 561,268 (883,909) (785,000) (312,402)
Total expenditures	32,842,116	36,159,250	36,354,551	(195,301)
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures	(5,059,187)	(3,008,811)	1,137,264	4,146,075
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Proceed of debts Transfers out	2,000,000 (470,000)	2,000,000 (470,000)	- (110,514)	(2,000,000) 359,486
Total other financing sources (uses)	1,530,000	1,530,000	(110,514)	(1,640,514)
Net change in fund balances	(3,529,187)	(1,478,811)	1,026,750	2,505,561
Fund balances, beginning	8,881,078	8,881,078	8,881,078	
Fund balances, ending	<u>\$ 5,351,891</u>	\$ 7,402,267	\$ 9,907,828	\$ 2,505,561

TOWN OF APPLE VALLEY, CALIFORNIA SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE BUDGET AND ACTUAL TRANSPORTATION DEVELOPMENT ACT FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

	Original Budget	Final Budget	Actual	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)
REVENUES Investment income Intergovernmental	\$ 9,000 405,392	\$ 9,000 405,392	\$ 4,528 350,807	\$ (4,472) (54,585)
Total revenues	414,392	414,392	355,335	(59,057)
EXPENDITURES Current: Transportation Capital Outlay	866,495 	1,116,495	- 994,426	1,116,495 (994,426)
Total expenditures	866,495	1,116,495	994,426	122,069
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures	(452,103)	(702,103)	(639,091)	63,012
Net change in fund balances	(452,103)	(702,103)	(639,091)	63,012
Fund balances, beginning	1,489,982	1,489,982	1,489,982	
Fund balances, ending	\$ 1,037,879	\$ 787,879	\$ 850,891	\$ 63,012

TOWN OF APPLE VALLEY, CALIFORNIA SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE BUDGET AND ACTUAL - MEASURE I FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

	Original Budget	Final Budget	Actual	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)
REVENUES				
Taxes Investment income	\$ 1,628,991 25,000	\$ 1,628,991 25,000	\$ 2,730,333 15,719	\$ 1,101,342 (9,281)
Intergovernmental	5,174,150	5,174,150	5,057,898	(116,252)
Other revenue			3,054,422	3,054,422
Total revenues	6,828,141	6,828,141	10,858,372	4,030,231
EXPENDITURES:				
Current: Transportation Capital Outlay	8,029,250 	10,598,564	697,804 9,836,975	9,900,760 (9,836,975)
Total expenditures	8,029,250	10,598,564	10,534,779	63,785
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures	(1,201,109)	(3,770,423)	323,593	4,094,016
Net change in fund balances	(1,201,109)	(3,770,423)	323,593	4,094,016
Fund balances, beginning	3,809,939	3,809,939	3,809,939	
Fund balances, ending	\$ 2,608,830	\$ 39,516	\$ 4,133,532	\$ 4,094,016

TOWN OF APPLE VALLEY, CALIFORNIA SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE BUDGET AND ACTUAL - CAPITAL PROJECTS FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

	_	Original Budget	<u>Fii</u>	nal Budget	Actual	V	Variance vith Final Budget Positive Negative)
REVENUES License and permits Investment income Intergovernmental	\$	465,000 60,000 118,600	\$	465,000 60,000 118,600	\$ 610,507 20,253 208,259	\$	145,507 (39,747) 89,659
Total revenues	_	643,600		643,600	 839,019		195,419
EXPENDITURES							
Current: Capital outlay		825,250		825,250	 254,629		570,621
Total expenditures		825,250		825,250	 254,629		570,621
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures		(181,650)		(181,650)	584,390		766,040
Net change in fund balances		(181,650)		(181,650)	584,390		766,040
Fund balances, beginning		<u>4,091,265</u>		<u>4,091,265</u>	4,091,265		
Fund balances, ending	\$	3,909,615	\$	3,909,615	\$ 4,675,655	\$	766,040

TOWN OF APPLE VALLEY, CALIFORNIA REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

Schedule of Changes in Total OPEB Liability And Related Ratios - Last Ten Fiscal Years*

	Ju	ne 30, 2021	Jυ	ıne 30, 2020	Ju	ne 30, 2019	Ju	ne 30, 2018
Total OPEB liability						_		
Service cost	\$	357,809	\$	372,499	\$	351,480	\$	54,788
Interest on total OPEB liability		117,610		112,892		106,054		103,741
Differences between expected and actual experience		977		486,590		-		-
Changes of assumptions		383,602		(601,773)		174,769		-
Changes in benefits		-		1,542,708		(531,941)		13,560
Benefit payments, including implicit subsidy		(111,765)	_	(104,726)		(61,408)	_	(59,477)
Net change in total OPEB liability		748,233	_	1,808,190		38,954		112,612
Total OPEB liability - beginning		4,498,502		2,690,312		2,651,358		2,538,746
Total OPEB liability - ending (a)	\$	5,246,735	\$	4,498,502	\$	2,690,312	\$	2,651,358
Covered payroll	\$	6,505,689	\$	5,749,186	\$	3,782,564	\$	6,439,825
Total OPEB liability as a percentage of covered payroll		80.65 %		78.20 %		71.12 %		41.17 %

^{*}Fiscal year 2018 was the first year of implementation; therefore, 10 years of information is not yet available.

Notes to the Schedule of Changes in the Town's Total OPEB Liability

No assets are accumulated in a trust that meets the criteria in GASBS No. 75, paragraph 4, to pay related benefits.

Benefit Changes: None

Changes in Assumptions: None

TOWN OF APPLE VALLEY, CALIFORNIA REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

Schedule of the Town's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability Last 10 Years*

Measurement Date	Proportion of the Net Pension Liability	Proportionate Share of Net Pension Liability	Covered Payroll	Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability as a % of Payroll	Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a % of the Total Pension Liability
2020	0.37037%	\$ 15,622,605	\$ 6,242,023	250.28%	77.73%
2019	0.36506%	14,618,763	5,760,624	253.77%	77.73%
2018	0.36107%	13,607,876	6,110,762	222.69%	77.73%
2017	0.35283%	13,908,768	6,723,094	206.88%	70.75%
2016	0.35013%	12,162,986	6,758,188	180.91%	71.01%
2015	0.36700%	10,068,561	6,370,240	158.06%	74.08%
2014	0.13396%	8,335,481	5,884,871	141.64%	77.14%

^{*}Fiscal year 2015 was the first year of implementation; therefore, 10 years of information is not yet available.

Notes to the Schedule of the Town's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability

Benefit Changes:

None

Changes in Assumptions:

In 2020, the accounting discount rate was the same which is 7.15%.

TOWN OF APPLE VALLEY, CALIFORNIA REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

Schedule of Plan Contributions Last 10 Years*

	ontractually Required	R	entributions in elation to the Actuarially Determined	Contribution Deficiency/	Covered	Contributions as a % of Covered Employee
Fiscal Year	ntributions	С	ontributions	 (Excess)	Payroll	Payroll
2021	\$ 1,161,605	\$	(1,161,605)	\$ -	\$ 6,242,023	18.61%
2020	1,133,620		(1,133,620)	-	5,760,624	19.67%
2019	1,033,777		(1,033,777)	-	6,110,762	16.92%
2018	1,384,661		(1,384,661)	-	6,439,825	21.50%
2017	1,331,946		(1,331,946)	-	6,723,094	19.81%
2016	1,232,664		(1,232,664)	-	6,758,188	18.24%
2015	1,257,466		(1,257,466)	-	6,370,240	19.74%

^{*}Fiscal year 2015 was the first year of implementation; therefore, 10 years of information is not yet available.

TOWN OF APPLE VALLEY NOTES TO REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

BUDGETS AND BUDGETARY ACCOUNTING

The Town adopts an annual budget on a basis consistent with generally accepted accounting principles. All governmental funds where revenues and expenditures can be estimated or anticipated have legally adopted annual budgets except for debt service funds for which activity is controlled by means of debt agreements. The Town Manager is required to prepare and submit to the Town Council the annual budget of the Town and administer it after adoption. Town Council approval is required for budget revisions affecting capital improvement projects, any expenditures from budgeted contingency reserve funds and for budget revisions that increase total Town appropriations. Town Manager approval is required for transfers between departments in the General Fund. Only Department Head approval is required for transfers within the Department, as long as total budgeted appropriations for that Department is not exceeded. Prior appropriations lapse unless they are reappropriated through the formal budget process. Total expenditures may not legally exceed total appropriations at the fund level.

Expenditures in Excess of Appropriations

For the year ended June 30, 2021, the Town incurred an excess of expenditures over appropriations for the following funds:

		Expenditures								
	_ <u>F</u>	inal Budget		Actual	Excess					
General Fund	\$	36,159,250	\$	36,354,551	\$	(195,301)				
Quimby Fees Fund	\$	173,456	\$	276,327	\$	(102,871)				
PEG Channel Fund	\$	448,500	\$	480,164	\$	(31,664)				
NAVISP Infrastructure Fund	\$	-	\$	1,890	\$	(1,890)				
Project Manager Grants	\$	7,482	\$	11,886	\$	(4,404)				
Development Impact Fees Fund	\$	-	\$	4,593	\$	(4,593)				

The Town did not budget for revenues or expenditures for the following funds:

- Prop 1B,
- ADDI Down Payment Assistance,
- Help Down Payment Assistance,
- HCD State Program Income,
- CDBG Program Income,
- AVCRF, and
- Low and moderate Income Housing Fund.

OTHER SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

TOWN OF APPLE VALLEY, CALIFORNIA NON-MAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS JUNE 30, 2021

Special Revenue Funds

Street Maintenance Fund - To account for the revenues and expenditures of the Town's proportionate share of gas tax monies collected by the State of California which are restricted for street maintenance and repairs.

Community Development Block Grant Fund - To account for the revenues and expenditures of approved Federal Housing and Community Development Act projects.

Air Pollution Control District Fund - To account for monies received from the Air Pollution Control District which are used to improve air quality.

Neighborhood Stabilization Program Fund - To account for revenues received from a special CDBG allocation that addresses the problem of abandoned and foreclosed homes.

Assessment District L-1 Fund - To account for the revenues and expenditures of Assessment District L-1 which provides landscaping and right-of-way maintenance in accordance with the homeowners' agreement.

Prop 1B Fund - To account for the revenues and expenditures associated with the Town's share of Prop 1B funds.

ADDI Down Payment Assistance Fund - To account for funds received from the California Department of Housing and Community Development for down payment assistance loans given to homeowners.

Help Down Payment Assistance Fund - To account for down payment assistance loans made out to homeowners funded through the California Housing Finance Authority.

Quimby Fees Fund - To account for revenues received from developers and restricted for the development of parks.

HCD State Program Income Fund - To account for program income received from state funded loans repaid to the Town and expenditures made on new loans.

CDBG Program Income Fund - To account for program income received from CDBG expenditures reimbursed.

HOME Fund - To account for revenue received from the Department of Housing and Urban Development for assisting low and moderate income individuals to purchase homes.

Apple Valley Community Resource Foundation - To account for donations received from individuals that is restricted by the donors to promote and support cultural, recreational, and human services needs in the Town of Apple Valley.

TOWN OF APPLE VALLEY, CALIFORNIA NON-MAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS JUNE 30, 2021

Low and Moderate Income Housing Fund - To account for the Town's low and moderate income housing needs previously administered by the former redevelopment agency.

PEG Channel - To account for revenues and expenditures which are restricted for use in projects for operation of the Town's Public, Education, and Government Access television channel

Capital Projects Funds

NAVISP Fund - To account for the construction of infrastructure improvement projects related to implementation of the North Apple Valley Industrial Specific Plan (NAVISP).

Storm Drains Fund - To account for development impact fees received for acquiring land, engineering, and/or constructing storm drain infrastructure.

Project Manager Grants Fund - This fund accounts for non-budgeted funds awarded to the Town during the course of the fiscal year mainly for capital related activities.

Development Impact Fees Fund - To accounts for funds received to mitigate the impact of new development on the Town's infrastructure.

TOWN OF APPLE VALLEY, CALIFORNIA COMBINING BALANCE SHEET - NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS JUNE 30, 2021

	Special Revenue Funds				
	Street Maintenance	CDBG	Air Pollution Control District	Neighborhood Stabilization Program	
ASSETS Cash and investments Accounts receivable Due from other governments	\$ 1,554,320 - 134,440	\$ 147,347 - 	\$ - - -	\$ 605,018 - -	
Total assets	1,688,760	147,347		605,018	
LIABILITIES Accounts payable Accrued liabilities	95,945 	58,479 77,737		81 	
Total liabilities	95,945	136,216	<u>-</u>	<u>81</u>	
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES Unavailable revenue			_	_	
Total deferred inflows of resources					
FUND BALANCES Restricted Assigned	1,592,815 	11,131 	<u> </u>	604,937 	
Total fund balances	1,592,815	11,131		604,937	
Total liabilities, deferred inflows of resources and fund balances	<u>\$ 1,688,760</u>	<u>\$ 147,347</u>	<u>\$</u>	\$ 605,018	

TOWN OF APPLE VALLEY, CALIFORNIA COMBINING BALANCE SHEET - NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS JUNE 30, 2021

	Special Revenue Funds				
	Assessment District L-1 Prop 1B	ADDI Down Help Down Payment Payment Assistance Assistance			
ASSETS Cash and investments Accounts receivable Due from other governments	\$ 1,498,402 \$ - 4,508 -	\$ - \$ - 			
Total assets	1,502,910				
LIABILITIES Accounts payable Accrued liabilities	29,067 - 				
Total liabilities	29,067	_ _			
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES Unavailable revenue		<u>-</u>			
Total deferred inflows of resources					
FUND BALANCES Restricted Assigned	 1,473,843				
Total fund balances	1,473,843 -				
Total liabilities, deferred inflows of resources and fund balances	<u>\$ 1,502,910</u> <u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$</u>			

TOWN OF APPLE VALLEY, CALIFORNIA COMBINING BALANCE SHEET - NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS JUNE 30, 2021

	Special Revenue Funds				
	Quimby Fees	HCD State Program Income	CDBG Program Income	HOME	
ASSETS Cash and investments Accounts receivable Due from other governments	\$ 1,412,165 - 	\$ 397,355 - 	\$ 109,197 91,877	\$ 641,428 - -	
Total assets	1,412,165	397,355	201,074	641,428	
LIABILITIES Accounts payable Accrued liabilities	59,834 	<u> </u>		1,318 	
Total liabilities	59,834			1,318	
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES Unavailable revenue			91,877		
Total deferred inflows of resources	-	_	91,877		
FUND BALANCES Restricted Assigned	1,352,331 	397,355 	109,197 	640,110 	
Total fund balances	1,352,331	397,355	109,197	640,110	
Total liabilities, deferred inflows of resources and fund balances	<u>\$ 1,412,165</u>	\$ 397,355	\$ 201,074	<u>\$ 641,428</u>	

TOWN OF APPLE VALLEY, CALIFORNIA **COMBINING BALANCE SHEET - NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS** JUNE 30, 2021

	Special Revenue Funds						
	Low and						
		Moderate Income					
	AVCRF		PEG Channel				
ASSETS Cash and investments	\$ 250,584	\$ 411,171	\$ 106,910				
Accounts receivable Due from other governments							
Total assets	250,584	411,171	106,910				
LIABILITIES Accounts payable Accrued liabilities	30,387		4,638				
Total liabilities	30,387		4,638				
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES Unavailable revenue	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>					
Total deferred inflows of resources	_		-				
FUND BALANCES Restricted Assigned	220,197 	411,171 	102,272				
Total fund balances	220,197	411,171	102,272				
Total liabilities, deferred inflows of resources and fund balances	<u>\$ 250,584</u>	<u>\$ 411,171</u>	\$ 106,910				

TOWN OF APPLE VALLEY, CALIFORNIA **COMBINING BALANCE SHEET - NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS** JUNE 30, 2021

				Capital Pr	ojec	ts Fund	
	<u> In</u>	NAVISP frastructure	Sto	orm Drains		Project Manager Grants	evelopment npact Fees
ASSETS Cash and investments Accounts receivable Due from other governments	\$	764,954 - -	\$	897,516 - -	\$	218,152 - 74,685	\$ 3,606,082
Total assets		764,954		897,516		292,837	3,606,082
LIABILITIES Accounts payable Accrued liabilities		- -		34,229 <u>-</u>		- 3,994	4,593 <u>-</u>
Total liabilities				34,229		3,994	4,593
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES Unavailable revenue		<u>-</u>		<u>-</u>		74,685	<u>-</u>
Total deferred inflows of resources		_				74,68 <u>5</u>	<u>-</u>
FUND BALANCES Restricted Assigned		- 764,954		863,287 <u>-</u>		214,158 <u>-</u>	3,601,489 <u>-</u>
Total fund balances		764,954		863,287		214,158	 3,601,489
Total liabilities, deferred inflows of resources and fund balances	<u>\$</u>	764,954	\$	897,516	<u>\$</u>	292,837	\$ 3,606,082

TOWN OF APPLE VALLEY, CALIFORNIA **COMBINING BALANCE SHEET - NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS** JUNE 30, 2021

	Total Nonmajor Governmental Funds
ASSETS Cash and investments	\$ 12,620,601
Accounts receivable Due from other governments	96,385 209,125
Total assets	12,926,111
LIABILITIES	
Accounts payable Accrued liabilities	318,571 81,731
Total liabilities	400,302
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES	
Unavailable revenue	166,562
Total deferred inflows of resources	166,562
FUND BALANCES	
Restricted	10,120,450
Assigned	2,238,797
Total fund balances	12,359,247
Total liabilities, deferred inflows of resources and fund balances	<u>\$ 12,926,111</u>

TOWN OF APPLE VALLEY, CALIFORNIA COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

	Special Revenue Funds					
	Street Maintenance	CDBG	Air Pollution Control District	Neighborhood Stabilization Program		
REVENUES Taxes Licenses & permits Investment income (loss) Intergovernmental Donations Other revenue	\$ - 8,217 3,089,041 - 4,615	\$ - - 349,645 - 120,006	\$ - - - - -	\$ - 2,725 - - 37,732		
Total revenues	3,101,873	469,651		40,457		
EXPENDITURES Current: General government Public safety Transportation Culture and recreation Community development Capital outlay	- 1,459,458 - - -	- - - 473,768 85,244	- - - - -	- - - - 3,686		
Total expenditures	1,459,458	559,012	<u>-</u>	3,686		
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures	1,642,415	(89,361)		36,771		
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Transfers In Transfers Out			514 	 		
Total other financing sources (uses)			514			
Net change in fund balances	1,642,415	(89,361)	514	36,771		
Fund balances, beginning	(49,600)	100,492	(514)	568,166		
Restatement				<u>-</u>		
Fund balances, beginning - restated	(49,600)	100,492	(514)	568,166		
Fund balances, ending	<u>\$ 1,592,815</u>	<u>\$ 11,131</u>	<u>\$</u>	\$ 604,937		

TOWN OF APPLE VALLEY, CALIFORNIA

COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

	Special Revenue Funds					
		ssessment District L-1		Prop 1B	ADDI Down Payment Assistance	Help Down Payment Assistance
REVENUES Taxes Licenses & permits Investment income (loss) Intergovernmental	\$	207,200 - 6,988	\$	- - 60	\$ - - -	\$ - - -
Donations Other revenue		- -		- -		
Total revenues		214,188	_	60		
EXPENDITURES Current: General government Public safety		- -		- -	-	-
Transportation Culture and recreation Community development Capital outlay		192,017 - - -		- - -	- - -	- - -
Total expenditures		192,017		<u>-</u>		
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures		22,171		60	-	
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)						
Transfers In Transfers Out		<u>-</u>		<u>-</u>	<u>(1</u>)	
Total other financing sources (uses)		_			(1)	<u>-</u>
Net change in fund balances		22,171		60	<u>(1</u>)	<u> </u>
Fund balances, beginning		1,451,672		(60)	1	185,434
Restatement						(185,434)
Fund balances, beginning - restated		1,451,672		(60)	1	
Fund balances, ending	\$	1,473,843	\$		<u>\$</u> _	<u> </u>

TOWN OF APPLE VALLEY, CALIFORNIA COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

	Special Revenue Funds					
	Quimby Fees	HCD State Program Income	CDBG Program Income	HOME		
REVENUES Taxes Licenses & permits Investment income (loss) Intergovernmental Donations Other revenue	\$ - 295,707 6,537 - -	\$ - 1,560 - 120,051	\$ - - 845 - -	\$ - 3,063 121,777 - 162,592		
Total revenues	302,244	121,611	845	287,432		
EXPENDITURES Current: General government	-		-			
Public safety Transportation Culture and recreation Community development Capital outlay	- - - - 276,327	- - - -	- - - -	283,074		
Total expenditures	276,327			283,074		
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures	25,917	121,611	845	4,358		
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Transfers In Transfers Out	_ 			1		
Total other financing sources (uses)				1		
Net change in fund balances	25,917	121,611	845	4,359		
Fund balances, beginning	1,326,414	780,827	1,143,183	4,336,722		
Restatement		(505,083)	(1,034,831)	(3,700,971)		
Fund balances, beginning - restated	1,326,414	275,744	108,352	635,751		
Fund balances, ending	<u>\$ 1,352,331</u>	<u>\$ 397,355</u>	<u>\$ 109,197</u>	<u>\$ 640,110</u>		

TOWN OF APPLE VALLEY, CALIFORNIA COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

	Sr	ecial Revenue F	unds
	AVCRF	Low and Moderate Income	PEG Channel
	7100111	Trousing r unu	1 Ed Glidillici
REVENUES Taxes	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 138,418
Licenses & permits	Ψ - -	Ψ - -	ψ 130, + 10
Investment income (loss)	1,247	1,965	1,196
Intergovernmental Donations	77,135	-	-
Other revenue			
Total revenues	78,382	1,965	139,614
EXPENDITURES Current:			
General government	59,897	-	-
Public safety Transportation	25,614 -	-	-
Culture and recreation	33,057	-	-
Community development Capital outlay	-	-	- 480,164
Total expenditures	118,568		480,164
Excess (deficiency) of revenues			
over expenditures	(40,186)	1,965	(340,550)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)			
Transfers In	-	-	-
Transfers Out			
Total other financing sources (uses)			
Net change in fund balances	(40,186)	1,965	(340,550)
Fund balances, beginning	260,383	409,206	442,822
Restatement		<u>-</u>	
Fund balances, beginning -	000 000	400.000	440.000
restated	260,383	409,206	442,822
Fund balances, ending	<u>\$ 220,197</u>	<u>\$ 411,171</u>	<u>\$ 102,272</u>

TOWN OF APPLE VALLEY, CALIFORNIA

COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

		Capital Pr	ojects Fund	
	NAVISP Infrastructure	Storm Drains	Project Manager Grants	Development Impact Fees
REVENUES Taxes Licenses & permits Investment income (loss) Intergovernmental Donations Other revenue	\$ - - 3,661 - -	\$ - 131,766 5,701 332,426 -	\$ - - 238,807 - -	\$ - 162,969 16,825 - -
Total revenues	3,661	469,893	238,807	179,794
EXPENDITURES Current: General government Public safety Transportation Culture and recreation Community development Capital outlay	- - - 1,890	- - - - 595,306	- - - 11,886	- - - 4,593 - -
Total expenditures	1,890	595,306	11,886	4,593
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures	1,771	(125,413)	226,921	175,201
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Transfers In Transfers Out				
Total other financing sources (uses)				
Net change in fund balances	1,771	(125,413)	226,921	175,201
Fund balances, beginning	763,183	988,700	(12,763)	3,426,288
Restatement				
Fund balances, beginning - restated	763,183	988,700	(12,763)	3,426,288
Fund balances, ending	<u>\$ 764,954</u>	<u>\$ 863,287</u>	<u>\$ 214,158</u>	<u>\$ 3,601,489</u>

TOWN OF APPLE VALLEY, CALIFORNIA

COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

	Total Nonmajor Governmental Funds
REVENUES Taxes Licenses & permits Investment income (loss) Intergovernmental Donations Other revenue	\$ 345,618 590,442 60,590 4,131,696 77,135 444,996
Total revenues	5,650,477
EXPENDITURES Current: General government Public safety Transportation Culture and recreation Community development Capital outlay	59,897 25,614 1,651,475 37,650 1,369,610 841,735
Total expenditures	3,985,981
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures	1,664,496
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Transfers In Transfers Out	515 (1)
Total other financing sources (uses)	514
Net change in fund balances	1,665,010
Fund balances, beginning	16,120,556
Restatement	(5,426,319)
Fund balances, beginning - restated	10,694,237
Fund balances, ending	<u>\$ 12,359,247</u>

TOWN OF APPLE VALLEY, CALIFORNIA SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE BUDGET AND ACTUAL - STREET MAINTENANCE FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

	Original Budget	Final Budget	Actual	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)
REVENUES Investment income Intergovernmental Other revenue	\$ - 2,992,203 500	\$ - 3,040,640 500	\$ 8,217 3,089,041 4,615	\$ 8,217 48,401 4,115
Total revenues	2,992,703	3,041,140	3,101,873	60,733
EXPENDITURES Current:	2,002,002	2 886 202	1 450 459	1 426 925
Transportation	2,992,003	2,886,293	1,459,458	1,426,835
Total expenditures	2,992,003	2,886,293	1,459,458	1,426,835
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures	700	154,847	1,642,415	1,487,568
Net change in fund balances	700	154,847	1,642,415	1,487,568
Fund balances, beginning	(49,600)	(49,600)	(49,600)	
Fund balances, ending	\$ (48,900)	\$ 105,247	<u>\$ 1,592,815</u>	<u>\$ 1,487,568</u>

TOWN OF APPLE VALLEY, CALIFORNIA SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE BUDGET AND ACTUAL - CDBG FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

	Original Budget	Final Budget	Actual	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)
REVENUES				.
Intergovernmental Other revenue	\$ 1,423,090 30,515	\$ 1,423,090 30,515	\$ 349,645 120,006	\$ (1,073,445) <u>89,491</u>
Total revenues	1,453,605	1,453,605	469,651	(983,954)
EXPENDITURES Current: Transportation	1,200	_	_	<u>-</u>
Community development Capital outlay	1,284,655 167,750	1,085,855 453,380	473,768 85,244	612,087 368,136
Total expenditures	1,453,605	1,539,235	559,012	980,223
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures		(85,630)	(89,361)	(3,731)
Net change in fund balances	-	(85,630)	(89,361)	(3,731)
Fund balances, beginning			100,492	100,492
Fund balances, ending	<u>\$</u>	\$ (85,630)	<u>\$ 11,131</u>	\$ 96,761

TOWN OF APPLE VALLEY, CALIFORNIA SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE BUDGET AND ACTUAL - AIR POLLUTION CONTROL DISTRICT FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

	Original Budget	Final Budget	Actual	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)
REVENUES				
Total revenues	\$ -	<u>\$</u>	\$ -	<u> </u>
EXPENDITURES				
Total expenditures				
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures				
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Transfers In			514	514
Total other financing sources (uses)			514	514
Net change in fund balances	-	-	514	514
Fund balances, beginning	(514)	(514)	(514)	
Fund balances, ending	<u>\$ (514)</u>	<u>\$ (514)</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ 514</u>

TOWN OF APPLE VALLEY, CALIFORNIA SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE BUDGET AND ACTUAL NEIGHBORHOOD STABILIZATION PROGRAM FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

		Original Budget	<u>Fir</u>	nal Budget		Actual	١	Variance with Final Budget Positive Negative)
REVENUES Investment income Other revenue	\$	- 311,000	\$	- 311,000	\$	2,725 37,732	\$	2,725 (273,268)
Total revenues		311,000		311,000	_	40,457		(270,543)
EXPENDITURES Current: Community development		281,000		281,000		3,686		277,314
Total expenditures		281,000		281,000	_	3,686		277,314
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures		30,000		30,000		36,771		6,771
Net change in fund balances		30,000		30,000		36,771		6,771
Fund balances, beginning	_	568,166		568,166		568,166		
Fund balances, ending	\$	598,166	\$	598,166	\$	604,937	\$	6,771

TOWN OF APPLE VALLEY, CALIFORNIA SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE BUDGET AND ACTUAL - ASSESSMENT DISTRICT L-1 FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

	Original Budget	<u>Fir</u>	nal Budget	Actual	١	Variance with Final Budget Positive Negative)
REVENUES: Taxes Investment income	\$ 315,000 5,000	\$	315,000 5,000	\$ 207,200 6,988	\$	(107,800) 1,988
Total revenues	 320,000		320,000	 214,188		(105,812)
EXPENDITURES: Current:						
Transportation	 333,400		333,400	 192,017	_	141,383
Total expenditures	 333,400		333,400	 192,017		141,383
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures	(13,400)		(13,400)	22,171		35,571
Net change in fund balances	(13,400)		(13,400)	22,171		35,571
Fund balances, beginning	 1,451,672		1,451,672	 1,451,672		
Fund balances, ending	\$ 1,438,272	\$	1,438,272	\$ 1,473,843	\$	35,571

TOWN OF APPLE VALLEY, CALIFORNIA SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE BUDGET AND ACTUAL - QUIMBY FEES FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

	 Original Budget	<u>Fir</u>	nal Budget	_	Actual	١	Variance with Final Budget Positive Negative)
REVENUES License and permits Investment Income	\$ 300,000	\$	300,000	\$	295,707 6,537	\$	(4,293) 6,537
Total revenues	 300,000		300,000		302,244		2,244
EXPENDITURES Capital outlay	 <u> </u>		173,456		276,327		(102,871)
Total expenditures	 		173,456	_	276,327		(102,871)
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures	300,000		126,544		25,917		(100,627)
Net change in fund balances	300,000		126,544		25,917		(100,627)
Fund balances, beginning	 1,326,414		1,326,414	_	1,326,414		
Fund balances, ending	\$ 1,626,414	\$	1,452,958	\$	1,352,331	\$	(100,627)

TOWN OF APPLE VALLEY, CALIFORNIA SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE BUDGET AND ACTUAL - HOME FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

	Original Budget	Final Budget	Actual	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)
REVENUES Investment income Intergovernmental Other revenue	\$ - 2,765,073 397,420	\$ - 2,765,073 397,420	\$ 3,063 121,777 162,592	\$ 3,063 (2,643,296) (234,828)
Total revenues	3,162,493	3,162,493	287,432	(2,875,061)
EXPENDITURES Current:				
Community development	3,212,493	3,212,493	283,074	2,929,419
Total expenditures	3,212,493	3,212,493	283,074	2,929,419
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures	(50,000)	(50,000)	4,358	54,358
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES): Transfers in			1	1
Total other financing sources (uses)			1	1
Net change in fund balances	(50,000)	(50,000)	4,359	54,359
Fund balances, beginning	4,336,722	4,336,722	4,336,722	-
Restatement			(3,700,971)	(3,700,971)
Fund balances, beginning, restated			635,751	635,751
Fund balances, ending	\$ 4,286,722	\$ 4,286,722	<u>\$ 640,110</u>	\$ (3,646,612)

TOWN OF APPLE VALLEY, CALIFORNIA SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE BUDGET AND ACTUAL - PEG CHANNEL FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

	Original Budget	<u>Fi</u>	nal Budget	 Actual	v	/ariance vith Final Budget Positive Negative)
REVENUES Taxes Investment Income	\$ 163,000 2,000	\$	163,000 2,000	\$ 138,418 1,196	\$	(24,582) (804)
Total revenues	 165,000		165,000	 139,614		(25,386)
EXPENDITURES Capital outlay	 448,500		448,500	480,164		(31,664)
Total expenditures	 448,500		448,500	 480,164		(31,664)
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures	 (283,500)		(283,500)	 (340,550)		(57,050)
Net change in fund balances	(283,500)		(283,500)	(340,550)		(57,050)
Fund balances, beginning	 442,822		442,822	 442,822		
Fund balances, ending	\$ 159,322	\$	159,322	\$ 102,272	\$	(57,050)

TOWN OF APPLE VALLEY, CALIFORNIA SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE BUDGET AND ACTUAL - NAVISP INFRASTRUCTURE FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

		Original Budget	<u>Fir</u>	nal Budget		Actual	V	/ariance vith Final Budget Positive Negative)
REVENUES Investment income	\$	11,000	\$	11,000	\$	3,661	\$	(7,339)
Total revenues	_	11,000		11,000	_	3,661		(7,339)
EXPENDITURES Current: Community development						1,890		(1,890)
Total expenditures						1,890		(1,890)
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures		11,000		11,000		1,771		(9,229)
Net change in fund balances		11,000		11,000		1,771		(9,229)
Fund balances, beginning		763,183		763,183		763,183		
Fund balances, ending	\$	774,183	\$	774,183	\$	764,954	\$	(9,229)

TOWN OF APPLE VALLEY, CALIFORNIA SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE BUDGET AND ACTUAL - STORM DRAINS FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

	 Original Budget	<u>Fi</u>	nal Budget		Actual	V	Variance vith Final Budget Positive Negative)
REVENUES License and permits Investment income Intergovernmental	\$ 135,000 5,000	\$	135,000 5,000	\$	131,766 5,701 332,426	\$	(3,234) 701 332,426
Total revenues	 140,000		140,000		469,893		329,893
EXPENDITURES Current:	0.40.000		0.40.000				0.4.4.00.4
Community development	 940,000		940,000		595,306		344,694
Total expenditures	 940,000		940,000	_	595,306		344,694
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures	 (800,000)		(800,000)		(125,413)		674,587
Net change in fund balances	(800,000)		(800,000)		(125,413)		674,587
Fund balances, beginning	 988,700		988,700		988,700		
Fund balances, ending	\$ 188,700	\$	188,700	\$	863,287	\$	674,587

TOWN OF APPLE VALLEY, CALIFORNIA SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE BUDGET AND ACTUAL - PROJECT MANAGER GRANTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

		Origina Budge		<u>Fir</u>	nal Budget	Actual	W F	ariance ith Final Budget Positive legative)
REVENUES Intergovernmental	<u>\$</u>			\$	156,000	\$ 238,807	\$	82,807
Total revenues					156,000	 238,807		82,807
EXPENDITURES Current: Community development			_		7,482	11,886		(4,404)
Total expenditures			_		7,482	11,886		(4,404)
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures					148,518	226,921		78,403
Net change in fund balances			-		148,518	226,921		78,403
Fund balances, beginning		(12,7	<u>(63)</u>		(12,763)	 (12,763)		
Fund balances, ending	\$	(12,7	(63)	\$	135,755	\$ 214,158	\$	78,403

TOWN OF APPLE VALLEY, CALIFORNIA SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE BUDGET AND ACTUAL - DEVELOPMENT IMPACT FEES FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

		Original Budget	<u>Fir</u>	nal Budget	Actual	W I	/ariance vith Final Budget Positive Negative)
REVENUES License and permits Investment income	\$	189,000 32,400	\$	189,000 32,400	\$ 162,969 16,825	\$	(26,031) (15,575)
Total revenues		221,400		221,400	 179,794		(41,606)
EXPENDITURES Current: Culture and recreation					4,593		(4,593)
Total expenditures					 4,593		(4,593)
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures		221,400		221,400	175,201		(46,199)
Net change in fund balances		221,400		221,400	175,201		(46,199)
Fund balances, beginning	;	3,426,288		3,426,288	 3,426,288		
Fund balances, ending	\$:	3,647,688	\$:	3,647,688	\$ 3,601,489	\$	(46,199)

TOWN OF APPLE VALLEY, CALIFORNIA CUSTODIAL FUNDS JUNE 30, 2021

Trust and Fiduciary - Maintains the Town's Building and Safety trust deposits.

Assessment District 98-1 - Town acts as the agent for the homeowners of Assessment District 98-1, and makes principal and interest payments for the Assessment District's 1915 Improvement Act Bonds.

Village PBID - To account for the assessments received and expenditures made on behalf of the Apple Valley Village Property and Business Improvement District.

Victor Valley Economic Development Authority - Town is a member of the Authority and administers the treasurer function of the Authority.

Mojave Desert and Mountain Integrated Waste Management Authority - Town is a member of the Authority and administers the treasurer function of the Authority.

Opportunity High Desert Trust Fund - Town acts as an administrator for the trust fund.

TOWN OF APPLE VALLEY, CALIFORNIA COMBINING STATEMENT OF NET POSITION -CUSTODIAL FUNDS JUNE 30, 2021

		Trust and Fiduciary		ssessment	Vil	lage PBID	Victor Valley Economic Dev. Authority
	_	luuciary		13ti 1Ct 30-1	<u> V II</u>	iage i bib	Authority
ASSETS							
Cash and investments	\$	737,644	\$	3,984	\$	276,199	\$15,097,683
Cash with fiscal agent		=		238,276		-	-
Accounts receivable		-		-		-	- 672.067
Due from other governments							673,067
Total assets		737,644		242,260		276,199	15,770,750
LIABILITIES							
Accounts payable		63,391		_		1,500	-
Accrued liabilities		, <u>-</u>		-		, -	1,192,474
Deposits		674,253		-		-	-
Due to other governments		-		-		-	25,421
Amounts due bondholders	_		_	349,516			
Total liabilities		737,644		349,516		1,500	1,217,895
NET POSITION							
Restricted				(107,256)		274,699	14,552,855
Total net position	\$		\$	(107,256)	\$	274,699	<u>\$14,552,855</u>

TOWN OF APPLE VALLEY, CALIFORNIA COMBINING STATEMENT OF NET POSITION -CUSTODIAL FUNDS JUNE 30, 2021

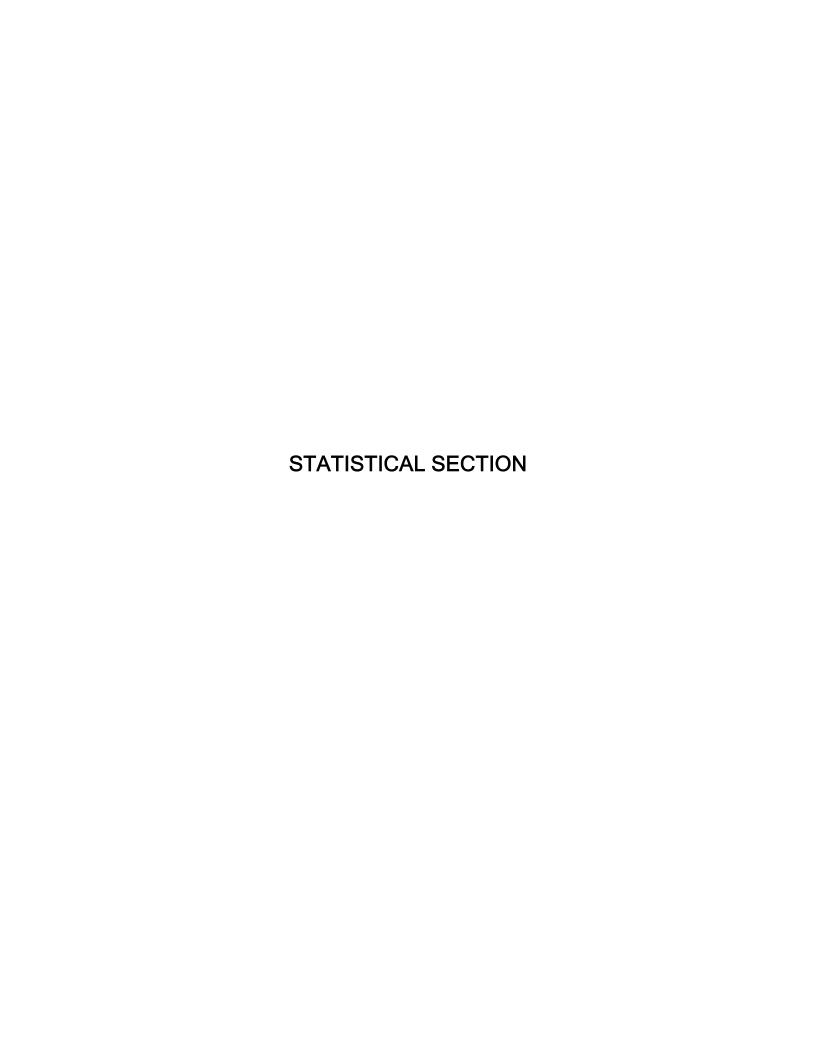
	ln	jave Desert and Mountain tegrated Waste Management Authority	Higl	oortunity n Desert st Fund	_	Total
ASSETS						
Cash and investments Cash with fiscal agent	\$	790,239	\$	52,130	\$	16,957,879 238,276
Accounts receivable		757,496		_		757,496
Due from other governments						673,067
Total assets		1,547,735		52,130		18,626,718
LIABILITIES						
Accounts payable		_		_		64,891
Accrued liabilities		573,099		-		1,765,573
Deposits		, -		-		674,253
Due to other governments		712		-		26,133
Amounts due bondholders		<u> </u>		-		349,516
Total liabilities		573,811				2,880,366
NET POSITION						
Restricted		973,924		52,130		15,746,352
Total net position	\$	973,924	\$	52,130	\$	15,746,352

TOWN OF APPLE VALLEY, CALIFORNIA COMBINING STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN NET POSITION CUSTODIAL FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

	Trust and Fiduciary	Assessment District 98-1	Village PBID	Victor Valley Economic Dev. Authority
ADDITIONS Taxes	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 220,748	\$ 12,612,549
Investment income (loss) Other revenue Charges for services	- - -	(750) 232,705	1,351	31,551
Total additions		231,955	222,099	12,644,100
DEDUCTIONS Administrative costs Interest & fiscal charges	<u>-</u>	190,000 42,705	226,482 	22,448,110
Total deductions		232,705	226,482	22,448,110
Change in net position		(750)	(4,383)	(9,804,010)
Net position, beginning	-	-	-	-
Change in accounting principle		(106,506)	279,082	24,356,865
Net position, beginning - restated		(106,506)	279,082	24,356,865
Net position, ending	<u>\$</u>	<u>\$ (107,256</u>)	\$ 274,699	<u>\$ 14,552,855</u>

TOWN OF APPLE VALLEY, CALIFORNIA COMBINING STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN NET POSITION CUSTODIAL FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

	Mojave Desert and Mountain Integrated Waste Management Authority	Opportunity High Desert Trust Fund	Total
ADDITIONS Taxes Investment income (loss) Other revenue Charges for services	\$ - 1,214 338,806 4,383,856	\$ - 249 - -	\$ 12,833,297 33,615 571,511 4,383,856
Total additions	4,723,876	249	17,822,279
DEDUCTIONS Administrative costs Interest & fiscal charges	4,763,690	395 	27,628,677 <u>42,705</u>
Total deductions	4,763,690	395	\$ 27,671,382
Change in net position	(39,814)	(146)	(9,849,103)
Net position, beginning	-	-	-
Change in accounting principle	1,013,738	52,276	25,595,455
Net position, beginning - restated	1,013,738	52,276	25,595,455
Net position, ending	\$ 973,924	<u>\$ 52,130</u>	<u>\$ 15,746,352</u>



STATISTICAL SECTION

This part of the Town of Apple Valley's annual comprehensive financial report presents detailed information as a context for understanding what the information in the financial statements, note disclosures, and required supplementary information says about the government's overall financial health.

CONTENTS	Page
Financial Trends These schedules contain trend information to help the reader understand how the government's financial performance and well-being have changed over time.	131
Revenue Capacity	136
These schedules contain information to help the reader assess the government's most significant local revenue source, the property tax.	
Debt Capacity	142
These schedules present information to help the reader assess the affordability of the government's current levels of outstanding debt and the government's ability to issue additional debt in the future.	
Demographic and Economic Information	147
These schedules offer demographic and economic indicators to help the reader understand the environment within which the government's financial activities take place.	
Operating Information	149
These schedules contain service and infrastructure data to help the reader understand how the information in the government's financial report relates to the services the government provides and the activities it performs.	

Town of Apple Valley Net Position by Component Last Ten Fiscal Years (accrual basis of accounting)

	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	_	2021
Governmental Activities											
Net Investment in Capital Assets	\$ 379,669,535	\$ 371,244,438	\$ 370,565,096	\$ 383,503,226	\$ 385,016,893	\$ 384,326,300	\$ 372,417,243	\$ 362,019,172	\$ 355,236,379	\$	352,957,973
Restricted	17,206,203	23,906,586	22,736,379	25,023,536	27,289,411	25,111,480	27,374,638	20,954,962	20,720,231		15,104,873
Unrestricted	16,418,211	9,730,572	9,057,417	1,122,526	477,350	1,285,784	(4,161,746)	5,080,020	(6,033,747)		(1,489,877)
Total Governmental Activities Net Positio	\$ 413,293,949	\$ 404,881,596	\$ 402,358,892	\$ 409,649,288	\$ 412,783,654	\$ 410,723,564	\$ 395,630,135	\$ 388,054,154	\$ 369,922,863	\$	366,572,969
Business-type activities											
Net Investment in Capital Assets	\$ 34.441.896	\$ 33.386.797	\$ 32.781.178	\$ 33,311,903	\$ 32,010,863	\$ 30,683,607	\$ 29.145.941	\$ 27,953,551	\$ 29,927,641	\$	29,681,073
Restricted	1.744.747	1,737,858	1,737,952	1,107,309	2.487.699	3,090,812	3,229,262	1,133,990	4,042,970	•	4,107,083
Unrestricted	7.221.444	6,189,164	6,165,786	4,722,850	3,525,226	6,356,764	10,092,748	13,864,389	12,063,068		10,340,357
Total Business-type Activities Net Positio	\$ 43,408,087	\$ 41,313,819	\$ 40,684,916	\$ 39,142,062	\$ 38,023,788	\$ 40,131,183	\$ 42,467,951	\$ 42,951,930	\$ 46,033,679	\$	44,128,513
Primary Government											
Net Investment in Capital Assets	\$ 414,111,431	\$ 404,631,235	\$ 403,346,274	\$ 416,815,129	\$ 417,027,756	\$ 415,009,907	\$ 401,563,184	\$ 389,972,723	\$ 385,164,020	\$	382,639,046
Restricted	18,950,950	25,644,444	24,474,331	26,130,845	29,777,110	28,202,292	30,603,900	22,088,952	24,763,201		19,211,956
Unrestricted	23,639,655	15,919,736	15,223,203	5,845,376	4,002,576	7,642,548	5,931,002	18,944,409	6,029,321		8,850,480
Total Primary Government Net Positions	\$ 456,702,036	\$ 446,195,415	\$ 443,043,808	\$ 448,791,350	\$ 450,807,442	\$ 450,854,747	\$ 438,098,086	\$ 431,006,084	\$ 415,956,542	\$	410,701,482

Town of Apple Valley Changes in Net Position Last Ten Fiscal Years (accrual basis of accounting)

	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021
Expenses Covernmental activities					· <u></u>					
Governmental activities General government Public safety Transportation Culture and recreation Community development	\$ 2,039,052 13,289,970 12,098,378 5,817,520 6,540,877	\$ 1,935,525 13,641,265 10,927,503 5,462,689 6,623,497	\$ 2,959,562 14,216,088 10,283,286 5,556,224 5,703,246	\$ 2,448,223 14,794,005 12,514,941 5,536,503 5,435,047	\$ 2,688,291 15,263,308 12,837,309 5,601,884 5,648,922	\$ 5,150,848 16,133,239 12,993,513 5,854,862 5,144,327	\$ 6,338,028 16,560,665 17,844,646 5,674,619 4,498,196	\$ 3,366,810 17,148,595 19,099,333 4,888,609 4,985,933	\$ 5,990,194 17,431,096 22,910,278 4,406,022 6,119,964	\$ 11,071,273 19,248,894 14,486,233 4,316,121 5,764,944
Interest on long-term debt Total governmental activities expenses	1,693,798 41,479,595	<u>467,624</u> 39,058,103	<u>434,622</u> 39,153,028	471,578 41,200,297	436,627 42,476,341	497,928 45,774,717	637,883 51,554,037	<u>242,744</u> 49,732,024	402,362 57,259,916	313,402 55,200,867
·	41,479,595	39,036,103	39,153,026	41,200,297	42,470,341	45,774,717	51,554,057	49,732,024	57,259,910	55,200,667
Business-type activities: Sewer Waste Management Apple Valley Golf Club Apple Valley Choice Energy	6,042,959 9,028,518 1,448,041	6,443,451 8,951,222 1,231,229	6,045,017 9,217,206 1,132,898	6,272,205 11,709,931 1,066,920	6,743,527 12,248,550 1,068,588	5,789,984 10,849,449 1,027,848 2,906,247	6,320,803 11,208,132 1,025,932 13,698,907	6,156,672 11,308,507 1,074,672 17,030,058	6,237,316 13,617,020 1,016,062 13,987,428	7,271,126 14,267,233 1,024,501 18,553,925
Total business-type activities expenses	16,519,518	16,625,902	16,395,121	19,049,056	20,060,665	20,573,528	32,253,774	35,569,909	34,857,826	41,116,785
Total primary government expenses	\$ 57,999,113	\$ 55,684,005	\$ 55,548,149	\$ 60,249,353	\$ 62,537,006	\$ 66,348,245	\$ 83,807,811	\$ 85,301,933	\$ 92,117,742	\$ 96,317,652
Program Revenues Governmental activities: Charges For Services: General government Public safety Transportation Culture and recreation Community development Operating grants and contributions Capital grants and contributions	616,694 74,159 86,071 935,060 1,568,168 4,472,410 3,827,135	325,417 184,118 - 1,019,300 1,684,624 6,662,688 3,688,576	1,077,891 144,673 - 1,001,936 2,787,298 7,204,210 5,836,010	1,070,307 163,039 - 984,766 3,127,983 5,739,525 25,763,181	542,621 132,477 - 1,152,607 2,944,972 3,690,720 16,742,736	511,890 126,122 - 1,264,127 3,225,298 4,644,925 13,090,722	263,422 101,625 - 1,271,869 3,337,502 3,755,669 5,718,211	2,412,651 1,688,452 - 851,398 1,201,907 3,662,983 792,275	1,677,298 1,030,308 614,470 827,783 2,487,551 6,251,07,615	5,036,383 1,139,427 610,507 407,162 2,763,588 11,630,355 5,966,782
Total governmental activities program revenues	11,579,697	13,564,723	18,052,229	36,848,801	25,206,133	22,863,084	14,448,298	10,609,666	14,396,103	27,554,204
Business-type activities: Charges for services: Sewer Waste Management Apple Valley Golf Club Apple Valley Choice Energy Operating grants and contributions Capital grants and contributions	4,005,430 9,733,428 767,832 - 20,410 3,534,874	4,478,759 9,501,422 594,694 - 19,907 497,875	4,838,790 9,851,074 660,737 - 20,070 725,666	5,443,113 10,813,719 636,424 - 19,714 789,094	5,979,262 11,029,270 626,681 - 19,733 533,739	5,962,102 11,239,035 611,027 3,352,091 19,829 354,653	5,547,876 11,523,158 618,752 15,905,914 39,569 311,796	5,864,868 11,868,597 641,064 16,543,086 20,224 259,948	6,162,182 12,864,659 681,269 17,365,678 64,708 245,197	6,303,297 12,696,385 919,045 17,237,493 10,121 677,340
Total Business-type activities program revenues	18,061,974	15,092,657	16,096,337	17,702,064	18,188,685	21,538,737	33,947,069	35,197,787	37,383,693	37,843,681
Total primary government program revenues	\$ 29,641,671	\$ 28,657,380	\$ 34,148,566	\$ 54,550,865	\$ 43,394,818	\$ 44,401,821	\$ 48,395,367	\$ 45,807,453	\$ 51,779,796	\$ 65,397,885
Net (expense) / revenues Governmental activities Business-type activities	\$ (29,899,898) 1,542,456	\$ (25,493,380) (1,533,245)	\$ (21,100,799) (298,784)	\$ (4,351,496) (1,346,922)	(1,871,980)	\$ (22,911,633) 965,209	\$ (37,105,739) 1,693,295	\$ (39,122,358) (372,122)	\$ (42,863,813) 2,525,867	\$ (27,646,663) (3,273,104)
Total primary government net expense	\$ (28,357,442)	\$ (27,026,625)	\$ (21,399,583)	\$ (5,698,418)	\$ (19,142,188)	\$ (21,946,424)	\$ (35,412,444)	\$ (39,494,480)	\$ (40,337,946)	\$ (30,919,767)

Town of Apple Valley Changes in Net Position Last Ten Fiscal Years (accrual basis of accounting)

	2012	2013	2014	2015	_	2016	_	2017	_	2018	_	2019	_	2020	_	2021
General Revenues and Other Changes	;															
Net Positions																
Governmental activities:																
Taxes	0.740.455			1 010 510	•	4 475 000	•	4 000 070	•	4 00 4 050	•	7 040 000	•	5 504 500	•	0.444.000
Property taxes \$	3,718,455	\$ 4,409,064	\$ 5,181,242 \$	4,219,546	\$	4,475,963	\$	4,689,978	\$	4,934,356	\$	7,012,262	\$	5,584,526	\$	6,111,022
Tax increment	1,955,820	4 040 040	4 000 004	- 205 077		- 000 045		- 070 045				0.005.447		- 400 000		0.700.000
Franchise taxes	1,460,033	1,816,243	1,892,884	3,765,877		3,962,215		3,972,015		3,993,653		2,085,417		2,183,008		3,703,286
Sales taxes	4,139,105	3,804,832	4,122,097	4,239,000		4,813,996		5,806,008		6,479,162		9,438,735		8,754,582		11,226,296
Transient occupancy taxes	6,670	7,152	7,742	6,900		5,923		5,196		9,008		1,560,485		11,819		39,992
Motor vehicle in-lieu Sales Tax in-lieu	5,167,516	5,136,312	5,257,876	5,529,795		5,835,391		6,129,059		6,455,212		6,824,235		7,222,011		7,620,871
	1,267,248	1,383,032	1,275,364	1,496,120		1,036,791		440.500		-		700.040		- 747.505		- 4 0 4 5 4 7 0
Pass through revenues	266,405	299,724	328,726	369,580		398,336		442,593		580,907		799,010		747,535		1,045,479
Miscellaneous revenues	72,527 18,962	25,114	73,437	21,339		27,664		38,093		30,029		2,848,661		259,404		10,431
Unrestricted grants and contributions Investment income	36,750	15,585	- 82.115	99.082		198,264		51,146		- 254.774		591,543		672.142		75.711
Transfers			. , .			,				- ,				. ,		- /
Extraordinary Item	483,655 17,818,231	470,878	356,612	(310,261)		(349,969)		(1,056,749)		(436,602)		(418,981)		(300,000)		(110,000)
Transfer from/(to) Successor Agency	17,010,231	-	-	-		-		-		-		805,010		(400 505)		
. , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,					_		_		_		_		_	(402,505)	_	
Total governmental activities	36,411,377	17,367,936	18,578,095	19,436,978	_	20,404,574	_	20,077,339	_	22,300,499	_	31,546,377	_	24,732,522	_	29,723,088
Business-type activities:																
Gain on Sale of Capital Assets	-	-	-	-		267,679		-		-		-		-		-
Miscellaneous revenues	-	-	-	-		-		-		-		-		-		1,190,024
Investment income	35,674	27,896	26,493	48,967		136,058		85,437		206,871		437,120		255,882		67,914
Transfers	(483,655)	(470,878)	(356,612)	310,261	_	349,969	_	1,056,749	_	436,602	_	418,981	_	300,000	_	110,000
Total business-type activities	(447,981)	(442,982)	(330,119)	359,228	_	753,706	_	1,142,186	_	643,473	_	856,101	_	555,882	_	1,367,938
Total primary government \$	35,963,396	\$ 16,924,954	\$ 18,247,976 \$	19,796,206	\$	21,158,280	\$	21,219,525	\$	22,943,972	\$	32,402,478	\$	25,288,404	\$	31,091,026
Change in Net Positions																
Governmental activities \$	6,511,479	\$ (8,125,444)	\$ (2,522,704) \$	15,085,482	\$	3,134,366	\$	(2,834,294)	\$	(14,805,240)	\$	(11,317,436)	\$	24,732,522	\$	2,076,425
Business-type activities	1,094,475	(1,976,227)	(628,903)	(987,764)		(1,118,274)		2,107,395		2,336,768		3,381,968		555,882		(1,905,166)
Total primary government \$	7,605,954	\$ (10,101,671)	\$ (3,151,607) \$	14,097,718	\$	2,016,092	\$	(726,899)	\$	(12,468,472)	\$	(7,935,468)	\$	25,288,404	\$	171,259

Town of Apple Valley Fund Balances of Governmental Funds Last Ten Fiscal Years (modified accrual basis of accounting)

	_	2012	_	2013	_	2014	2015	2016	-	2017	2018	_	2019	_	2020	_	2021
General Fund																	
Nonspendable	\$	8,155,142	\$	9,143,364	\$	9,497,516	\$ 10,011,530	\$ 10,190,359	\$	10,926,707	\$ 3,545,866	\$	3,493,789	\$	4,525,602	\$	3,826,622
Restricted		-		-		-	-	-		153,635	-		-		-		
Committed		4,221,151		4,173,378		4,730,937	4,997,037	5,426,647		-	-		-		-		
Unassigned		4,979,355		4,023,527		4,077,698	 3,193,084	 1,256,789		1,766,647	1,770,927		5,534,347		4,355,476		6,081,206
Total general fund	\$	17,355,648	\$	17,340,269	\$	18,306,151	\$ 18,201,651	\$ 16,873,795	\$	12,846,989	\$ 5,316,793	\$	9,028,136	\$	8,881,078	\$	9,907,828
All other governmental funds																	
Restricted	\$	8,997,316	\$	9,787,783	\$	11,420,923	\$ 16,953,992	\$ 18,868,644	\$	20,833,933	\$ 20,491,778	\$	20,165,316	\$	20,720,231	\$	15,104,873
Committed		-		-		-	-	-		-	-		-		-		-
Assigned		10,936,987		10,668,700		5,516,263	5,997,123	7,943,468		7,887,425	9,295,951		11,683,739		4,854,448		6,914,452
Unassigned		(6,776,370)		(6,796,081)		(7,257,586)	 (6,781,821)	 (6,988,140)		(6,720,876)	(36,457)		(303,263)		(62,937)		
Total all other governmental funds	\$	13,157,933	\$	13,660,402	\$	9,679,600	\$ 16,169,294	\$ 19,823,972	\$	22,000,482	\$ 29,751,272	\$	31,545,792	\$	25,511,742	\$	22,019,325

Town of Apple Valley Changes in Fund Balances of Governmental Funds Last Ten Fiscal Years (modified accrual basis of accounting)

	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021
Revenues										
Taxes Licenses & permits Fines & forfeitures Investment income (Loss) Intergovernmental Charges for services Donations Other revenues	\$ 20,307,062 1,080,599 597,178 92,542 5,237,601 1,579,416 - 1,149,386	\$ 19,524,883 1,413,639 528,634 46,817 6,390,365 1,639,329 - 526,816	\$ 20,401,643 1,584,330 433,059 69,501 8,328,130 2,364,139 - 1,646,665	\$ 22,007,021 1,705,568 526,148 135,109 28,973,991 2,426,926 - 636,328	\$ 22,906,610 2,088,379 425,242 416,930 18,420,143 2,319,147 - 671,056	\$ 23,550,034 2,736,455 467,116 165,578 12,957,223 2,394,059 230,121 800,698	\$ 25,535,347 1,925,344 359,347 474,841 7,264,058 2,559,544 127,575 1,074,204	\$ 25,323,918 3,933,443 346,018 591,689 5,254,269 2,692,548 113,359 1,917,554	\$ 24,513,783 2,292,591 421,666 672,144 5,209,634 4,397,204 89,596 597,853	\$ 28,282,032 2,369,187 625,807 75,711 13,715,519 6,482,886 77,135 3,566,741
Total revenues	30,043,784	30,070,483	34,827,467	56,411,091	47,247,507	43,301,284	39,320,260	40,172,798	38,194,471	55,195,018
Expenditure										
General government Public Safety Transportation Culture and recreation Community development Capital outlay Debt service	1,191,810 12,719,721 4,030,616 3,761,328 6,210,336 1,592,445	985,108 13,086,421 4,212,159 3,323,046 6,139,876 847,568	2,087,450 13,665,192 3,824,404 3,410,848 5,479,433 8,576,979	2,321,569 14,245,900 4,251,474 3,415,117 4,984,076 23,627,650	2,662,360 14,713,115 4,366,489 3,513,251 5,259,833 12,495,630	4,715,833 15,587,134 5,726,369 3,708,350 4,693,567 9,064,059	4,885,895 16,001,208 8,327,555 3,518,368 4,102,989 1,874,044	3,957,597 16,788,149 8,052,682 2,947,238 4,615,165 354,389	8,039,018 17,040,879 6,169,663 2,452,660 5,749,195 5,669,297	9,723,569 18,919,765 2,349,279 2,711,411 5,394,175 11,927,765
Principal Interest Pass-Through Agreements Debt issue costs	952,370 1,689,990 - -	989,533 470,560 - -	1,060,131 444,426 - -	1,036,250 441,990 - -	1,087,000 473,038 - -	870,000 503,723 - -	7,830,000 598,005 - -	1,095,000 242,744 - -	1,150,000 402,362 - -	785,000 313,402 - -
Total Expenditures	32,148,616	30,054,271	38,548,863	54,324,026	44,570,716	44,869,035	47,138,064	38,052,964	46,673,074	52,124,366
Excess of revenues over (under) expenditures Other financing sources	(2,104,832)	16,212	(3,721,396)	2,087,065	2,676,791	(1,567,751)	(7,817,804)	2,119,834	(8,478,603)	3,070,652
· ·										
Transfers in Transfers out Transfer from Successor Agency Sale of General Capital Assets Proceeds of Debt Premium on bonds Extraordinary Item	1,968,354 (1,484,669) - - - - (31,265,732)	2,428,336 (1,957,458) - - - - - -	3,199,457 (2,842,845) - 349,864 - -	2,357,577 (2,667,838) - - - - -	2,500,304 (2,850,273) - - - - -	2,383,568 (3,440,317) - - - - -	651,484 (1,088,086) - - - - -	1,595,170 (2,014,151) 805,010 3,000,000	829,050 (1,531,555) - - 3,000,000 - -	515 (110,515) - - - - - -
Total other financing sources (uses)	(30,782,047)	470,878	706,476	(310,261)	(349,969)	(1,056,749)	(436,602)	3,386,029	2,297,495	(110,000)
Net change in fund Balances	\$ (32,886,879)	\$ 487,090	\$ (3,014,920)	\$ 1,776,804	\$ 2,326,822	\$ (2,624,500)		\$ 5,505,863	\$ (6,181,108)	
Debt service as a percentage of noncapital expenditures	9.3%	5.7%	5.8%	5.2%	5.2%	4.3%	19.2%	3.7%	4.0%	2.0%

Town of Apple Valley Assessed Value and Estimated Actual Value of Taxable Property, Citywide Last Ten Fiscal Years

Fiscal Year End	Residential Property	Commercial Property	Industrial Property	Other Property*	Total Secured Property	Unsecured Property	Total Taxable Assessed Value	Total Direct Tax Rate (1)	Estimated Actual Taxable Value (2)	Factor of Taxable Assessed Value (2)	Assessed Value as a Percentage of Actual Value
2011-12	\$ 3,266,196,822	\$ 480,536,311	\$ 105,788,103	\$ 502,539,377	-	\$ 164,165,317	\$ 4,519,225,930	1.00%	-	-	-
2012-13	\$ 3,260,215,571	\$ 492,907,447	\$ 103,795,831	\$ 475,269,181	-	\$ 158,196,900	\$ 4,490,384,930	1.00%	-	-	-
2013-14	\$ 3,402,497,481	\$ 497,709,903	\$ 104,897,941	\$ 452,775,555	-	\$ 144,579,258	\$ 4,602,460,138	1.00%	-	-	-
2014-15	\$ 3,663,250,402	\$ 489,745,796	\$ 102,938,558	\$ 451,107,798	-	\$ 135,086,868	\$ 4,842,129,422	1.00%	-	-	-
2015-16	\$ 3,926,314,702	\$ 498,277,093	\$ 107,174,307	\$ 445,526,190	-	\$ 133,605,042	\$ 5,110,897,335	1.00%	-	-	-
2016-17	\$ 4,152,888,405	\$ 525,770,127	\$ 113,999,673	\$ 440,333,455	-	\$ 131,382,101	\$ 5,364,373,761	1.00%	-	-	-
2017-18	\$ 4,386,853,812	\$ 555,797,147	\$ 124,195,778	\$ 456,261,447	-	\$ 123,138,318	\$ 5,646,246,502	1.00%	-	-	-
2018-19	\$ 4,552,881,961	\$ 389,839,401	\$ 205,701,885	\$ 625,012,655	\$ 5,773,435,902	\$ 116,996,307	\$ 5,890,432,209	1.21%	\$ 7,156,044,582.99	1.21	82%
2019-20	\$ 4,760,701,408	\$ 398,566,547	\$ 212,975,186	\$ 682,883,776	\$ 6,055,126,917	\$ 166,168,109	\$ 6,221,295,026	1.22%	\$ 7,817,607,333.18	1.26	80%
2020-21	\$ 4,960,778,244	\$ 420,207,656	\$ 219,596,207	\$ 788,982,768	\$ 6,389,564,875	\$ 200,468,981	\$ 6,590,033,856	1.22%	\$ 8,508,609,548.94	1.29	77%

Source: San Bernardino Assessor data, Avenu Insights & Analytics

Source: 2017-18 and prior years: previously published ACFR

Table has been reformatted to comply with GASB No. 44 and include estimated actual value.

Based on these calculations a multiplier value was extrapolated and applied to current assessed values.

^(-) Data Unavaliable

^{* 2019-20} Other Property includes unitary of \$211,687.

^(1.) Total direct tax rate is represented by TRA 21-000

^(2.) Estimated Actual Value is derived from a series of calculations comparing median assessed values from 1940 to current median sale prices.

Town of Apple Valley Direct and Overlapping Property Tax Rates (Rates per \$ 100 of Assessed Value) Last Ten Fiscal Years

Town Direct Rates: Town Basic Rate 0.09438 0.02436 0.21430 2		2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021
A V Fire Protection District 0.09263 0.09431 0.00431 0.01431 0.04778 0.14778 0	Town Direct Rates:										
Apple Valley Unified 0.31079 0.3109 0.3109 0.3109 0.3110 0.31130	Town Basic Rate	0.09438	0.09438	0.09438	0.09438	0.09438	0.09438	0.09438	0.09438	0.09438	0.09438
County Free Library 0.01431 0.01431 0.01431 0.01431 0.01431 0.01431 0.01431 0.01431 0.01431 0.01431 0.01431 0.01431 0.01431 0.01431 0.01431 0.01431 0.01431 0.014378 0.14778 0.1431 0.01006 0.01006 0.01006 0.01006 0.01006 0.01006 0.01006 0.01006 0.01006 0.01024 <td>A V Fire Protection District</td> <td>0.09263</td>	A V Fire Protection District	0.09263	0.09263	0.09263	0.09263	0.09263	0.09263	0.09263	0.09263	0.09263	0.09263
San Bernardino County	Apple Valley Unified	0.31079	0.31079	0.31079	0.31079	0.31079	0.31079	0.31079	0.31079	0.31079	0.31079
County Superintendent 0.01006 0.010024 0.01026 0.00526 0.00528 0.02378 0.22378 0.22378<	County Free Library	0.01431	0.01431	0.01431	0.01431	0.01431	0.01431	0.01431	0.01431	0.01431	0.01431
Csa 60 Victorville 0.01024 0.02378 0.22378 0.22378 0.22378 0.22378 0.22378 0.22378 0.22378 0.02335 0.00335 0.00335 0.02335 0.02335 0.02335 0.02335 0.02335 0.02335 0.02335 0.02335 0.02335 0.02335 0.02335 0.00013 0.00013 0.00013	San Bernardino County	0.14778	0.14778	0.14778	0.14778	0.14778	0.14778	0.14778	0.14778	0.14778	0.14778
Education Revenue Aug Fund 0.22378 0.22378 0.22378 0.22378 0.22378 0.22378 0.22378 0.22378 0.22378 0.22378 0.22378 0.22378 0.22378 0.22378 0.22378 0.22378 0.00089 0.00035 0.023	County Superintendent	0.01006	0.01006	0.01006	0.01006	0.01006	0.01006	0.01006	0.01006	0.01006	0.01006
Flood Control Admin 3-6 0.00089 0.00089 0.00089 0.00089 0.00089 0.00089 0.00089 0.00089 0.00089 0.00089 0.00089 0.00089 Flood Control Zone 4 0.02335 0.00113 0.00013 0.00013 0.00013 0.00013 0.00013 0.00013 0.00013 0.00013 0.00013 0.00013 0.00013 0.00013 0.00013 0.00013 0.00014 0.06641 0.066	Csa 60 Victorville	0.01024	0.01024	0.01024	0.01024	0.01024	0.01024	0.01024	0.01024	0.01024	0.01024
Flood Control Zone 4 0.02335 0.00312 0.00015 0.000526 0.00526	Education Revenue Aug Fund	0.22378	0.22378	0.22378	0.22378	0.22378	0.22378	0.22378	0.22378	0.22378	0.22378
Mojave Desert Resource Conservation Diagram 0.00013 0.00013 0.00013 0.00013 0.00013 0.00013 0.00013 0.00015 0.00015 Mojave Water Agency 0.00526 0.0052	Flood Control Admin 3-6	0.00089	0.00089	0.00089	0.00089	0.00089	0.00089	0.00089	0.00089	0.00089	0.00089
Mojave Water Agency 0.00526 0.0641 0.0641 0.0641 0.0641 0.0641 0.0641 0.0641 0.0641 0.0641 0.06641 0.06641 0.06641 0.06641 0.06641 0.06641 0.06641 0.06641 0.06641 0.06641 0.00600 0.06641 0.06641 0.06641 0.06641 0.06641 0.06641 0.06641	Flood Control Zone 4	0.02335	0.02335	0.02335	0.02335	0.02335	0.02335	0.02335	0.02335	0.02335	0.02335
Victor Valley Com. College 0.06641 0.06	Mojave Desert Resource Conservation D	0.00013	0.00013	0.00013	0.00013	0.00013	0.00013	0.00013	0.00013	0.00015	0.00015
Overlapping Rates: Apple Valley Unified 0.03740 0.03910 0.03730 0.03550 0.03450 0.03640 0.03110 0.02570 0.03170 0.02860 Mojave Water Agency - No 1 0.11250 0.11250 0.11250 0.11250 0.01250 0.05500 0.05500 0.05500 0.05500 0.05500 0.05500 0.03780 0.03780 0.03780 0.03890 -0.01020 0.05500 0.05500 Oro Grande Elementary Bond 0.03480 0.03810 0.03770 0.03790 0.03780 0.08980 -0.01020 0.00000 0.00000 Victor High School Bond 0.06190 0.07680 0.07920 0.07700 0.07160 0.09860 0.09150 0.01810 0.01980 Total Voter Approved Rate 0.032690 0.34890 0.34810 0.34410 0.33110 0.40970 0.29970 0.21130 0.21730 0.21590	Mojave Water Agency	0.00526	0.00526	0.00526	0.00526	0.00526	0.00526	0.00526	0.00526	0.00526	0.00526
Overlapping Rates: Apple Valley Unified 0.03740 0.03910 0.03730 0.03550 0.03450 0.03640 0.03110 0.02570 0.03170 0.02860 Mojave Water Agency - No 1 0.11250 0.11250 0.11250 0.11250 0.11250 0.11250 0.11250 0.05500 0.05500 0.05500 0.05500 0.05500 0.05500 0.05500 0.05500 0.03780 0.03780 0.08980 -0.01020 0.00000 0.00000 0.00000 0.00000 0.00000 0.00000 0.00000 0.00000 0.01810 0.01980 0.01980 0.01810 0.01980 0.01980 0.21130 0.21730 0.21590	Victor Valley Com. College	0.06641	0.06641	0.06641	0.06641	0.06641	0.06641	0.06641	0.06641	0.06641	0.06641
Apple Valley Unified 0.03740 0.03910 0.03730 0.03550 0.03450 0.03640 0.03110 0.02570 0.03170 0.02860 Mojave Water Agency - No 1 0.11250 0.012500 0.05500 0.05500 0.05500 0.05500 0.05500 0.05500 0.05500 0.05500 0.05500 0.05500 0.05500 0.00500 0.00000 0.00000	Total Direct Tax Rate	1.00000	1.00000	1.00000	1.00000	1.00000	1.00000	1.00000	1.00000	1.00000	1.00000
Apple Valley Unified 0.03740 0.03910 0.03730 0.03550 0.03450 0.03640 0.03110 0.02570 0.03170 0.02860 Mojave Water Agency - No 1 0.11250 0.012500 0.05500 0.05500 0.05500 0.05500 0.05500 0.05500 0.05500 0.05500 0.05500 0.05500 0.05500 0.00500 0.00000 0.00000											
Mojave Water Agency - No 1 0.11250 0.015500 0.05500 0.05500 0.05500 0.05500 0.05500 0.05500 0.05500 0.05500 0.05500 0.05500 0.00000 0.00000 0.00000 0.00000 0.00000 0.00000 0.00000 0.00000 0.00000 0.01980 0.01810 0.01810 0.0											
Mojave Water Agency - No 2 0.05500 0.00000 0.00000 0.00000 0.00000 0.00000 0.00000 0.00000 0.00000 0.00000 0.00000 0.01980 0.01810 0.01810 0.01980 0.01810 0.01810 0.01980 0.01810 0.01980 0.01990 0.01990 0.01990 0.01990 0.01	Apple Valley Unified					0.03450				0.03170	
Oro Grande Elementary Bond 0.03480 0.03810 0.03770 0.03790 0.03780 0.08980 -0.01020 0.00000 0.00000 0.00000 Victor High School Bond 0.06190 0.07680 0.07920 0.07700 0.07160 0.09860 0.09150 0.00000 0.00000 0.00000 Victor Valley Community College Bond 0.02530 0.02740 0.02640 0.02620 0.01970 0.01740 0.01980 0.01810 0.01880 0.01980 Total Voter Approved Rate 0.32690 0.34890 0.34810 0.34410 0.33110 0.40970 0.29970 0.21130 0.21730 0.21590		0.11250	0.11250	0.11250	0.11250	0.11250	0.11250	0.11250	0.11250	0.11250	0.11250
Victor High School Bond 0.06190 0.07680 0.07920 0.07700 0.07160 0.09860 0.09150 0.00000 0.00000 0.00000 Victor Valley Community College Bond 0.02530 0.02740 0.02640 0.02620 0.01970 0.01740 0.01980 0.01810 0.01810 0.01980 Total Voter Approved Rate 0.32690 0.34890 0.34810 0.34410 0.33110 0.40970 0.29970 0.21130 0.21730 0.21590		0.05500	0.05500	0.05500	0.05500	0.05500	0.05500	0.05500	0.05500	0.05500	0.05500
Victor Valley Community College Bond 0.02530 0.02740 0.02640 0.02620 0.01970 0.01740 0.01980 0.01810 0.01810 0.01980 Total Voter Approved Rate 0.32690 0.34890 0.34810 0.34410 0.33110 0.40970 0.29970 0.21130 0.21730 0.21590		0.03480	0.03810	0.03770	0.03790	0.03780	0.08980	-0.01020	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000
Total Voter Approved Rate 0.32690 0.34890 0.34810 0.34410 0.33110 0.40970 0.29970 0.21130 0.21730 0.21590		0.06190	0.07680	0.07920	0.07700	0.07160	0.09860	0.09150	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000
	Victor Valley Community College Bond	0.02530	0.02740	0.02640	0.02620	0.01970	0.01740	0.01980	0.01810	0.01810	0.01980
Total Direct and Overlapping Rates 1.32690 1.34890 1.34810 1.34410 1.33110 1.40970 1.29970 1.21130 1.21730 1.21590		0.32690	0.34890	0.34810	0.34410	0.33110	0.40970	0.29970	0.21130	0.21730	
	Total Direct and Overlapping Rates	1.32690	1.34890	1.34810	1.34410	1.33110	1.40970	1.29970	1.21130	1.21730	1.21590

Source: San Bernardino Auditor Controller data, Avenu Insights & Analytics

Tax Rate Area Code 21-000 is represented for 2020, 2021

Town of Apple Valley Principal Property Tax Payers Current Year and Nine Years Ago

		2020-2	1		2011-12				
Taxpayers		Taxable Assessed Value	Percent of Total Town Taxable Assessed Value		Taxable Assessed Value	Percent of Total Town Taxable Assessed Value			
Walmart Stores Inc	\$	113,943,126	1.73%	\$	76,317,392	1.71%			
Jess Ranch Brea Retail XVI LLC	Ψ	89,000,000	1.35%	Ψ	70,017,002	1.7 1 70			
AVDC Inc		69,056,576	1.05%						
Apple Valley Ranchos Water Co		65,687,610	1.00%		34,889,192	0.78%			
Wachovia Service Corporation		47,103,600	0.71%		01,000,102	0.7070			
Winterfell Rock Spring (CA) Owner LP		33,798,944	0.51%						
Ross Carl E Living Trust		28,170,976	0.43%		8,653,535	0.19%			
Target Corporation		25,964,341	0.45%		18,535,104	0.42%			
Apple Valley Commons I LLC		24,816,267	0.38%		23,775,486	0.53%			
Winco Foods LLC		18,306,133	0.28%		18,559,655	0.42%			
Apple Valley Square Center LLC		16,391,219	0.25%		10,000,000	0.4270			
MHC Los Ranchos Limited Partnership		13,623,950	0.21%						
Four State Storage Dst		13,044,780	0.21%						
Lowes HIW Inc		12,511,571	0.19%		25,369,345	0.19%			
Home Depot Usa Inc		11,868,119	0.18%		9,028,169	0.19%			
Dayton Hudson Corporation		10,207,771	0.15%		8,648,483	0.19%			
NSA Property Holdings LLC		9,989,964	0.15%		2,2 .2, .22	0070			
11959 Apple Valley Road LLC		9,945,401	0.15%						
Tau West LLC		9,236,585	0.14%						
Aberdeen Real Estate Investments # 2		9,191,347	0.14%						
Evergreen Homes LLC		9,047,016	0.14%						
Apple-Bear Partners		8,758,240	0.13%		7,499,562	0.16%			
Mgp XIX LLC		8,265,589	0.13%		7,002,979	0.16%			
Albertsons Stores Sub LLC		8,107,092	0.12%						
Shankar Family Trust 4/4/00		7,646,138	0.12%						
WRI Alliance Riley Venture					70,285,390	1.58%			
7033 1 17927					38,127,082	0.86%			
Pulte Home Corporation					14,630,127	0.33%			
Shin Mang Kyo & Soon Joo					14,385,196	0.32%			
Apple Valley Retirement Reside					13,114,604	0.29%			
FR/Cal 3 Apple Valley LLC					12,649,650	0.28%			
Watson Land Company					12,563,652	0.28%			
Apple Valley Acquisition LLC					11,500,000	0.26%			
Los Ranchos FSPE LLC					10,496,955	0.24%			
ASP Realty Inc					8,240,125	0.19%			
Niles LLC					7,541,630	0.17%			
Alaska USA Federal Credit Union					7,274,990	0.16%			
Troy CMBS Property LLC					6,182,467	0.14%			
Navajo Highway 18 LLC					5,628,009	0.13%			
Total Top 25 Taxpayers	\$	673,682,355	10.22%	\$	470,898,779	10.18%			
Total Taxable Value	\$	6,590,033,856		\$	4,453,746,849				

Source: San Bernardino County Assessor data, Avenu Insights & Analytics

Town of Apple Valley Property Tax Levies and Collections Last Ten Fiscal Years

Fiscal Year	Та	xes Levied	 Collected w Fiscal Year o		Collections	Total Collections to date (1)				
Ended June 30	` '		Amount	Percentage of levy	in Subsequent Years		Amount	Percentage of Levy		
2012	\$	3,307,004	\$ 3,307,004	100.00%	-	\$	3,307,004	100.00%		
2013	\$	3,324,933	\$ 3,324,933	100.00%	-	\$	3,324,933	100.00%		
2014	\$	3,430,461	\$ 3,430,461	100.00%	-	\$	3,430,461	100.00%		
2015	\$	3,670,369	\$ 3,670,369	100.00%	-	\$	3,670,369	100.00%		
2016	\$	4,137,907	\$ 4,137,907	100.00%	-	\$	4,137,907	100.00%		
2017	\$	4,599,184	\$ 4,599,184	100.00%	-	\$	4,599,184	100.00%		
2018	\$	4,627,093	\$ 4,627,093	100.00%	-	\$	4,627,093	100.00%		
2019	\$	4,847,533	\$ 4,847,533	100.00%	-	\$	4,847,533	100.00%		
2020	\$	4,961,363	\$ 4,961,363	100.00%	-	\$	4,961,363	100.00%		
2021	\$	5,485,628	\$ 5,485,628	100.00%	-	\$	5,485,628	100.00%		

(1) Note: The Town participates in the San Bernardino Country "Teeter" program and is guaranteed 100%

(2) Note: Taxes Levied does not include RDA revenue

Source: San Bernardino Assessor data, Avenu Insights & Analytics

Town of Apple Valley Principal Sales Tax Producers Last Fiscal Year and Nine Years Ago

2020-21 2011-12 **Taxpayer Business Type Taxpayer Business Type** 99 Cents Only Stores **Department Stores** American Integrity Windows & Doors Bldg.Matls-Retail Advantage Leasing Corporation Bldg.Matls-Whsle Apple Valley Gas And Market Service Stations Albertson's Food Centers Restaurants **Food Markets** Applebee's Grill & Bar Auto Parts/Repair America's Tire Arco AM/PM Mini Marts Service Stations Apple Valley Gas And Mart Service Stations **Best Buy Stores** Furniture/Appliance Arco AM/PM Mini Marts Service Stations **Buffalo Wild Wings** Restaurants Autozone Auto Parts/Repair **Burlington Coat Factory Apparel Stores** Service Stations **Best Buy Stores** Furniture/Appliance Chevron Service Stations Big Lots **Department Stores** Circle K Food Stores **Food Markets Buffalo Wild Wings** Restaurants City Market Gas & Deli Service Stations **Burlington Coat Factory Apparel Stores** Fresenius USA Marketing **Chemical Products** Service Stations Chevron Service Stations Home Depot Bldg.Matls-Retail **Department Stores** Circle K Food Stores **Food Markets** Kmart City Market Gas & Deli Service Stations Lowe's Home Centers Bldg.Matls-Retail Fresenius USA Marketing Chemical Products Mike's Mobil Service Stations PetSmart Lowe's Home Centers Bldg.Matls-Retail Miscellaneous Retail McDonald's Restaurants Pic N Pump Service Stations Mike'S Mobil Service Stations Red Robin Burgers & Spirits Restaurants PetSmart Miscellaneous Retail Ross Stores Apparel Stores Stater Bros. Markets **Food Markets** Staples Office Superstore Office Equipment **Target Stores Department Stores** Stater Bros. Markets **Food Markets Tractor Supply Company** Miscellaneous Retail **Target Stores Department Stores** Valero Depot Service Stations Valero Depot Service Stations Wal Mart Stores **Department Stores** Wal Mart Stores **Department Stores**

Winco Foods

Food Markets

Source: Avenu Insights & Analytics

Food Markets

Winco Foods

Town of Apple Valley Assessed Value of Property by Use Code, Citywide Last Three Fiscal Years

Category	 2018-19	 2019-20	2020-21		
Residential	\$ 4,552,881,961	\$ 4,760,701,408	\$	4,960,778,244	
Vacant	429,777,426	480,894,571		583,700,643	
Commercial	389,839,401	398,566,547		420,207,656	
Industrial	205,701,885	212,975,186		219,596,207	
Professional	140,722,386	143,616,320		145,763,715	
Recreation	27,762,094	28,299,835		29,552,081	
Institution	16,697,748	17,051,904		17,654,845	
Miscellaneous	6,246,289	9,012,781		8,449,771	
Agricultural	3,600,617	3,666,531		3,517,277	
Unknown	127,595	130,147		132,749	
Net Secured Value	 5,773,357,402	 6,054,915,230		6,389,353,188	
Unitary	78,500	211,687		211,687	
Unsecured Value	116,996,307	166,168,109		200,468,981	
Net Taxable Value	\$ 5,890,432,209	\$ 6,221,295,026	\$	6,590,033,856	

Source: San Bernardino County Assessor Data, Avenu Insights & Analytics

Source: Historical data unavailable

Town of Apple Valley Ratios of Outstanding Debt by Type, Last Ten Fiscal Years

	Governmental Activities			_				Bus	iness-type Activit	ies				
Fiscal Years	Certificates of Participation		Tax Allocation Bonds	Lease Revenue Bonds	_	2017 Loan Payable		Capital Lease Payable	Certificates of Participation	Special Assessment Bonds	Installment Purchase Agreement	Total Primary Government	Percentage of Personal Income	Per Capita
2012	13,560,750	(1)	-	-		-		72,164	279,250	2,130,000	1,706,458	17,748,622	1175.15%	253
2013	12,515,416		-	-		-		57,631	209,250	1,650,000	1,522,708	15,955,005	1005.41%	227
2014	11,515,846		-	-		-		-	136,750	1,135,000	1,331,458	14,119,054	897.73%	200
2015	2,077,000		-	8,405,526	(2)	-		-	63,000	-	1,131,875	11,677,401	729.42%	165
2016	1,480,000		-	7,918,456		-		-	-	-	920,448	10,318,904	621.16%	138
2017	1,125,000		-	7,406,386		-		-	-	-	698,781	9,230,167	554.95%	124
2018	760,000		-	-		8,475,000	(3)	-	-	-	465,132	9,700,132	574.04%	131
2019	375,000		-	-		7,755,000		-	-	-	252,500	8,382,500	463.25%	114
2020	-		-	-		6,990,000		-	-	-	-	6,990,000	366.77%	94
2021	-		-	-		6,205,000		-	-	-	-	6,205,000	301.81%	83

Note: Details regarding the Town's outstanding debt can be found in the notes to the financial statements.

⁽¹⁾ As of January 31, 2012, Tax Allocation Bonds were transfers to the Successor Agency of the Redevelopment Agency of the Town of Apple Valley.

⁽²⁾ As of June 30, 2015, Lease Revenue Bonds are presented separately from Certificates of Participation.

⁽³⁾ As of June 30, 2018, Lease Revenue Bonds were refinanced as the 2017 Loan Payable.

Town of Apple Valley Ratios of General Bonded Debt Outstanding Last Ten Fiscal Years

General Bonded Debt Outstanding

Fiscal Year		Tax Allocation Bonds	Total	Percent of Assessed Value	Per Capita
2012	(1)	-	-	0.00%	_
2013		-	-	0.00%	-
2014		=	=	0.00%	-
2015		=	=	0.00%	-
2016		-	-	0.00%	-
2017		-	-	0.00%	-
2018		-	-	0.00%	_
2019		-	-	0.00%	-
2020		-	-	0.00%	-
2021		-	-	0.00%	-

Note: Details regarding the Town's outstanding debt can be found in the notes to the financial statements.

⁽¹⁾ As of January 31, 2012, Tax Allocation Bonds were transferred to the Successor Agency of the Redevelopment Agency of the Town of Apple Valley.

Town of Apple valley Direct and Overlapping Governmental Activities Debt As of June 30, 2021

Governmental Unit	_	Debt Outstanding	Percentage applicable	_	Estimated share of Direct and Overlapping Debt
Overlapping Tax and Assessment Debt:					
Mojave Water Agency	\$	3,290,000	16.676%	\$	548,640
Victor Valley Joint Community College District		159,002,414	19.178%		30,493,483
Victor Valley Union High School District		115,292,037	0.003%		3,459
Apple Valley Unified School District		20,393,758	84.611%		17,255,363
Town of Apple Valley 1915 Act Bonds		635,000	100.000%		635,000
Total Overlapping Tax and Assessment Bond				_	48,935,945
Direct and Overlapping General Fund Debt:					
San Bernardino Country General Fund Obligations	\$	214,095,000	2.66%	\$	5,703,491
San Bernardino Country Pension Obligations		180,825,585	2.66%		4,817,194
San Bernardino Country Flood Control General Fund Obligations		51,360,000	2.66%		1,368,230
Victor Valley Union High School District Certificates of Participation		20,235,000	0.00%		607
Apple Valley Unified School District General Fund Obligations		14,245,000	84.61%		12,052,837
Hesperia Unified School District Certificates of Participation		123,050,000	0.002%		2,461
Oro Grande School District Certificates of Participation		33,160,000	0.09%		30,176
Apple Valley Fire Protection District General Fund Obligations		486,643	85.26%		414,887
Town of Apple Valley General Fund Obligations		6,205,000	100.00%		6,205,000
Total Direct and Overlapping General Fund Debt				\$	30,594,883
Overlapping Tax Increment Debt:	\$	315,724,925	12.870 - 100. %	\$_	67,108,249
Total Direct Debt					6,205,000
Total Overlapping debt				_	140,434,077
Combined Total Debt				\$_	146,639,077

Notes:

(1)The percentage of overlapping debt applicable to the town is estimated using taxable assessed property value. Applicable percentages were estimated by determining the portion of the overlapping district's assessed value that is within the boundaries of the town divided by the district's total taxable assessed value.

(2) Excludes tax and revenue anticipation notes, enterprise revenue, mortgage revenue and non-bonded capital lease obligations.

Ratios to 2020-21 Assessed Valuation:
Total Overlapping Tax and Assessment Debt 0.73%
Total Direct Debt (\$6,205,000) 0.09%
Combined Total Debt 2.20%

Ratios to Redevelopment Successor Agencies Incremental Valuation (\$1,497,607,972):

Total Overlapping Tax Increment Debt

4.48%

Town of Apple Valley Legal Debt Margin Information Last Ten Fiscal Years

	_	2012	-	2013	2014	-	2015	2016	2017	2018	-	2019	2020	_	2021
Assessed valuation	\$	4,519,225,930	\$	4,490,384,930	\$ 4,602,460,138	\$	4,842,129,422	\$ 5,110,897,334	\$ 5,364,373,761	\$ 5,646,246,502	\$	5,890,432,209	\$ 6,221,295,026	\$	6,590,033,856
Conversion percentage		25%		25%	25%		25%	25%	25%	25%		25%	25%		25%
Adjusted assessed valuation		1,129,806,483		1,122,596,233	1,150,615,035		1,210,532,356	1,277,724,334	1,341,093,440	1,411,561,626		1,472,608,052	1,555,323,757		1,647,508,464
Debt limit percentage		15%		15%	15%		15%	15%	15%	15%		15%	15%		15%
Debt limit		169,470,972		168,389,435	172,592,255		181,579,853	191,658,650	201,164,016	211,734,244		220,891,208	233,298,563		247,126,270
Total net debt applicable to limit: Certificates of Participation		13,840,000		12,795,000	11,720,000		10,545,526	9,398,456	8,531,386	9,235,000		8,130,000	6,990,000		6,205,000
Legal debt margin	\$	155,630,972	\$	155,594,435	\$ 160,872,255	\$	171,034,327	\$ 182,260,194	\$ 192,632,630	\$ 202,499,244	\$	212,761,208	\$ 226,308,563	\$	240,921,270
Total debt applicable to the limit as a percentage of debt limit		8.2%		7.6%	6.8%		5.8%	4.9%	4.2%	4.4%		3.7%	3.0%		2.5%

The Government Code of the State of California provides for a legal debt limit of 15% of gross assessed valuation. However, this provision was enacted when assessed valuation was based upon 25% of market value. Effective with the 1981-82 fiscal year,each parcel is now assessed at 100% of market value (as of the most recent change in ownership for that parcel). The computations shown above reflect a conversion of assessed valuation data for each fiscal year from the current full valuation perspective to the 25% level that was in effect at the time the legal debt margin was enacted by the State of California for local governments located within the state.

Source: San Bernardino County Assessor's Office 2020/2021

Town of Apple Valley Pledged-Revenue Coverage Last Ten Fiscal Years

Special Assessment Bonds

Fiscal Year	Gross Revenues (1)	Gross Expenses (2)	Net Revenue (Expense) Available for Debt Service	Principal	Interest	Total	Coverage
2012	4,373,054	4,120,838	252,216	517,200	152,559	669,759	37.66%
2013	4,986,754	4,577,695	409,059	550,000	157,759	707,759	57.80%
2014	5,212,465	4,257,723	954,742	587,500	84,394	671,894	142.10%
2015	6,173,964	4,935,413	1,238,551	1,208,750	30,866	1,239,616	99.91%
2016	6,629,550	4,955,087	1,674,463	63,000	14	63,014	2657.29%
2017	7,105,546	5,054,908	2,050,638	-	-	-	0.00%
2018	5,987,002	4,505,789	1,481,213	-	-	-	0.00%
2019	6,314,492	4,381,825	1,932,667	-	-	-	0.00%
2020	6,613,251	7,979,246	(1,365,995)	-	-	-	0.00%
2021	7,801,097	5,291,205	2,509,892	-	-	-	0.00%

Note 1: Total revenues (including taxes and interest).

Note 2: Includes operating and non-operating expenses, except depreciation and amortizations.

Source: Town of Apple Valley Finance Department.

Town of Apple Valley Demographic and Economic Statistics Last Ten Fiscal Years

Fiscal Year	Population (1)	Personal Income Thousands	Per Capita Personal Income (2)	Unemployment Rate (3)
2011-12	70,033	\$ 1,510,332	\$ 21,566	14.40%
2012-13	70,436	1,586,932	22,530	10.50%
2013-14	70,755	1,572,742	22,228	9.10%
2014-15	70,687	1,600,919	22,648	8.60%
2015-16	74,656	1,661,227	22,251	6.90%
2016-17	74,701	1,663,240	22,265	6.10%
2017-18	73,984	1,689,788	22,839	5.80%
2018-19	73,464	1,809,492	24,631	4.00%
2019-20	74,394	1,905,808	25,618	12.40%
2020-21	74,350	2,055,917	27,652	8.10%

Source: Avenu Insights & Analytics

Source: 2018-19 and prior, previously published ACFR Report

The California Department of Finance demographics estimates now incorporate 2010 Census counts as the benchmark.

- 1.) Population Projections are provided by the California Department of Finance Projections.
- 2.) Income Data is provided by the U.S. Census Bureau, 2010 American Community Survey.
- 3.) Unemployment Data are provided by the EDD's Bureau of Labor Statistics Department.

Town of Apple Valley
Principal Employers
Current Year and Nine Years Ago

2012 2021 Percent of Percent of Number of Total Number of **Total Employer Employees Employment Employees Employment** Rank Rank St. Mary Regional Medical Centre 1600 1 5.37% 1729 6.43% 1 Wal-Mart Distribution Centre 1264 2 4.24% 750 3 2.79% Apple Valley Unified School District 1038 3 3.48% 1250 2 4.65% Big Lots Distribution Center 821 4 2.76% 5 Target Stores T-0939 222 0.74% 198 6 0.74% 6 0.72% 212 5 0.79% Wal-Mart Stores 216 Target Stores T-2260 214 7 0.72% The Home Depot 198 8 0.66% 111 10 0.41% Winco Foods 9 0.65% 142 8 0.53% 193 10 0.55% Jess Ranch Healthcare, LLC 164 0.00% 245 0.91% Stater Brothers Market 4 Lowes 0.00% 122 9 0.45% Town of Apple Valley 7 0.61% 164

Notes:

Source: CA Employment Development Department (EDD)

[&]quot;Total Employment" as used above represents the total employment of all employer located within Town Limits.

¹Does not include part-time employment

Town of Apple Valley
Full-Time and Part-Time Town Employees by Function
Last Ten Fiscal Years

Function	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021
General Government	35	35	36	37	36	31	39	46	47	47
Public Safety	35	34	41	44	44	41	40	66	65	64
Community & Economic Development	21	22	23	25	25	23	21	25	36	38
Public Works/Wastewater	23	20	18	20	38	39	31	24	24	29
Parks & Recreation	116	116	116	107	112	86	98	63	52	84
Total	230	227	234	233	255	220	229	224	224	262

Source: Town of Apple Valley

Note: Totals represent total number of employees including Full Time and Part Time.

Town of Apple Valley Operating Indicators by Function Last Ten Fiscal Years

	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021
Police:										
Arrests	2,164	2,145	1,868	2,540	2,734	2,146	2,309	2,236	2,300	2,153
Parking citations issued	114	165	235	101	63	69	191	203	174	137
Public Works:										
Street resurfacing (miles)	2.00	2.00	2.00	2.50	22.00	24.00	73.50	44.00	44.00	33.00
Parks and recreation:										
Number of recreation classes	554	659	531	546	558	524	519	495	473	13
Number of indoor facility rentals	3,373	3,537	3,561	3,524	3,158	2,996	3,155	7,709	5,835	86
Number of outdoor facility rentals	8,893	8,328	8,623	8,750	9,312	8,516	7,927	3,185	3,920	3,784
Sewer:										
New connections	61	108	122	112	134	252	142	69	54	64
Average daily sewage treatment (thousands of gallons)	1,656	1,679	1,677	1,680	1,738	1,802	1,781	1,791	1,746	1,767

Source: Town of Apple Valley

Town of Apple Valley
Capital Asset Statistics by Function
Last Ten Fiscal Years

	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021
Public Works:										
Streets (miles)	422.71	422.71	422.71	422.71	422.71	422.71	422.71	423.71	423.79	423.79
Streetlights	629	629	629	629	629	629	629	629	629	629
Traffic Signals	24	24	24	24	26	26	28	28	28	28
Parks and Recreation:										
Parks	12	12	12	12	12	12	12	11	11	11
Community Centers	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3
Wastewater:										
Sanitary Sewers (miles)	142	142	142	142	142	142	142	145	145	145
Storm Drains (miles)	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2
Number of Service Connections	13,881	13,989	14,111	14,223	14,357	14,357	14,751	14,820	14,874	14,938

Source : Town of Apple Valley